The Bombay Gazette.

No. 6,829.—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1870. Annual Subscription in Advance...Rupees Fifty-two.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year in advance delivered in Town	Rs. 52 0
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First insertion	8 As. per line.
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In the Native Languages double the above.

Domestic Occurrences. Each—Rupee 1.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE.
Via SUEZ CANAL.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company, take cargo to Liverpool, London, and Havre, via the Canal.

Rates of Fare for Passengers.

To Liverpool via Suez Canal—1st class £50; 2nd class £35 ... } Exclusive of Wines.
To Suez—1st class £40; 2nd class £22 10s. ...
To Trieste (exclusive of Transit)—1st class £53; 2nd class £34.

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. Stephen, Kennard & Co., London; Messrs. Tod, Kennard & Co., Liverpool; Messrs. Tod, Rathborne & Co., Alexandria; or to the undersigned in Bombay.

In accordance with the above, the Steam-ship NEERA, Tons 2,500, Captain Conner, will be despatched to Liverpool, on or about 7th February 1871.

STEARNS, HOBART, & Co.

Bombay, 6th December 1870.

OVERLAND ROUTE.

On Saturday, the 31st December, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. & O. Co.'s s. s. COLUMBIAN, (2,180 tons, and 500 H. P.) Captain N. Stewart, WILL LEAVE FOR SUEZ as above, carrying H.M.'s Mails, also Passengers and Cargo for that Port, Brindisi, Southampton, &c.

Cargo can also be booked through to Trieste, Venice, Odessa, Genoa, Naples, Barcelona and Havre, Liverpool, or London.

No Cargo can be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

The Company reserve the option of forwarding all Goods shipped by their steamers for Europe, through Egypt, either by Rail, or by Canal in their own steamers, or in vessels employed for the purpose.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon before 10 A.M. on the day of the Steamer's departure, in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P.M., precisely, on the day of sailing.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

The Company's Steamers now run to and from Brindisi instead of Marseilles.

REDUCED PARCEL RATES.

A considerable REDUCTION has been made in the TARIFF of CHARGES for SMALL PARCELS to ENGLAND, &c., particulars of which can be learnt on application at this Office.

Parcels will in future be received up to noon on the day of sailing.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 24th December 1870.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. ELLORA (1,287 tons, and 300 H.P.), Captain G. N. Hector, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 5th January, leaving Mazagon at noon on that day, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any [illegible] of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's office before 11 A.M. on Tuesday, the 3rd proximo.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 22nd December 1870.

PASSAGE TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT via SUEZ CANAL.

THE fine First-class Screw Steamer TAGUS, Captain J. T. Grey, 1,554 tons, will sail about the middle of January 1871, and has excellent accommodation for First-class Passengers. Apply to the CAPTAIN on Board, or to MERWANJEE NUSSERWANJEE, Agent, Apollo Street.

Bombay, 23rd December 1870.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL via SUEZ CANAL.

THE favorite steamer HISTORIAN, Captain Tutton, 1,750 tons Register, 250 H.P., (Messrs. T. & J. Harrison's Line), will sail about the end of the month, and has accommodation for about 12 First-class Passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

To Suez	£ 36	Exclusive of Wines, &c., which can be had at moderate rates on board.
Port Said	38	
Liverpool	50	

Apply to WALLACE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 3rd December 1870.

NEW OVERLAND ROUTE
(via SUEZ CANAL.)

DIRECT SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY and MARSEILLES, touching at ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA (in case of need) and MARSEILLES.

LA COMPAGNIE MARSEILLAISE DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR.—MARC FRAISSINET PERE and FILS will DESPATCH STEAMERS MONTHLY from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES, via the SUEZ CANAL.

PASSENGER RATES.
(Inclusive of Wines, and all Transit Fees through the Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck. (Without food)
To Aden	£ 25	£ 15	£ 5
,, Suez	£ 40	£ 22-10	£ 8
,, Port Said	£ 42	£ 24	£ 9
,, Marseilles	£ 56	£ 36	£ 14

In accordance with the above, the s. s. EUROPE, 3,500 Tons, Captain Martino, will be despatched on or about the 7th February 1871.

For further particulars, rates of Freight, &c., apply to KUNKLER, PREISWERCK, & Co., Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, 19th December 1870.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY.
(VIA SUEZ CANAL).

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO & Co.'s ITALIAN MAIL STEAMERS running between GENOA and BOMBAY, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, (occasionally ALEXANDRIA), PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN, and vice versa.

The next Steamer of the above Company, leaving THIS PORT, will be the newly English built s. s. INDIA, about 2,500 tons burden, Captain Dodero, with superior accommodation for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Class Passengers. She is expected to arrive by the end of January, and will consequently be despatched within the 2nd or 3rd week of February 1871.

More precise information regarding her departure will be given on her arrival.

PASSENGER RATES,
(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class. (Including Wines.)	3rd Class. (Without Food.)
To Aden	£22	£15	£4
Suez	36	22	8
Port Said	38	24	9
Alexandria	39	25	9-10
Messina	45	32	12
Naples	47	33	13
Leghorn	50	34	14
Genoa	50	34	14
Marseilles with transhipment at Genoa	52	35	14-10

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers are allowed to break their voyage at any of the abovenamed Mediterranean Ports, and to resume it by any of the Company's Steamers to the port of destination marked on their Tickets.

Passengers returning within 6 months of their departure from Bombay by the Steamers of the Company are entitled to a reduction of 20 per cent. on the Return Fare.

Berths may be secured in advance by depositing half the Passage Money.

For Prospectus, Rates of Freight and further particulars apply to VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.

Bombay, 19th December 1870.

STEAM FERRIES (under contract with Government).

—Steam Ferry Boats will ply across the Harbour daily, stopping at the undermentioned Bunders:—

FARES FROM BOMBAY TO

Class.	Rewas.	Dhurumtur.	Oorun.	Hog Island.	Oolwa.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
First Class	2 0	3 0	2 0	2 0	3 0
Second Class	0 12	1 0	0 8	0 12	0 12
Third Class	0 6	0 8	0 4	0 6	0 9

The Rewas and Dhurumtur Ferry Steamer leaves Carnac Bunder daily at 8 A.M., and Dhurumtur at 1 P.M. The Oorun, Hog Island, and Oolwa Ferry Steamer leaves Carnac Bunder daily at 8-30 A.M., and Oolwa at 1 P.M. Passengers are required to obtain Tickets from the Bunder Clerk previous to proceeding on board.

J. A. SHEPHERD.

No. 22, Rampart Row, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRINDISI ROUTE.
SUPPLEMENTARY MAIL LINE.
UNDER AUTHORITY FROM THE
ADRIATICO ORIENTALE COMPANY.

THE undersigned are prepared to issue THROUGH TICKETS from ALEXANDRIA to BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, NAPLES, ROME, BOLOGNA, FLORENCE, TURIN, SUSA, VERONA, CAMERLATA, MILAN, and PARIS.

Steamers leave Alexandria on the arrival of the Mail from Bombay.

The passage from Alexandria to Brindisi occupies only three days, and the through journey to London about 140 hours, making a saving over other routes of about 48 hours.

On arrival of the weekly fast Steamer from Alexandria, carrying the Supplementary Indian Mail, an Express Train is run from Brindisi by the South Italian Railway en route for London, via Ancona, Bologna, Turin, Mont Cenis, Paris, Calais, and Dover.

The saving in time and the shortness of the sea voyage recommend this route to passengers.

RATES OF FARE FROM ALEXANDRIA.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.		1st Class.	2nd Class.
To BRINDISI	£11	£8.	To ROME	£12-6	£8-19.
,, VENICE	£12-16	£8-16.	,, PARIS	£20-12	£15-13.

For rates to other towns apply to STEARNS, HOBART, & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 22nd December 1870.

CHEAP PASSAGE TO EUROPE.

STEAM TO TRIESTE via SUEZ CANAL.

THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S Steamer IRIS, 1,200 tons, will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE on or about the 20th January. Rate of Fare for Cabin Passengers £40, including food and table wine. For Freight or Passage apply to A. C. GUMPERT & Co., Austrian Lloyd's Agents.

Bombay, 2, Ash Lane, 24th December 1870.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

MONTHLY LINE of STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY and TRIESTE via SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company intends to despatch EVERY MONTH a Steamer from TRIESTE to BOMBAY and vice versa.

The Passenger Steamer IRIS, 1,200 Tons, will be despatched from Bombay about the 20th January. Early application for passages should be made to prevent disappointment. The rates for Cabin Passengers include food and table wine.

PASSENGER RATES FROM BOMBAY:

	Cabin.	Deck without Food.
To Aden	£16	£ 6-15
To Suez	£28	£11-15
To Port Said	£30	£12-10
To Trieste	£40	£16-10

Cargo taken for Trieste, also for Venice, Constantinople, and Odessa, Aden, Egypt, England and the Continent generally.

There is also a weekly service by MAIL STEAMERS between Alexandria and Trieste, and vice versa, in conjunction with the P. & O. Co.'s Mail Steamers to and from Suez. The Austrian Lloyd's Mail Steamers leave Alexandria direct for Trieste immediately after the arrival of the Bombay and Calcutta Mails from Suez. The distance between Alexandria and Trieste is 200 miles shorter than that between Alexandria and Marseilles, and the voyage to Trieste is much more agreeable, it being a coasting trip full of variety of beautiful scenery from the Island of Candia to the Port of Trieste. The passage occupies only 4½ to 5 days, and the Company's best Steamers are employed on this Line, which are built expressly for this service, with special regard to the accommodation and comfort of passengers, and have each an experienced Surgeon on board. At Trieste the traveller to England has an extensive choice of picturesque and interesting routes, occupying from three days six hours to five days to London, at an expense varying from £7 to £13.

Passengers by the P. & O. Co.'s steamers to Suez can have their baggage forwarded by that Company's steamers to Southampton, at a charge of 10s. per cwt., to which the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Suez will attend.

The undersigned Agents grant also passage tickets for the steamers plying between Alexandria and Trieste, and for the railway between Suez and Alexandria.

PASSENGER RATES FROM ALEXANDRIA TO TRIESTE
First Class ....£13 | Second Class £9

Children under 12 years at Half Fare; under 2 years, Free.

REDUCED FARES for FAMILIES, consisting of not less than 3 adult members travelling together:—First Class, £10-16 per head; Second Class, £7-10 per head.

Railway tickets, from SUEZ, to ALEXANDRIA, with all the privileges of passengers by the P. & O. Co.:—First Class, £3; Second Class, £2. Children over 3 and under 10 years at Half Fare.

In conjunction with the Austrian Lloyd, Cargo for Trieste and Venice can be booked through from Bombay by the P. & O. Co., and the Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Co., and via Bombay from the various ports touched at by the steamers of the British India Steam Navigation Company.

TRANSHIPMENT SERVICE AT PORT SAID.

GOODS for Trieste, Venice, Odessa, and Ports on the Syrian, Turkish and Greek Coasts, shipped by Steamers under any Flag whatever from Japanese, Chinese and Indian Ports bound to Mediterranean or British Ports, via Suez Canal, are received and transhipped by the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Port Said, and forwarded to their destination by the Company's regular lines of Steamers.

For further particulars, and for freight and passage apply to A. C. GUMPERT & Co., Agents for the Austrian Lloyd.

Bombay, 2, Ash Lane, 27th December 1870.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Gentlemen proceeding Home will find all that is requisite in the following detailed list; the Goods being made specially for the passage and Home wear:—

REQUIREMENTS.

½ Dozen Silk and Wool Shirts.	1 Rug with straps.
½ ,, Under Vests.	1 Maud.
2 ,, Linen Collars.	1 Inverness Cape.
1 ,, Fine Cotton Socks.	1 Hand Portmanteau.
½ ,, Fine Merino Socks.	2 Overland Trunks.
½ ,, Fine Merino Drawers.	1 Clothes Bag.
1 ,, Colored Handkerchiefs.	1 Travelling Hat.
½ ,, White Cambric.	1 Courier Bag.
1 Overland Suit.	1 Easy Chair.
2 Sleeping Suits.	1 Umbrella.
2 Pairs of Kid Gloves.	1 Pair of Brushes.
6 Scarfs and Ties.	Ladies' Overland Trunks.

Return Fares.—First Class Passengers embarking from India by the P. and O. Co.'s Steamer within six months of their arrival from England, and vice versa, will be allowed a reduction of 20 per cent. on the Return Passage Money.

Bombay. BADHAM & Co., Apollo House.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT and COMPANY.
No. 5, Forbes Street.

AUCTION SALE OF CHINA SILK.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in a Godown No. 42, at Mandvee, by order of Hajee Ismail Hajee Hubbib, Esq., and on account and at the risk of Khoja Mahomed Jaitha the Mortgagor, the following:—

92 Cases China Silk of different quality.
15 Bundles ditto ditto

AUCTION SALE of handsome Household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelainware, Carriage, &c., at Tardeo.

On MONDAY, the 2nd proximo, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his Residence, at the abovementioned place, the handsome Household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelainware, &c., the property of John Kerr, Esq., leaving Bombay.

No Catalogues, and the property will be on view 3 days before the day of sale.

Bombay, 27th December 1870. BENNETT & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Office of the undersigned, up to 2 P.M. on TUESDAY the 3rd proximo, from parties willing to undertake the work of PUMPING the WATER out of the TANK in Fort George.

The Specifications of the Works can be seen, and other particulars learnt, on application during office hours.

Tenders are to be made on Printed Forms only, which will be supplied from this Office.

GUJANUN SUDASHEW, Sub-Engineer, for Executive Engineer Presidency.

Office of Executive Engineer Presidency, Bombay, 24th December 1870.

RAILWAY STAFF MESS COMPANY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of this Company will be HELD at the Villa, Byculla, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of January 1871, at 4 P.M., for the purpose of passing the following Special Resolutions:—

1st. That the Railway Staff Mess Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily.

2nd. To appoint Liquidators and fix their remuneration.

N.B.—All persons having CLAIMS against the Company are hereby requested to send the same to the undersigned that they may be settled.

CHARLES GREAVES, Locomotive Department, G. I. P. Railway, Byculla.

SUPERIOR
THICK NOTE PAPERS
FOR GENERAL LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

The produce of the celebrated Original Turkey Mill; these Machine-made papers are singularly superior to, and free from the defects of, Hand-made papers. They are just sufficiently glazed to render the passage of the pen agreeable, and to facilitate the absorption of the ink; whilst their hardness, closeness, and evenness of texture ensure their availability for use during the wet season. They are imported in small frequent consignments by way of the Suez Canal:—The papers in packets of 5 quires, the envelopes (cut with the modern high flaps, Square, to take paper once folded in half; Oblong to take paper twice folded, in thirds,) in boxes of 100 each.

GENTLEMEN'S SIZES.

Papers, per packet. Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.		Envelopes, per box.	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
3 8	4 0	LETTER QUARTO (9 by 7 inches), a fine paper for business purposes requiring ample space	sq. 1/4th	1 8	1 12
			ob. 1/6th	1 6	1 8
2 4	2 8	BARONIAL NOTE (8 by 5 inches). A handsome paper for private use in study or house	sq.	1 12	2 0
			ob.	1 8	1 12
1 12	2 0	POST OCTAVO (7 by 4½ inches) Gentlemen's "Invitation" or "Acceptance" paper	sq.	1 8	1 12
			ob.	1 6	1 8
1 12	2 0	PRINCE'S (6 by 5 inches). The last new square paper		1 8	1 12

LADIES' SIZES.

Papers Cash.	Credit.		Envelopes	Cash.	Credit.
1 8	1 12	ALBERT'S (6 by 4 inches). An useful general note paper	sq.	1 6	1 8
			ob.	1 2	1 4
1 6	1 8	QUEEN'S (5½ by 3½ inches). Special Ladies' "Invitation" or "Acceptance" paper	sq.	1 4	1 6
			ob.	1 0	1 2
1 6	1 8	PRINCESS'S (5 by 3½ inches). The last new square paper		1 4	1 6

TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

NOTICES.

SIGNOR J. INZOLI, PROFESSOR OF PIANOFORTE AND SINGING. 128, Malabar Hill.

Terms Rs. 4 per lesson—for 12 lessons, (it being at the Pupil's option to take one or more lessons per week).

Address also Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Hummum Street.

TO BE SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 3rd January 1871, at 2 P.M., at the Government Reclamation Work Yard, Moody Bay, Two Pairs of small highly-finished OSCILLATING ENGINES with BOILERS, &c., Percussion Cap Machinery, Shafting, &c., intended for Theodore, late Emperor of Abyssinia; also a lot of Old Copper, Firewood, &c.

Catalogues, and any further information, may be obtained from the undersigned.

F. R. WILSON, Storekeeper, Government Reclamation Works.

Elphinstone Bunder, 20th December 1870.

BOMBAY, BARODA, and CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

RETURN TICKETS, PASSENGERS' and HORSES', issued from all Stations to all Stations, from 22nd DECEMBER to 6th JANUARY, both days inclusive, will be available to return upon any day within ten days of the day of issue. This will afford a good opportunity for visiting the Famed Ruins of Ahmedabad and the Sports of Guzerat.

J. R. DUXBURY, Traffic Manager.

Fort, 9th December 1870.

BOMBAY, BARODA, and CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS—INCREASE OF THIRD CLASS FARES.

On and after 1st January, the UP and DOWN MIXED TRAINS, between SURAT and AHMEDABAD and SABURMUTTEE, will be slightly ALTERED and ACCELERATED.

The Up and Down Mails will stop at Wassud and Palghur.

The Third-Class Fares by the Mail Trains will be increased from Three to Four Pies per Mile. Third-Class Fares by all other Trains will remain Three Pies per Mile as at present.

For further particulars see the Company's Time Tables exhibited at all Stations.

J. R. DUXBURY, Traffic Manager.

Fort, 9th December 1870.

NOTICE.—The undermentioned Banks will be CLOSED, for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS, from SATURDAY 24th to THURSDAY 29th (both days inclusive), and on MONDAY the 2nd January:—

For the Oriental Bank Corporation, J. F. MOIR, Agent.
For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, ROBT. CAMPBELL, Agent.
For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, JAMES SIMPSON, Agent.
For the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, C. FOURNEL, pro Manager.
For the National Bank of India (Limited), JAMES WINDRAM, Manager.
For the Agra Bank (Limited), EDWARD MORRISS, Manager.
For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, R. STEVENSON, Agent.

Bombay, 9th December 1870.

NOTICE.—SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Marine Storekeeper, at the Bombay Dockyard, up to 12 o'clock of the 18th January 1871, for the SUPPLY by CONTRACTS SPECIFIED in the SCHEDULES, for ONE YEAR, from 1st April 1871 to 31st March 1872.

Tenders to be superscribed, "Tender for the supply of Miscellaneous Articles."

Tenders will not be received after the hour named.

Tenders must show a rate for each and every article comprised therein.

Parties may tender for one or as many complete classes as they please, but not for a portion of a class.

Each Tender before being opened must be accompanied by the requisite deposit in cash.

Each Tenderer must produce with his Tender samples of the Principal Stores he tenders, such as Canvas by the bolt, Rope by the coil, Paint by the keg, Oil by the tin, Tallow by the pound: unless his samples are equal to the Government sample, such Tender will be rejected irrespective of price.

Persons desirous of undertaking the Contract, can obtain, on application at this office, printed Forms of Tender, Schedules of the articles to be supplied, and any other information they may require in connection with the Contract.

W. L. SEARLE, Lieut. late I. N., Marine Storekeeper.

Marine Storekeeper's Office, Bombay, 23rd November 1870.

NOTICE.

The continuance of the WAR IN FRANCE, the consequent difficulty in obtaining Transit, and the increased Rates of Charges and Labour, for CHAMPAGNES, &c., now coming forward, will reluctantly compel us to ADVANCE OUR QUOTATIONS as soon as our Stock, obtained at the Old Rates, is exhausted.

We therefore beg to notify to our Constituents that we CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO SUPPLY FRENCH WINES, &c., AT OUR PRESENT QUOTATIONS for any length of time.

On an advance being made, it will be duly advertised in the Local Journals.

PAYNE & Co.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, November 1870.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and buildings in Bombay are issued by REMINGTON & Co., Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.

Bombay, 16th August 1865.

THACKER VINING, & Co.

A COMPLETE BOOK CATALOGUE is in course of preparation; orders will be registered.

AN INTERIM PAMPHLET, containing Paragraph Notices and Lists of Valuable Books, Instruments, Pictures and Sundries, may be had on application.

LETTS'S DIARIES, 1871, FOR INDIA.

MAP OF THE WORLD GRATIS.

ALL the OFFICE EDITIONS of the above WORK contain a MAP of the WORLD, showing the new Telegraph Lines, and every Diary is materially improved and arranged to meet the requirements of our Indian and Colonial friends.

For further information see Prospectuses, to be obtained gratis from any Bookseller or Storekeeper, and the Table of Contents.

To guide those who may not have used our Books before, we append the following list of the Editions most universally adopted by—

The ARMY.—Nos. 8, 9, 10, and the Scribbling series; the former in morocco and russia spring lock cases.
BANKERS and BROKERS.—Same as Merchants (see below).
CLERGYMEN of every denomination.—Nos. 2, 8, 9, 10, 12 enlarged, 12, 14 enlarged, 14, the "Clerical Tablet Diary," the Broad 1s., and Letts's Sermon and Preachers' Registers.
DOCTORS.—The "Medical," "Appointment," "Monthly or Professional," and Nos. 1, 2, 8, 9, 10, 12, and Letts's Medical Ledger.
ENGINEERS, BUILDERS & SURVEYORS.—Nos 1, 2, 8, and the Rough Diaries, plain or interleaved blotting, and Letts's Sectional Books and Paper.
FARMERS.—Nos. 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, plain and interleaved blotting, and the Broad 1s.
GENTLEMEN.—Nos. 51, 1, 6, 9, 10, 12 enl, 18, 20 and 22 in lock cases, and wallets of russia and morocco, also the "Perpetual Diaries."
INSURANCE COMPANIES and AGENTS.—Nos. 51, 1, 8, 12 enl., 12, 18, the Broad 1s., and 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and Letts's Sectional Paper for Calculations.
LADIES.—Nos. 12, 18, 20, 22, 17, Card Case Almanac, in fancy leather, silk, and other bindings, and the various Housekeepers and Washing Books.
THE FANCY LEATHER POCKET SERIES, in roan, russia calf and sealskin, suited for Christmas and New Year's presents, is unsurpassed for finish and style, and kept by most of the principal stationers.
MERCHANTS.—Nos. 51, 52, 53, 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, and the B or Dr. and Cr. series.
THE NAVY.—Same as Army (see above).
PHYSICIANS.—Same as Doctors (see above).
RAILWAY COMPANIES.—Same as Insurance Companies (see above).
SOLICITORS and the Legal Profession.—Nos. 51, 1, 8, 9, 18, and the "Appointment."
TRADESMEN.—Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 13, 15, the B or Dr. and Cr. Series, and Nos. 31, 32 33, 34, 35, 36.
VESTRIES.—The Clerical "Tablet Diary" and Letts's Parish and Preachers' Registers.
WAREHOUSEMEN.—Nos. 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, Broad 1s., 1s. 6d., 9d., 6d., 17, 21 and 23.

In addition to the usual contents of Letts's Diaries, the following Tables have been added this year for the first time:—

British Possessions, with Date of Acquisition, Governors, their salaries, &c.
Calendar for 1871, Historical and General.
Colonial Banks, Rates of Postage, and Telegrams.
Colonial Bishops and their Salaries.
Colonial Governments and their Representatives.
Colonial Official Passage Allowances.
Freezing Mixtures.
Holidays at Public Offices at India and Australasia.
Indian Board of Government in London.
Latitudes and Longitudes of places in India, Australasia, China and Japan.
Observatories, Latitudes and Longitudes of Colonial and Continental.
Peninsular and Oriental Co.'s Passenger Rates. Time Table.
Precedency, Colonial order of.
Presidential Members of Government.
Rainfall Measurements.
Temperature Tables, average throughout the world.
Wages Table, Indian.
Weights and Measures, Indian.

LETTS, SON & Co., LONDON, Oct. 1870.

CAUTION.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS, for Children cutting their teeth. Purchasers are requested to BEWARE OF IMITATIONS of this Medicine, and to observe, in every case, that the words "JOHN STEEDMAN, CHEMIST, WALWORTH, SURREY," are engraved on the Government Stamp affixed to each packet, without which none are genuine. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists in Bombay, in Packets.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—OFFICERS in charge of BUILDINGS will find the PYRIMONT ASPHALTE the most effective and economical material for covering FLAT ROOFS, and for suppressing the rising of moisture through WALLS and BASEMENTS. Also for the FLOORS of

STORES and WAREHOUSES,
PRISONS—LAVATORIES,
ABATTOIRES and MARKETS,
BARRACKS—MORTUARIES,
ELEPHANT HOUSES, STABLES, and

Floors generally. The WHITE ANT and other vermin excluded.

A LIST of WORKS to which the material has been successfully applied for upwards of 30 years, can be had post free on application to J. FARRELL, Secretary, Parliament Street, London.

Orders must describe the class of work for which the material is wanted, and the superficial area, that the shipment may embrace the proper qualities and quantities. Payment in England is required to ensure attention to an order.

All Blocks are impressed on two opposite sides with the words

PYRIMONT SEYSSEL.

NOTICES.

TO CAPITALISTS.—The LAND MORTGAGE BANK of INDIA (CREDIT FONCIER INDIEN) Limited are prepared to treat for the sale by PRIVATE CONTRACT of SUNDRY PROPERTIES in

BOMBAY,
POONA,
SHOLAPORE,
PANCHGUNNY,
KURRACHEE,

particulars of which may be had by applying to the Manager at the Bank's Office in Bombay. If desired part of the Purchase Money may remain on mortgage for a time at a moderate rate of interest.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited (in Liquidation).—A DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS of Rs. 55 per share will be made to the Registered Shareholders on the production of Share Certificates on and after the 6th instant.

J. G. SMITH, For Self & Co-Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, 4th October 1870.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited, (in Liquidation).—The TRANSFER FEE on the COMPANY'S SHARES has been REDUCED to ONE RUPEE per SHARE from THIS DATE.

JAMES G. SMITH, For Self and Co-Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, 15th November 1870.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited, (in Liquidation).—A DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS of Rs. 75 per SHARE will be MADE to the Registered Shareholders on the production of Share Certificates on and after FRIDAY next the 4th instant.

J. G. SMITH, For Self and Co-Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, 2nd November 1870.

FRERE LAND COMPANY, Limited, (Under Liquidation).—A GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of this Company will be HELD in accordance with Section 158 of the Indian Companies' Act X. of 1866 on TUESDAY, the 17th of January 1871, at 3 P.M., at No. 1 Church Street, Fort, to transact the following business:—

To receive the Final Account of the Liquidator.
To resolve that this Company be finally wound up.
To determine as to the disposition of the Books of the Company.
And to consider such other matter as may be brought before the Meeting.

BYRAMJEE CURSETJEE, Liquidator, Frere Land Co., Limited.

14th December 1870.

FRERE LAND and RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited, (Under Liquidation).—A GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of this Company will be HELD in accordance with Section 158 of the Indian Companies' Act X of 1866 on TUESDAY, the 17th January 1871, at 3 P.M., at No. 1 Church Street, Fort, to transact the following business:—

To receive the Final Account of the Liquidator.
To resolve that this Company be finally wound up.
To determine as to the disposition of the Books of the Company.
And to consider such other matter as may be brought before the Meeting.

BYRAMJEE CURSETJEE, Liquidator, Frere Land and Reclamation Co., Limited.

14th December 1870.

THE BOMBAY ROYAL SPINNING and WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.—In pursuance of a Resolution of the Directors of this Company, NOTICE is hereby given, that a FOURTEENTH CALL of RUPEES (100) ONE HUNDRED per SHARE in this Company is made payable to the undersigned, at the Registered Office of the Company, Mandvie Bunder, No. 149, Dongree Colee Street, on or before the 1st day of January 1871, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M.

If any Shareholder shall not pay the amount of the Call to which he is liable on the above date he will be charged Interest on the amount payable at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from the 1st January 1871 to the time of actual payment.

Certificates of Shares will be required to be deposited with the undersigned for enfacement of the Call thereon.

By order of the Board of Directors, NURSEY KESSOWJEE, Secretary, Treasurer and Agent.

Mandvie Bunder, No. 149, Dongree Colee Street, Bombay, 22nd November 1870.

ENGLISH ASSURANCE COMPANY.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the HALF-YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION to the Company FALLS DUE on the 1st proximo, and will be received at the Office of the undersigned in Elphinstone Circle.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 6th December 1870.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

At a large MEETING of POLICYHOLDERS of the ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and its ASSOCIATED OFFICES to-day, Mr. JAMES THOMSON in the Chair, the following RESOLUTIONS were adopted:—

1. "That the Policyholders [illegible] of reconstruction prepared by the Committee of Policyholders, Annuitants, and Shareholders in the Albert Life Assurance Company, and now submitted to the Meeting, subject to such modifications as may be found expedient, and be sanctioned by the Court of Chancery."

2. "That this Meeting earnestly impress upon the Policyholders the importance of sending in their individual assents to the scheme as speedily as possible, so as to strengthen the hands of the Committee in carrying the same into effect."

3. "That the Policyholders consider it desirable and agree to pay the premiums due on their respective Policies to an account to be opened at the Bank of England and the Agra Bank, Limited, in the names of Messrs. Thomson, Bell, and Major-General Cunningham, three of the Members of the Committee of Policyholders, Annuitants, and Shareholders in the Albert Life Assurance Company; the premiums to be returned, in case the Scheme of Reconstruction should not be carried out, without deduction of any kind."—*Times*, 29th April 1870.

The AGRA BANK, Limited, is PREPARED to RECEIVE PREMIA on Policies in the above Company, in terms of the foregoing Resolutions.

EDWARD MORRISS, Manager, Bombay Branch.

Bombay, 1st June 1870.

NOTICE.—To the DIRECTORS of the MAZAGON LAND COMPANY (Limited).—GENTLEMEN,—We, the undersigned Shareholders, holding TWO HUNDRED SHARES and upwards in the Company, request you to convene, as soon as you conveniently can, an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the MAZAGON LAND COMPANY, Limited, for the purpose of submitting for the approval of such Meeting the following Resolutions:—

1st. That Clause 100 be excluded from the Articles of Association of the Company, and the following be substituted in place thereof:—"Subject to the control and under the directions of the Board of Directors, the business of the Company shall be conducted, managed, and kept by a Secretary or Agent or Agents, and that the remuneration of such Secretary, Agent or Agents, shall not exceed Rupees Five Hundred per Mensem without the previous sanction of a General Meeting having been first had and obtained."

2nd, That Clauses 101, 102, and 103 be excluded from the Articles of Association of the Company.

3rd, That Clause 104 be altered by adding thereto the word "and" between the words "Director Auditor," and by expunging therefrom the words "Solicitors and Secretaries and Treasurers."

4th. That the said Resolutions be made special in the mode pointed out by Section 51 of the Indian Companies Act of 1866.

We request that as the object of the proposed Meeting is an important one, you will be good enough to give Fourteen Days' Notice thereof.—Your obedient servants,

RAMJEE MADHOWJEE,
FRAMJEE DINSHAW PETIT,
CAWASJEE DINSHAW PETIT,
DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT,
And 21 other Shareholders.

Bombay, 8th December 1870.

AGREEABLY with the above Requisition, an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be HELD in the Registered Office of the Company in Elphinstone Circle, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th January 1871, at 3 P.M.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 31st December, instant, to 4th January, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors, RITCHIE, STEUART & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 10th December 1870.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited).

The following are the DATES of SAILING of this Company's Steamers:—

FROM CALCUTTA.

For CHITTAGONG and AKYAB, 9th and 23rd December 1870, and 6th and 20th January 1871.

For AKYAB, RANGOON and MOULMEIN, 11th and 28th December 1870, and 11th and 25th January 1871.

For RANGOON and MOULMEIN, 7th and 21st December 1870 and 4th, 7th, 8th January 1871.

For STRAITS, calling at Rangoon and Moulmein, 7th December 1870, and 5th January 1871.

For PORT BLAIR and CAMORTA, 23rd December 1870, and 20th January 1871.

For BOMBAY, calling at Gopaulpore, Bimlipatam, Vizagapatam, Coconada, Madras, Negapatam, Galle, Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin, or Narrakel, (and, weather permitting, Beypore, Calicut, Cannanore and Mangalore,) and Carwar, 13th and 27th December 1870, and 10th and 24th January 1871.

FROM BOMBAY.

For CALCUTTA, calling at the same ports as the Steamers from Calcutta for Bombay, 6th and 20th December 1870, and 3rd, 17th and 31st January 1871.

For KURRACHEE, 5th, 12th, 19th, and 26th December 1870 and 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd and 30th January 1871.

For PERSIAN GULF, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, and Bussorah, and carrying Passengers and Cargo for Bagdad, 12th and 26th December 1870, and 9th and 23rd January 1871.

FROM MADRAS.

For RANGOON, calling at Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam and Bimlipatam, 3rd and 31st December 1870, and 28th January 1871.

Managing Agents ....Messrs. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co., Calcutta.
Agents at Bombay ....Messrs. WILLIAM NICOL and Co.
,, Madras ....Messrs. BINNY & Co.

RE GEORGE ASHBURNER, Deceased.—Pursuant to Act XXVIII. of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, entitled, "The Trustees' and Mortgagees' Powers Act, 1866," NOTICE is hereby given, that ALL PERSONS being CREDITORS of, or otherwise having Claims upon or against the Estate of GEORGE ASHBURNER, late of Filgate in the County of Sussex, Esquire, deceased, who died at Filgate, aforesaid, on the 13th day of June 1869, and Letters of Administration whose personal Estate and Effects (with the exemplification of the Probate of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased issued out of the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, at London, annexed) were, on the 29th day of November 1870, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to ANDREW JOHN MACDONALD, of Bombay, British Merchant, a Partner in the Firm of Messrs Sir Charles Forbes and Co., and one of the constituted Attorney of KATHERINE ASHBURNER, Widow, the relict, and JOHN HENNINGS (in the Will written John) NIX, Esquire, two of the Executors of the said Will and Testament of George Ashburner, deceased, are required on or before the 3rd day of January 1871 to send to Messrs. RIMINGTON, HORE, and LANGLEY, of Bombay, Proctors for the said Administrator, the particulars of their Claim upon or against the said Estate, and that at the expiration of such time the Administrator will distribute over the whole of the Assets of the said deceased to the said Katherine Ashburner, and John Hennings Nix, as such Executors as aforesaid, having regard to the Claims of which he shall then have Notice. All persons indebted to the said Estate, or having property of the deceased in their hands, are hereby required forthwith to pay or account for said Debts or Property to the said Administrator.—Dated 3rd day of December 1870.

RIMINGTON, HORE, & LANGLEY, Applicant's Proctors.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

PAYNE AND COMPANY,
WINE MERCHANTS,
ESTABLISHED IN CALCUTTA, UPWARDS OF HALF A CENTURY.

INDIAN ESTABLISHMENTS.
BOMBAY ....ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.
CALCUTTA ....BELATEE BUNGALOW.

WE beg to call the attention of Messes, Clubs and Residents of Western India and Madras to the undermentioned WINES, SPIRITS, &c., which cannot be surpassed at the respective quotations.

N. B.—In all instances we guarantee the quality and purity of our Wines and Spirits, and agree to take back, or exchange, any that may not be approved.

OUR QUOTATIONS for SPARKLING WINES, are for GOOD DELIVERY from our Godowns; the risk of breakage and ullage is thereby avoided by the consumer.

All our choice high class Wines arrive per the Overland Route or via the Suez Canal.

CHAMPAGNES.

Credit. Rs. a.		Cash. Rs. a.
32 0	Cordon Bleu, a pure, light dry Wine	28 0
40 0	Light Dry Sillery, more body	35 0
44 0	Silver Neck, with * (star)—brand, Payne & Co.	32 0
42 0	Gold Neck, ditto ditto drier	38 0
45 0	Gold Neck, with ** (double star)—brand, Payne & Co., selected from one of the first Cuvées of '65 vintage, very dry and choice	40 0
45 0	No. 1 Gold Neck, dry, 1st quality, extremely delicate	40 0
45 0	No. 2 Gold Neck, very dry, ditto ditto	40 0
45 0	No. 3 Gold Neck, extra dry, ditto ditto	40 0
	The peculiar dryness of Nos. 2 and 3 find favour at the Principal Mess Tables and Clubs of Europe.	
	Single Magnums, specially selected from a good Cuvée suitable for Clubs and Messes. Per case	42 0

. Most of the above in pints at Rs. 3 extra per case of 2 doz. HALF PINTS Champagne at Rs. 9, Rs. 12, and Rs. 15 per dozen.

Credit.		Cash.
	SPARKLING MOSELLES.	
36 0	Crown Brand, fine, recommended	32 0
37 0	Ditto—brand, Payne & Co., Coblentz	34 0
44 0	Ditto Nonpareil, extra superior	39 0
	SPARKLING HOCKS.	
36 0	Crown Brand, fine, recommended	32 0
45 0	Ehrenbreitstein, pale and elegant	40 0
	STILL HOCKS.	
20 0*	Laubenheim, Vintage 1868	18 0
23 0	Bodenthal ditto 1862	20 0
23 0	Geisenheim ditto 1862	21 0
23 0	Erbach ditto 1862	21 0
29 0*	Nierstein ditto 1862	26 0
	STILL MOSELLES.	
23 0	Winningen Vintage 1862	20 0
25 0	Brauneberg ditto 1862	23 0
30 0*	Scharzberg ditto 1862	27 0
[illegible]	*Stein Wein*, in original bottles, much appreciated.	24 0
	CLARETS.	
12 0*	Vin Ordinaire	10 0
15 0	Payne's Medoc	13 0
15 0	Breakfast Claret	13 0
17 0	Saint Julien	15 0
20 0	Batailley	18 0
20 0	Beycheville	18 0
22 0	Chateau Larose	20 0
34 0	Chateau Leoville	28 0
34 0	Chateau Langoa	28 0
	BURGUNDY, SPARKLING.	
42 0	Red, very fruity	36 0
42 0	White, a full flavoured Wine—Brisk	36 0

SHERRIES.

Credit.	Mark. Seal. Quality and Peculiarity.	Cash.
20 0	(B) Red—A full flavoured Dinner Wine	18 0
20 0	(A) Red—Quality as above, but drier	18 0
26 0	(C) Red—Pale, rich flavoured Dinner Wine.	22 0
27 0	(1) White—Pale, delicate and nutty	24 0
30 0	(2) White—Mellow, fine, and dry, recommended	27 0
32 0	(3) White—Also very dry and delicate	29 0
33 0	(4) White—Vino de Pasto, choice, old and delicate	30 0
33 0	Amontillado, pale, delicate and very dry	30 0
36 0	Manzanilla, pale, old, and very choice. We offer it to those who can appreciate the extremely delicate flavour and dryness peculiar to this Wine	32 0
36 0	Vino Puero, a very delicate, choice, and natural Wine, extremely dry	32 0

PORT.
The sole produce of the Upper Douro.

Credit.		Cash.
18 0*	(One Grape,) a full-bodied fruity Wine	16 0
24 0	(Two Grapes,) a superb full flavoured Wine, very mellow, a good After-Dinner Wine	21 0
30 0	(Three Grapes,) a fine Invalid Port, it possesses a Burgundy flavour with a fine bouquet and good body	27 0
	BRANDIES.	
27 0	Pure Pale Brandy, Trade Mark	24 0
29 0	Ditto ditto Gold Vine Leaf	27 0
32 0	Ditto ditto Green Vine Leaf	29 0
36 0	TENT WINE	32 0
18 0*	OLD MARSALA Z.	16 0
25 0	BUCELLAS, light and dry	22 8

Those brands with an * (asterisk) shortly expected.

SUNDRY SPIRITS EXTRA FINE.
DUTCH LIQUEURS.

BASS'S BEER,
Bottled by H. Stone & Co.

Also our own Trade mark, extra Gravity.
Rs. 6 per dozen ....Quarts.
,, 5 ,, ...Imperial Pints.
,, 4 ,, ...Pints.

N.B.—The Trade supplied on liberal terms.

PAYNE AND COMPANY, BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

REDUCTION OF PRICE.

DREHER'S VIENNA BEER in 4 Dozen Cases.

At the request of the SHIPPERS, to CLOSE ACCOUNTS, we are now selling this Beer at Rs. 5 per dozen.

VOLKART BROTHERS.

Bombay, 17th November 1870.

PRICE LIST.

CHAMPAGNE:—

Veuve Clicquot	Rs. 32 per 1 doz. quarts.
Do.	,, 34 per 2 doz. pints.
G. H. Mumm & Co.	,, 28 per 1 doz. quarts.
Do.	,, 30 per 2 doz. pints.

STILL HOCKS:—

Laubenheimer	,, 15 per doz.
Liebfraumilch	,, 20 ,,
Marcobrunner	,, 24 ,,
Rüdesheimer	,, 24 ,,
Johannisberger	,, 30 ,,
Hochheimer Victoria Berg	,, 36 ,,
Do. do. Blue capsule.	,, 45 ,,

CLARETS:—

St. Estèphe Médoc	,, 9 ,,
Chateau Bellevue	,, 14 ,,
Chateau de Frands	,, 16 ,,
Vray Canon	,, 18 ,,
Chateau Larose	,, 22 ,,
Chateau Margaux, 1865	,, 24 ,,

BRANDY:—

S. W. S. 1865	,, 20 per doz. quarts.
Gauthier Frères	,, 24 ,,
Blanchy Frères	,, 28 ,,

ITALIAN WINES:—

Sicilian Claret	,, 17 per doz.
,, Sherry (Marsala)	,, 12 ,,
Moscata	,, 14 ,,
Barbera	,, 14 ,,
Tokai	,, 14 ,,
Nebiolo	,, 14 ,,
Barolo	,, 14 ,,

BEER:—
Norwegian Ale, in 3 doz. cases ... ,, 6 ,,

OLIVE OIL:—
Genuine Italian ... ,, 8 ,,

LIQUEURS, MAAGBITTER, &c.

UP COUNTRY TREASURES:—
Containing 20 assorted Tins: Asparagus and other vegetable Sausages, Hare and Goose Liver Pies. Rs. 40 per Case.

PRESERVED ITALIAN FRUITS and BONBONS:—
Suitable for presents at Rs. 9 per assorted case.

CANDLES:—
"Star of the North German Confederation," superior quality in small boxes of 24 packets.
Saloon Candles at 6½ as. per packet of 6.
Carriage ,, ,, 6¾ ,, ,, ,,

VOLKART BROTHERS.

Bombay, 18th November 1870.

BOUNEVIALLE AND SIBILLE,
WINE AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENCY,
1, Oak Lane, Fort.

		Qts.	Pts.
CLARETS—St. Julien Medoc (a Sound Wine)	per doz. Rs.	8 0	4 8
,, Ditto (our own Brand)	,,	10 0	...
Chateau Larose (Do.)	,,	14 0	...
BRANDIES—Martell's	,,	21 0	...
Denis Mounié	,,	21 0	...
SHERRY—Chillingworth	,,	25 0	...
PORT WINE—Chillingworth	,,	26 0	...
CHAMPAGNE—Manuel & Co., Rheims	,,	30 0	16 0
,, Moir and Chandon	,,	30 0	16 0
Fleur de Sillery Grand Mousseux	,,	28 0	...
OLD TOM (Swaine & Boord's)	,,	16 0	10 0
WHISKEY (Irish)	,,	15 8	...
ABSINTHE, Pirnon Fils	,,	26 0	...
VERMOUTH, Noilly Prat	,,	12 0	6 8
BEER—Bass's Beer, bottled by Stone	,,	5 8	4 0
,, Alsopp's Pale Ale	,,	5 0	3 4
Tennent's	,,	5 0	3 4
PORTER—Guinness's	,,	5 0	3 8
,, Tennent's	,,	5 0	3 8

We guarantee the quality of the above Wines and Spirits, and agree to take back any of our Goods not suiting the buyer.

All orders from up-country for Oilman Stores, Tobacco, Cigars (Havannah), Olive Oil, will be promptly attended to.

Price List on Application.

ASSOCIATION VINICOLE DE BORDEAUX.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

		Qts.	Pts.
ST. JULIEN VIEUX, (recommended)	per doz. Rs.	12 0	6 8
FRONSAC VIEUX (full flavoured)	,,	15 0	8 0
BURGUNDY (Bourgogne)	,,	18	...
Do. (Nuits)	,,	22	...
Do. (Pomard)	,,	26	...
COGNAC, Fine Champagne, an extra good Brandy	,,	25	...
Do. Petite Champagne	,,	21	...
Do. Bois (very Old)	,,	19	...
Do. Old	,,	17	...

Oak 1, Lane, Fort. BOUNEVIALLE & SIBILLE., Sole Agents for Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.,
WINE MERCHANTS
TO
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN,
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES,
AND
THE PRINCIPAL LONDON CLUBS.

ESTABLISHED IN EUROPE 1815.

LONDON HOUSES:
44, MARK LANE, CITY, AND VILLIERS STREET, STRAND;
BORDEAUX HOUSE:
PLACE DU CHAMP DE MARS.

REPRESENTATIVES IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
Established in Bombay 1842.

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co. respectfully solicit a continuance of the commands of Messrs, Clubs, General Merchants, and European Residents of Western India, to whom, from the extensive nature of their business, they can offer better value than their competitors in Bombay.

TO MERCHANTS AND GENERAL DEALERS our TERMS will be found MOST LIBERAL, both with regard to Credit and Discounts.

Detailed particulars will be afforded at our Offices in Dean Lane.

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.'s
EXTRA DRY CHAMPAGNES.
CROWN BRAND—FINEST DRY.
As supplied to H.R.H. the PRINCE of WALES.
Quarts, Rs. 40. | Pints, Rs. 22-0.

FINE SPARKLING ....Qts. Rs. 36 Pints Rs. 19-8
GOOD SPARKLING for Tiffin, Ball, or Cup .... ,, 30 ,, 16-0

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.'s
GERMAN WINES.

	Qts.	Pts.
SPARKLING—Hock Nonpareil	Rs. 40	Rs. 22 0
,, Moselle Do.	40	22 0
,, Do. Muscatel	36	19 8
STILL—Moselle Braunberger	25	—
,, Hock Johannisberger	42	22 0
,, ,, Marcobrunner	34	—
,, ,, Forster Traminer	31	—
,, ,, Rudesheimer	26	14 0
,, ,, Hochheimer	23	12 0

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.'s
FRENCH WINES.

	Qts.	Pts.
CLARETS—Chateau Mouton	Rs. 30 0	Rs. 16 0
,, ,, Rauzan	25 0	14 0
,, ,, Palmer	22 0	12 0
,, ,, Larose	18 8	10 8
,, St. Julien	17 0	10 0
,, Cantenac	15 8	9 0
,, Medoc	13 8	—
,, Haut Sauternes	22 0	12 0
BURGUNDIES—Chambertin, Red	32 0	17 0
,, Nuits, Red	26 0	—
,, Macon, Red	21 0	—
,, Chablis, White	22 0	12 0

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.'s
SPIRITS.

COGNAC, superior very, Old Pale, Black Capsule	Rs. 32
,, Superior Old Pale, Yellow Capsule	28
,, Pale, White Capsule	25
RUM, Superior Old Jamaica	22
OLD TOM, London Gin	21
IRISH WHISKY	23
SCOTCH WHISKY	21
GENEVA, in flasks 1 dozen in a case	19

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.'s
SHERRIES.

A 1 AMONTILLADO, extra quality	Rs. 38 0
AMONTILLADO, very choice	32 0
AMOROSO, full flavored, soft pale	28 0
SHERRY, Green Seal, full bodied, light gold colour	22 0
,, Blue Seal, extra pale and dry	22 0
,, Brown Seal, very pale and delicate	22 0
,, Yellow Seal, an excellent Dinner Wine	18 8
,, White Seal, an ordinary Dinner Wine	15 0
MARSALA, Virgin	15 8
OLD EAST INDIA MADEIRA, very choice	[illegible]

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.'s
PORTS.

	Qts.	Pts.
Very old and choice, firm crusted, Gold Capsule	Rs. 36 0	Rs. —
INVALIDS', full fruity, Gold Capsule	30 0	—
Black Seal, a Dessert Wine	24 8	14 8
CUTLER'S CELEBRATED RED SEAL	18 0	10 0

LIQUEURS.

	Qts.	Pts.
CURACOA, finest Amsterdam, Orange or White	Rs. 40	Rs. 22
MARASCHINO DI ZARA	40	22
CHERRY BRANDY, best Copenhagen	30	16
ORANGE BITTERS (the best)	20	—

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.,
DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.

CHAMPAGNE, slightly ullaged, suitable for CUP or TIFFIN. A few cases of the above to be cleared off at Rs. 15 per dozen, nett.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned, J. COCKBURN & CAMPBELL'S (Edinburgh), Fine Pale SHERRY, at Rs. 25 per dozen.

EWART, LATHAM & Co.

Bombay, 15th November 1870.

FOR SALE, by the undersigned, RUINART PERE ET FILS' CHAMPAGNE, Green Seal—

Magnums in 1 dozen cases Rs. 82 per dozen.
Quarts in 1 ,, ,, ,, 42 ,,
Pints in 2 ,, ,, ,, 21 ,,

EWART, LATHAM, & Co.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

Carbonell's SHERRY, at	Rs. 30 per dozen.
M. P. Guimaraens' SHERRY	20 ,,
Do. Old Pale Dry	28 ,,
CLARET	14 ,,
Do. Superior	26 ,,
J. Sandbach & Son's SHERRY	14 ,,
Wauchope Moodie and Hope's SHERRY	24 ,,

EWART, LATHAM, & Co.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, the following WINES:—

F. GIESLER & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE.
Quarts in cases of 1 dozen .... Rs. 40 each.
Pints ,, 2 ,, ... ,, 43 ,,

BLOCK, GREY & BLOCK'S CLARET.
Larose in cases of 1 dozen .... Rs. 37 each.
St. Julien in cases of 1 dozen .... Rs. 28 ,,

1st December 1870. W. NICOL & Co.

NOTICES.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—Messrs. GEO. NICOLL & Co. beg to inform their Constituents, they will REMOVE from No. 24 to No. 30, Meadow Street, on 1st January 1871.

P. GRANT and SON, SADDLERS, &c., have commenced business again at No. 9 Hummum Street, where all orders will be attended to.

Orders from Out-stations to be accompanied with remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

GEORGE NICOLL AND Co.,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS, SADDLERS AND HARNESS MAKERS,
24. MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.
1, EAST STREET, POONA.

GEO. NICOLL & Co.,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS,
SADDLERS AND HARNESS MAKERS,
24, Meadow Street, Bombay,
1, East Street, Poona,

BEG to inform their Constituents and the Public generally, that they have THIS DAY commenced Business as SADDLERS and HARNESS MAKERS, and have received a supply of double and single Harness, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Saddles and Bridles, Riding, Driving and Hunting Whips, and all other necessaries required in the Saddlery Line.

Having secured the services of a Foreman Saddler from one of the first Houses in London, they are prepared to execute all Orders with which they may be favoured, carefully and promptly.

GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS AT THE BROACH AND AKOLA EXHIBITIONS 1868.

GOLD KEYLESS HUNTERS and SEMI-HUNTERS, Plain or Engine-turned Cases. Rs. 225.
FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

LADY'S small GOLD HUNTERS, Enamelled and Jewelled Cases. Rs. 150.
FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

SILVER KEYLESS HUNTERS, 1st quality, Patent Lever, extra finished. Rs. 100.
FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

SILVER HUNTERS, Patent Lever, 3/4 plate, in strong good Silver Cases, Engine-turned, very serviceable, warranted for two years. Rs. 50. The same Watch, Keyless. Rs. 70.
FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

OFFICE CLOCKS, Patent Lever, Octagon or Round, imitation Walnut, 8-days, with Bell. Rs. 25.
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co.

DAILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT, PUBLISHED by the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER [illegible]

THE DAILY MARKET PRIC[illegible] RENT gives the MAXIMUM PRICES [illegible] TICLES sold in the ARTHUR CRAWFOR[illegible] Delivered daily to Subscribers to the "Bombay G[illegible] RUPEE a MONTH. Single Copies, One Anna ea[illegible] ing to subscribe will please apply to the Mana[illegible] Gazette."

NOTICES.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

JEWELLERY warranted Pure Gold, 15 and 18 Carat, and Real Stones.

PRESENTATION Sets of BROOCH, BRACELET, and EAR-RINGS ....from Rs. 175

HALF Sets BROOCH and EAR-RINGS ....from Rs. 85

EAR-RINGS, newest Design......from Rs. 25

LADIES' Real GEM RINGS ....from Rs. 15 to Rs. 150

BEAUTIFUL LOCKETS ....from Rs. 18 to Rs. 250

ALBUMS, for Carte de Visites ....from Rs. 1 to Rs. 50

ALBUMS, for large Photographs ....from Rs. 7 to Rs. 20

FRAMES, for Photographic Pictures ....from Rs. 2 to Rs. 20

LADIES' Fancy WORK-BOXES ....from Rs. 10 to Rs. 40

LADIES' WRITING DESKS ....from Rs. 10 to Rs. 40

LADIES' SCENT BOTTLE CASES ....from Rs. 15

LADIES' GLOVE BOXES ......from Rs. 12

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEF BOXES ....from Rs. 12

LADIES' WORK CASES.........from Rs. 18

TATTING CASES (Balloon Shape) ....from Rs. 12

LADIES' DRESSING BAGS, fitted, complete ....Rs. 100

GENTLEMEN'S DRESSING BAGS, fitted ....Rs. 100

ENVELOPE CASES and BLOTTERS, en suite, for the Drawing-room Table......from Rs. 30

BEZIQUE, for 2 or 4 PLAYERS ....from Rs. 3 to Rs. 15

ALLIANCE DISPATCH BOXES, of Russia Leather, fitted, complete, with Stationery with outside Leather Cover ....Rs. 100

ARMY and NAVY DISPATCH BOXES, fitted, complete, as above ....Rs. 100

UNIVERSITY DISPATCH BOXES, fitted as above ....Rs. 75

GLADSTONE DISPATCH BOXES...Rs. 35

WRITING CASES, in great variety ....from Rs. 20

MORDAN'S
GOLD PEN and PENCIL CASES ....from Rs. 25

MORDAN'S
SILVER PEN and PENCIL CASES ....from Rs. 2-8

MORDAN'S
GOLD and SILVER TOOTH PICKS ....from Rs. 1

BRONZE INKSTANDS, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 5

FANCY INKSTAND, for Drawing-room Tables in great variety......from Rs. 3

STATIONERY CASES, in variety, suitable for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 10

MAGNIFYING GLASSES and LENSES, for examining Photos and other Works of Art, suitable for PRESENTATION ...from Rs. 3 to Rs. 20

OPERA GLASSES, suitable for PRESENTATION to either Ladies or Gentlemen ....from Rs. 10 to Rs. 60

COLOUR BOXES, suitable for PRESENTATION to Children ....from Rs. 1 to Rs. 20

PICTURES, CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS, or exquisitely TINTED PHOTOGRAPHS ....from Rs. 5 to Rs. 20

SALVERS, richly plated on Nickel Silver, suitable for PRESENTATION, from Rs. 15 to Rs. 50

TANKARDS, or BEER MUGS ....from Rs. 10 to Rs. 50

CRUETS, suitable for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 12 to Rs. 75

LIQUOR FRAMES, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 45 to Rs. 100

BUTTER COOLERS, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 20 to Rs. 40

SILVER MUGS, for PRESENTATION to Children ....from Rs. 30

SILVER KNIFE, FORK, and SPOON, for PRESENTATION to Children ....from Rs. 20

STEREOSCOPES, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 5

HARMONIUMS, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 100

SERAPHINAS, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 80

FLUTINAS, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 30

VIOLINS, in Cases, with Bows, complete, for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 50

FLUTES, with German Silver or with Solid Silver Keys and Mounts, suitable for PRESENTATION ....from Rs. 30 to Rs. 15[illegible]

GUITARS, in Cases, suitable for PRESENTATION ....from Rs [illegible]

CHURCH SERVICES and PRAYER BOOKS, for PRESENTATION......from [illegible]

TANKARDS, in solid Silv[illegible] SENTATION [illegible]

JEWEL CASES [illegible] tion, in Russia [illegible] handsome Present[illegible]

BICY[illegible]

MILITARY.

ARRIV[illegible]. DECEMBER 24.

Church, Major, Madras Staff Corps, on furlough from ——
P[illegible]tt, Lieutenant, 66th Regiment, on medical certificate, from Hydrabad.
Rose, Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd Queen's, on leave, from Poona.
Roberts, Captain, Royal Artillery, on duty, from Belgaum.
Salmon, Captain, Staff Corps, on leave, from Kattiewar.
Tanner, Major, Staff Corps, on duty, from Kurrachee.

DECEMBER 26.

Beale, Surgeon, 49th Regiment, on duty, from Deesa.
Duckering, Assistant Surgeon, Medical Department, to rejoin, from England.
Godfrey, Captain, Madras Staff Corps, on private affairs, from Nagpore.
Pim, Captain, 3rd King's Own Hussars, on leave, from Ahmednuggur.
Urquhart, Lieutenant, 108th Regiment, on duty, from Deolalee.
Welsh, Assistant Surgeon, Medical Department, on leave, from Ahmedabad.
Miller, Schoolmaster, Bengal, from sick leave, from Liverpool.
Bacon, Colonel, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, Bengal, from furlough, from Southampton.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 21.

Murray, Lieutenant-Colonel, Hydrabad Contingent, to [illegible], to Aurungabad.
Hanson, Assistant Surgeon, Staff, on duty, to [illegible].
Robertson, Major, H. M.'s 28th Regiment N. I., on furlough, to Europe.
Church, Major, Madras Staff Corps, on furlough, to Europe.
Briggs, Major, 5th Fusiliers, on [illegible] to England.
Molyneux, Captain, 1st Regiment N. I., on furlough, to England.
Mignon, Lieutenant-Colonel, [illegible] Staff Corps, on furlough, to England.
Fawkes, Lieutenant, [illegible], on sick certificate, to England.
Harcourt, Capt[illegible] Staff Corps, on furlough, to England.
Holland, Capt[illegible] Engineers, on furlough, to England.
Keays, Major, [illegible] Commissary General, on furlough, to England.

DECEMBER 26.

Fawkes, Major, 1st Madras Cavalry, on furlough, to Kamptee.
Urquhart, Lieutenant, 108th Regiment, on duty, to Deolaee.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Poona, 24th December, 1870.

Captain G. M. Lyons, Wing Officer 21st N.I., officiated as 2nd in Command, and Captain H. J. Stock as Wing Officer in addition to his own duties, from the 3rd to the 15th December 1870.

The undermentioned returned to duty by permission of the Secretary of State for India on the dates specified :—Colonel Roll Westropp, Poona Horse; Lieutenant W. Reynolds, 2nd Squadron Officer 3rd Sind Horse; Ensign J. Blair, Ordnance Department—on the 18th December 1870.

Ensign J. Ferguson, Staff Officer, Poorundhur, commanded the Sanatarium from the 11th November to the 16th December 1870.

Assistant Surgeon D. B. Ling, general duty, Northern Division, is transferred to the Poona Division.

The leave to Bombay granted by G. O. C. No. 768 of 7th instant, to Captain Dent, 3rd Hussars, is cancelled.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

30th Foot—Major R. B. Baker, to England, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

60th Foot, 2nd Battalion—Colonel F. R. Palmer, to England, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

POONA DIVISION ORDERS.

BY MAJOR-GENERAL J. T. GRANT, C. B.,
COMMANDING P. D. A.

Poona, 23rd December, 1870.

At the recommendation of the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals British Troops, Staff Assistant Surgeon Eaton, who has lately arrived for general duty in this division, is directed to do duty at the General Depot.

The Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, British Troops, has permission to proceed to Poorundhur for the purpose of making the annual inspection of barracks and hospitals, and will travel expeditiously there and back at the public expense.

The Senior Medical Officer present will take charge of Dr. Stewart's office during that officer's absence.

Poona, 24th December, 1870.

The services of Lieutenant Nicolas, Royal Horse Artillery? being no longer required at the General Depot, he returned to Secunderabad at the public expense.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
24	M.S. Elphinstone (s)	Raffin	Goa, Dec. 23.
	Futtel Man	Nacoda	Bunder Abbas, Nov. 10.
	Millbanke (s)	Smith	Liverpool, Nov. 17.
25	Houri	Stapleton	Calcutta, Dec. 4.
	Taptee (s)	Morrison	Cutch, Dec. 22.
26	Duke of Edinburgh	Balmanno	London, Aug. 18.
	Sumatra (s)	Fraser	Suez, Dec. 12.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
24	Annie	Baker	Rangoon.
	Nicobar	Foster	Cochin.
	J. P. Smith	Bremen	Rangoon.
	Deccan (s)	Reynoldson	Aden and Suez.
	General Outram (s)	Teasdale	Cutch.
26	Atlantic	Mellin	Calcutta.
	India (s)	Turner	Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.
	M.S. Elphinstone (s)	Raffin	Coast and Goa.
	Basheer (s)	Sharp	Beypore.
	Ellen Bates	Stewart	Liverpool.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Barque New Margaret, Wright, to Colombo.
Ship Tangier, MacNabb, to Rangoon.

The steamer M. S. Elphinstone, to Coast and Goa, began to load on saturday last.

The steamer Taptee, to Cutch Mandvee, began to load yesterday.

THE HOOGHLY.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
21	Mooltan (s)	Babot	Suez, Nov. 27.
	Shand	Routledge	Liverpool, July 2.
22	Glengyle (s)	Auld	Liverpool, Nov. 1.
	Russia (s)	Law	London, Oct. 26.
23	Indian	Peyron	Coconada, Dec. 5.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
20	Sattara (s)	Ballantine	Calcutta.
22	Galatea (s)		Suez.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	Dacca (s)		Calcutta.
	York		Coconada.
22	Sattara (s)		Bombay.

DAILY IMPORTS.—26TH DECEMBER.

FROM LONDON.

Tagus (s), 54 boxes bar soap, Goolamally.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Timsah (s), 2 cases paper, A. H. Abdoola; 33 cases component part machinery, Proprietors Bombay Bhattia S. and W. Mills.

DAILY EXPORTS.—24TH DECEMBER.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Deccan (s), 7 bales cotton, G. Sigg & Co.
Ellen Bates, 31 bales cotton, Nawrosjee Shobaram.

FOR LONDON.

Deccan (s), 149 pieces E. teeth, Simrett Durvesh.
Columbian (s), 40 cases leerabole, Ladhabhoy Rajubally; 4 bundles E. teeth, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy.

FOR TRIESTE.

Columbian (s), 89 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels & Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ellora (s), 175 bales cotton, Dewjeebhoy Goolamhossain; 51 bales cotton, Dadabhoy Cowasjee Tata; 2 bundles E. teeth, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy.

26TH DECEMBER.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Historian (s), 50 bales wool, Murarjee Cursondas; 48 bales cotton, Narronjee Bhimjee; 45 bales wool, Bhaojee Topun.
Gitana, 300 bales cotton, H. Glason & Co.

FOR LONDON.

Parana, 18 cases olibanum, Mooljeebhoy Jewraz.
Saladin, 47 pieces teeth, John Momed Meajee.
Columbian (s), 16 cases fishmaws, Ludduckbhoy Rajuballee; 134 pieces E. teeth, Vassonjee Dewchund; 41 cases olibanum, Cassum Munjee; 6 bales cow hides, Rehemoobhoy Russoolbhoy.

FOR TRIESTE.

Columbian (s), 91 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Columbian (s), 100 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ellora (s), 26 bales cotton, Nursee Kessowjee & Co.

FOR VENICE.

Columbian (s), 350 bales cotton, G. Sigg & Co.

TO OWNERS of COTTON PRESSES.—Attention is called to Section 5 of Act IX. of 1863. APPLICATIONS for RENEWAL of LICENCES should be sent in forthwith to the Office of the Inspector-in-Chief, Cotton Department, Apollo Street, Bombay.

G. F. FORBES,
Officiating Inspector-in-Chief, Cotton Department.
Bombay, 24th December 1870.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Ship DUKE OF EDINBURGH, Captain BALMANNO, from London, are requested to SEND OFF BOATS at once to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS, otherwise the same will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

Captain BALMANNO will not be responsible for the condition of any package after it has once left the ship's side.

G. F. PIM & Co.,
Agents, Ship Duke of Edinburgh.
Bombay, 26th December 1870.

THE WAR-TELEGRAMS WILL BE ISSUED FROM THIS OFFICE TO-DAY AS SPECIAL EDITIONS IMMEDIATELY ON ARRIVAL.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS ONE RUPEE, AND THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

JUDGE—SHEPHERD—December 24th, at St. Andrew's Church, by the Rev. John Paton, Alfred Judge, to Ma'Ilda Shepherd.—No cards.

BENGAL.

DEATH.

BLOCHMANN—December 22nd, at Madrasah, Calcutta, Ernest Percival Bochmann, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Blochmann, aged 1 year 2 months and 14 days.

MADRAS.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—December 20th, at Malleepoorum, Malabar, the wife of Assistant Surgeon Dr. H. B. Anderson, M. D., Army Medical Staff, of a son.
CLERK—December 17th, at Spur Tank, Madras, the wife of S. W. Clerk, Esq., of a son.
LUXMOORE—December 10th, at Bangalore, the wife of Captain Luxmoore, M. S. C., of a son.
DAVIDSON—December 14th, at Palaveram, the wife of Army [illegible] J. Davidson, of a son.
[illegible]—December 12th, at [illegible]gaur, the wife of Colonel W. J. [illegible], Commandant [illegible] Regiment M. N. I., of a daughter.
[illegible]VY—December 17th, at Mysore, the wife of William V. Davy, of a son.
[illegible]—December 19th, at Bangalore, the wife of Captain [illegible]stone Shaw, Mysore Commission, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

[illegible]TON—SIMPSON—December 20th, at St. Thomé Church, [illegible] R. Symonds, M. A., John Creighton, Esq., [illegible], Tanjore, to Margaret Laverick, eldest [illegible] Simpson, Esq., of Peckham Rye, London.

[illegible]ST PROVINCES, &c.

[illegible]w, the wife of J. A. Larsen, [illegible]
[illegible] the wife of Captain Kelly, [illegible]
[illegible] the wife of D. Lan-[illegible]
[illegible] St. Mary's [illegible]

NOTICE.

All CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances, sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

All communications respecting advertisements should be addressed to the "Advertisement Department."

Bombay Gazette Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1870.

THE war telegrams are now so vague and old that comment on them is useless. We may, however, state that the two sorties mentioned were made as widely apart as possible. General Ducrot, in front of Valerian, threatened Versailles ; General Vinoy, in the east, had moved out in front of Forts Nogent and Rosny, and had occupied a position on the high ground between the Marne and the forest of Bondy ; Ville Evrart and Maison Bianche being on the flanks of his position. He was about three miles from the forts.

THE High Court is entrusted with very extensive powers, and we are all bound to be grateful that, as a rule, they are so excellently applied in furtherance of the aims of law and the cause of justice. That august tribunal, however, cannot claim, in reason, either absolute freedom from error or immunity from criticism. We are bound to presume, and we do presume, that, on the whole, the High Court is right in what it does, but where the High Court appears to have done wrong, the public interest requires that the error should be pointed out. There are many things in the High Court's mode of dealing with the Sharman case which strike an outsider with astonishment, but we refrain from referring to them, because, as outsiders, we look to be frequently amazed by what is called law and bewildered by what is called technicality. On one point the reserve with which we treat these matters is overborne by larger considerations, and we may venture to challenge propriety of the course adopted by the Bench. The point referred to is the expediency, we may say the propriety, of dragging two mofussil magistrates from their proper work to Bombay, and calling upon one of them actually engaged in trying a case to swear an affidavit in that case. We cannot help feeling that Mr. Pritchard made a strong point when he described the inconvenience of the course pursued. It is a mere accident, so far as these proceedings are concerned, that Bombay and Poona are connected by railway. It is conceivable that the site of the trial in the mofussil might have been Belgaum or Hydrabad in Sind, and had it been at either the one or the other the inconvenience would have be so manifest as to become ludicrous as well as injurious to the public interests. We say nothing about the very small use made of the two gentlemen when they were here, and do not dwell on the fact that the mode of procedure adopted was not calculated to bring under the notice of the Judge called upon to decide, the whole available evidence bearing on the question before the Court ; but many outsiders, considering the judgment, were impressed with the fact, and as tounded at the narrowness of the basis on which the Judge thought proper to rely. We refer to the matter again, because it is of the last importance in regard to the administration of justice in the mofussil, and to the status of mofussil magistrates. If, instead of summoning the magistrates, the Court had called for the whole of the record, the ends of justice and the object of having a Court would have been answered; whereas the effect of the procedure adopted was that the ends of justice were not answered—the result being simply delay. Moreover, Mr. Pritchard, we venture to think, made out a case for the validity of the course followed at Poona, and if his statements are correct, they only bring out more distinctly than ever the slender ground on which the Judge based his decision. In regard to the form of the complaint—the letter which the Judge assumed, because it was a letter, could not be looked upon as a regular complaint, Mr. Pritchard distinctly affirms that a complaint in the shape of a letter, beginning "Dear sir," and ending "Your's truly," for example, is valid ; and we should like to ask, whether the High Court itself, on the Appellate side, has not recently affirmed [illegible] so that a "chit" may be a legal form of complaint? Is there not such a decision, and if so, should not the Judge have been cognizant of its existence? Also, might he not have fairly assumed that all accessory forms, in regard to that letter, had been complied with, instead of assuming that they had not ? Is the benefit of the doubt to be the sole property of prisoners, and are magistrates and judges to be excluded from its operation ? Indubitably a Court, especially a High Court, should protect the liberty of the subject ; but surely that is not the sole end and aim of a Court ? Ought not a Court to protect magistrates and other persons from the assaults of gentlemen at the bar, and also take the public interest into consideration, sometimes ? In this very case the gentlemen engaged in an investigation, ordered by the highest authority, have very arduous and unpleasant duties to perform, and it seems to the outsiders that the proceedings in the High Court have not been of a nature calculated to support those gentlemen or promote the interests of a much-taxed community.

MR. FIELD's stable won a victory and suffered a defeat at Calcutta on Saturday. Zilzilla won the Coffee Room Stakes, beating Silvertail. Sunbeam got a bad start in a race for a purse, and was beaten by Growler, Shamrock second.

WE regret to learn from the "Jubbulpore Chronicle" that Mr. H. L A. Davis, Executive Engineer of Hoshungabad, has been severely mauled by a tiger. Although the injuries have been very serious no bones have been broken.

THE "Deccan Herald" hears that "the investigations of Mr. Pritchard at Kurruckwasla into the Public Works Frauds have resulted already in charges against a native contractor for criminal breach of trust and other offences."

WE understand that H. E. the Governor has consented to preside at the University Convocation for conferring degrees, which will be held between the 12th and 15th January next.

THE HON. MR. JUSTICE GREEN left Bombay on Saturday last for Delhi.

THE Poona Hunt is to meet at Kaungaum on Thursday the 29th instant.

MR. DOSABHOY FRAMJEE, the Income Tax Collector, left Bombay for Calcutta on Saturday last.

THE Government of India has sanctioned the construction of the Furrucknugger Branch of the Rajpootana Railway.

MR. MONTEATH's proposition to reduce the postage on Indian newspapers to half anna is, the "Calcutta Examiner" believes, under consideration by Government.

THERE is a talk in some circles, says our Lahore contemporary, of projected expeditions against the Waziris of the Tank frontier, and also on the Bunnoo border.

WE are glad to learn from the "Bangalore Herald" that Captain Robinson and Cornet M'Causland of the Lancers are progressing most favourably towards recovery.

THE Government of India has confirmed the sanction accorded by the Government of Bombay, to a grant of a donation of Rs. 500 to Ranee Vukhut Kooverba to enable her to make a pilgrimage to Benares.

THE services of Mr. Kellner have been placed at the disposal of the Military Department of the Supreme Government for the preparation of the Military Budget for the ensuing year, in consequence of the absence of Colonel Broome on sick leave.

AT the suggestion of the Madras authorities, the Government of India has addressed the Secretary of State on the subject of the employment of able-bodied destitute Europeans sent from India on the American Railway at San Francisco.

THE "Pioneer" believes that Colonel Blair Reid, the Superintendent of the Chumba State, has applied for and obtained two years' furlough to England. He will avail himself of this leave at once, and will be succeeded (it is supposed) by Colonel George MacAndrew.

[illegible] MAJESTY's 21st FUSILIERS have left Rangoon [illegible]moo and Tonghoo, on being relieved by [illegible] Regiment. This latter corps will, [illegible] change places early in the year [illegible] Battalion, H. M.'s 10th Regiment, at Secundrabad, which is destined to be the permanent garrison of Rangoon.

FROM Madras we learn that Lieutenant Colonel Malleson, guardian to the Maharajah of Mysore, is about to proceed on a visit to the Viceroy in charge of three young noblemen of the Mysore court. These are the second brother of the Maharajah Soobramenya raj Urs ; his cousin, Nunjoon raj Urs ; and the Oulway Deva raj Urs.

SOUTHERN INDIA is producing prodigies in tigers. Lately we heard of the climbing tiger. Now we are told by the "Neilgherry Excelsior" of a sporting gentleman having shot a large tiger on the Koodahs, and taken from it three cubs scarcely an inch in size. They were nearly perfect, the claws and head having attained a full development !

A MR. KEAUGHRAN, writing to the "Inquirer and Commercial News," a paper published in Western Australia, and dating his letter from the Greenough, says—"In a hole in which we prospected for gold—eighteen feet deep, and thirteen feet six inches in solid rock—we came upon a petrified human body, the foot of which I am bringing to Perth. A great portion of the body got broken up before we noticed what it was, or we might have got it out entire."

THE preliminary statement of Messrs. Charles Nephew and Co., Calcutta, shows liabilities Rs. 34,73 541, assets Rs. 22,57,451, leaving a deficit of about Rs. 12,16,126. Among the creditors for the largest amounts are Messrs. Parke Pittar & Co., London ; Messrs. J. Halphen & Co., Paris, and Mr. A. J. Lattey, London. It is said the bazaar debts are estimated at Rs. 4,00,000, but of this not quite a fourth is expected to be realized.

INTELLIGENCE has reached the Calcutta "Examiner" from Aden of serious differences between the Sultan of Lahedj and Kaid bin Hossein, the principal Chief of the Ohta Mahomed tribe, whose country intervenes between Lahedj and Sanaa. "The latter is girding up his loins for war on some frivolous pretext about transit dues exacted by his neighbour, but really, we suspect, because his clansmen have not of late had the excitement of a good raid. Their evil passions will not be allayed, after hearing of the recent success of the Ascerees against Hodeida."

MR. MALLET, a member of the Geological Survey Department, has on his way out to India made a halt at Aden with the view of ascertaining what facilities there are for supplying that settlement with a more abundant supply of fresh water. He went into the interior as far as to the foot of the hills which lie to the north of Aden. His opinion is that nothing can be done by means of Artesian wells, but that from wells near Mahilla, where the present Sheikh Othman aqueduct begins, good water might be obtained and brought in. It is believed that Mr. Mallet intends to submit a detailed report on the subject.

THE Tours correspondent of the "Indian Daily News" has had the great honour of dining in company with M. Gambetta, and reports the good things that fell from that irrepressible gentleman. We quote :—

"During dessert he became animated and told us how the ex-Empress, because she had not a dinner toilette at Cassel, would not stop a whole day there with the ex-Emperor. This piece of bad taste and frivolity reminded him of a collection of photographs of Eugenie and Monsignor Bauer, her favourite chaplain, taken in Egypt, and found by Gambetta in a desk in her *boudoir* at the Tuileries. There were over a hundred, and represented Eugenie and the 'apostolical' prothonotary in very theatrical *poses plastiques*, and in every variety of costume worn between the poles and the tropics."

FROM accounts received, the "Pioneer" fears the Peshawur fair has not this season kept its last year's promise of success. "If, as we are told, the total sales have not exceeded three lakhs, there is indeed a falling off. But the display of goods was manifestly less than last year. Then, for instance, Cashmere sent a great stock of shawls and wools, while this year that interesting region was almost entirely unrepresented at Peshawur. Even with regard to such goods as were brought, the merchants complained that there were no purchasers. It would be premature to despair, but thus far it is clear that the fair has failed to secure a solid popularity."

NEXT LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

WE are authorised to announce that Mr. George Campbell will succeed Sir W. Grey as Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

GOVERNORSHIP OF MADRAS.

THE "Madras Times" thinks it may now be considered pretty certain that Lord Napier will be asked to remain at his post as Governor of [illegible] or office has expired. "It is rather strange that no positive intimation has yet been made ; but we have full confidence in the information we have received to the effect that the Duke of Argyll does not contemplate sending us a new Governor next March, if Lord Napier is willing to stay."

VICEREGAL HOT SEASONS.

THERE is, the "Examiner" believes, very little danger of Ranee Khet being selected as the Viceregal summer sojourning place to the injury if not partial abandonment of Simla. "Lord Mayo spends next hot season at the latter pretty, though, of late, by no means very cleanly hill station, and has, we understand, expressed his intention of also sojourning there during the hot season of 1872. The last year of the Viceregal lustrum will, it is said, be passed at Poona."

OFFICIAL ITEMS FROM MADRAS.

THE "Madras Mail" of the 21st instant says—"Mr. J. Hunter Blair, C. S., will in all probability bid the Custom House a long farewell to-day on his appointment to act as third member of the Board of Revenue, in the room of Mr. Thornhill, C. S. who takes three months leave, at the expiration of which Mr. Blair will proceed to England on furlough. Mr. Garstin, C. S., as we intimated last week, will act as Collector of Sea Customs and Protector of Emigrants during Mr. Blair's employment elsewhere, or until further orders. Colonel Fordyce, C. B., will act as Private Secretary, without prejudice to his duties as Military Secretary to the Governor. Mr. Loch, U. C. S., will, for the present, retain the officiating presidentship of the Municipal Commission, unless, indeed, Sir Colley Scotland, or Bishop Gell, or Archdeacon Dealtry, should be compelled by ill-health to resign that branch of the public service to which they respectively belong, in which event Mr. Loch's eminent claims will probably receive further recognition from a Government that is ever anxious to reward bashful merit."

INOCULATION.

THE "Pioneer" rejoices that Dr. Charles' scheme for spreading the practice of inoculation has been peremptorily rejected by Government. "The memorandum of the late Inspector-General of Hospitals in Bengal appeared to us conclusive on the question. He established, in our opinion, in the first place that inoculation offers no better security against small-pox in the subject of the operation than *good* vaccination ; and in the second place, that inoculation often *actually causes* local outbreak of small-pox, inasmuch as it is practically impossible so to isolate inoculated patients as to securely circumscribe the disease. It is true that Dr. Charles suggests certain measures for this purpose, but it is sufficient to reflect on their complication in order to be convinced that their effective application could not always be counted on. Under these circumstances, we welcome the distinct language of the Lieutenant-Governor, that 'to recognize authoritatively the pernicious system of inoculation would be a decidedly retrograde step.' It remains that the names of inoculators in each district should be carefully registered, in order that, in case they should refuse to be instructed and enrolled as vaccinators, their proceedings may be jealously watched."

COLONEL STRACHEY.

IT was rumoured some little time back that on the return from furlough of Colonel Dickens, Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Public Works, Colonel R. Strachey, then officiating for that officer, would be appointed to the projected Secretariat of Agriculture. But, as we stated yesterday, it having come to be understood that Mr. A. O. Hume will be the first Agricultural Secretary, there has arisen some little speculation as to how Colonel Strachey is to be provided for. It may therefore not be amiss to say that the probability is that that able and gallant officer's service in this country will terminate on the return of Colonel Dickens, that is early next year. Colonel Strachey however, we are glad to be able to think, will neither be "shelved," nor put on the "pension list." The well-informed say that he is certain to be appointed Consulting Engineer to the Secretary of State for India, with a bureau at the India House ! An enviable billet of this kind is not likely to be vacated in a hurry by even the ably restless colonel, and Consulting Engineer to the Home Government of India he will probably remain until another turn of the wheel in his favor may cause him to be sent out again not to a Secretariat but as Chief Commissioner of a non-regulation province, member of the Executive Council, or in the still more exalted capacity of a Lieutenant Governor.—*Calcutta Examiner.*

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

[PER REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE WAR.

By British Indian Cable.

BORDEAUX, 22ND DECEMBER.

French official news asserts that the Prussians have evacuated the country near Rouen, and that the enemy have definitively decided not to pursue their march beyond Tours but are returning to Orleans, probably in consequence of the strategical movements of the French armies at other points.

BORDEAUX, 23RD DECEMBER.

Balloon news from Paris, dated the 22nd inst., states that the French officially announce the recommencement of offensive operations on the 21st.

It is stated that General Ducrot has occupied a position towards Mont Valérien, and that General Vinoy has captured Villa Evrar (sic) and Maison Blanche.

Further French reports state that the Prussians have not entered Tours, but have returned to Blois.

LONDON, 23RD DECEMBER.

The journals announce that the Conference will take place in London at the beginning of January, and that M. Thiers will represent France.

FLORENCE, 23RD DECEMBER.

The Chamber has approved of the Ministerial project for the transfer of the capital to Rome, which will take place in six months.

BORDEAUX, 24TH DECEMBER.

General Fraideherbes telegraphs from Lille, that a battle took place at Pont Nogelle on the 23rd instant, in which the French were victorious after seven hours' fighting.

News from Paris, dated the 22nd instant, states that no further engagements have taken place. Fresh operations are imminent.

FLORENCE, 26TH DECEMBER.

Prince Amadeus has left for Spain.

The piercing of the Mont Cenis tunnel has terminated.

By Indo-European Telegraph.

LONDON, 19TH DECEMBER, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day was firm. Fair Dhollera 6¾d.

The homeward Bombay Mail of the 3rd inst. reached Suez on the 16th idem.

The Bombay Mail of the 27th ult. was delivered in London to-day.

LONDON, 20TH DECEMBER, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton market to-day was firm. Fair Dhollera, 6⅝d.

The Manchester market was very steady, willing buyers for distant delivery at small decline.

7 lbs. Shirtings, 7s. 10½d.
8¼ „ „ 9s. 4½d.
40's Mule Twist, 11¼d.
Consols, 91¾.

LONDON, 21ST DECEMBER, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day continued firm.

Fair Dhollera, 6⅝d.

Exchange on India 1s. 10¼d.

Consols 91¾.

The transport Crocodile has arrived at Portsmouth.

LONDON, 22ND DECEMBER, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day was strong.

Fair Dhollera 6¾d.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending 21st December show the following results :—

Reserve of Notes ....£14,000,000, Dec. £187,500.
Bills discounted .... £15,750,000, Dec. £187,000.
Bullion .... £23,[illegible], Dec. £1[illegible].
Consols 91¾.

At the periodical biddings for Government Bills on India £300,000 were allotted to Calcutta ; none to Madras; and £100,000 to Bombay. The minimum rate fixed was 1s. 10d. Tenders at 1s. 10¼d. on Calcutta received 36 per cent., and on Bombay 90 per cent. ; tenders above in full.

LATEST FROM AUSTRALIA.

By Indian Telegraph.

GALLE, 25TH DECEMBER.

The steamer Avoca, from King George's Sound 12th, Melbourne 6th, and Sydney 3rd December, has arrived.

No news of importance.

The Duke of Edinburgh left for Auckland on 16th November.

Coffee, dull. Sugar, prices unchanged. Metal market, depressed. Rice, little doing—quoted at £20 to £21.

BOMBAY SCHOOL OF ARTS.

"ON the recommendation of the Bombay Government" (we quote the "Indian Daily News") "the Government of India has sanctioned the grant of Rs. 15,000 per annum in aid of the School of Arts and Industry at Bombay, in addition to the amount realised by private contributions, on the understanding that the Government would withdraw the aid now sanctioned, when the school becomes a self-supporting institution. The Supreme Government is also said to have approved of the proposal to appoint a director of the school. The post is to be given either to a separate officer, or the head master of the institution is to be appointed to perform the duties of the director, in addition to his own on an additional allowance, as the local Government, should think fit. The Supreme Government, while sanctioning the above proposals, has directed that the expenses of the Bombay School of Arts and Industry, which now appear to be rather heavy, should be reduced, and placed on the same footing with the similar institution at Calcutta as regards expenditure."

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE Bombay local committee to further the objects of the next International Exhibition in London, met in the Durbar Room of the Town Hall on Saturday for the purpose of inspecting the articles submitted by the sub-committee and making selections from these. There were present the Hon'ble Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., in the chair, Dr. Bhau Daji, the Hon'ble Byramjee Jejeebhoy, Colonel J. A. Ballard, Captain Hancock, Mr. A. T. Crawford, Mr. G. W. Terry, Mr. F. F. Lidderdale, Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot, and Mr. C. R. Ovans, honorary secretary.

Mr. Ovans intimated that a letter had been received from the Commander-in-Chief, in which His Excellency expressed his regret at being absent from the meeting.

Mr. Ovans also stated that since last meeting two more letters had been received from Mr. Rivett-Carnac, informing the committee that the Rs. 5,000 was merely a preliminary grant, and wishing to know how much more would be required. On the strength of this, he (Mr. Ovans) had addressed a letter to the Chief Secretary, requesting another sum of Rs. 7,000 to be placed at the disposal of the committee at once. It was more than probable that the amount asked for would be granted.

It was agreed on the motion of Mr. Crawford, seconded by Mr. Lidderdale, that the sub-committee be requested to complete the collection, for the approval of the general committee, of all articles deemed worthy of exhibition ; and that the general committee, having made its selection, do then make an inventory of the selected articles and frame an estimate of the price of the same, and of the space required, and do intimate to the Government of India by telegraph that it is able to fill a certain space in a fitting manner at a certain cost, for which specific sanction should be at once accorded. It was then agreed that as the articles are selected, they should, with the permission of the Chief Secretary to Government, be deposited in the Town Hall up to the 8th prox.

The committee selected several of the articles exhibited. In the Fine Arts department, they selected articles of blackwood furniture made in Bombay, Bombay and Surat work, Ahmedabad and Surat kinkhobs, Bombay gold, silver, and silk embroidery, and toys of various kinds and materials. Some gold necklaces and other ornaments exhibited by a Bania attracted much notice. Several tables in the vestibule, we noticed, were covered with very beautifully finished fancy work and plain sewing, &c., which appeared to give great satisfaction to the ladies present, who were of course much better judges than we of the merits of the work.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY.

THE annual "exhibition" of the Bombay Scottish Education Society was held on Friday afternoon in the Byculla Branch school-room, and was attended by a large number of ladies and gentlemen interested in the schools and of the friends of the pupils. Mr. John Connon, the chairman of the Society, occupied the chair, and amongst the gentlemen present were Colonel Davidson, Rev. Mr. Boyd, Rev. Mr. Paton, Dr. Wright, Dr. Jardine, Mr. W. F. Hunter, Mr. Dods, Dr. Arnott, Dr. Blaney, Mr. G. R. Wilson, Mr. N. Spencer, Mr. John Macfarlane, &c.

The meeting was opened by the singing of the Hundredth Psalm and prayer by Mr. Boyd. Excepting as regards music, the meeting was in no way an examination, but rather what in Bombay is called an "exhibition,"—that is music by the pupils, a distribution of prizes, and perhaps a speech or two. In Bombay, in fact, even at what are called examinations there is but little examining ; the Government Inspector's report is the all-important test, and a lengthy examination simply exhausts the patience of the audience. The Rev. Mr. Paton, one of the hon. secretaries, explained the reason why even the usual short examination was dispensed with—namely, that not only the children, but the masters and mistresses, were completely tired out from having had the Government inspection going on during the previous three days. That the time usually occupied by examination in reading, parsing, dictation, &c., was agreeably filled up will be well understood when we state that as a substitute the following programme of music was performed by the pupils :—

Duetto, Piano, "Grand Military March"	Diabelli.
Song, "Marching along"	Bradbury.
Duetto, Piano "The Heart bowed down"	Balfe.
Solo, Piano, "La dernière rose d'été"	Hess.
Duetto, Piano "La P[illegible]ste" Quadrille	Schubert.
Song, "The Fisherman's Children"	
Solo, Piano, "Souvenir de Lucrezia Borgia"	
Solo, Piano, "La Pluie de Perles"	
Duetto, Piano, Rondo	Schmuck.
Solo, Piano, "Le diamant"	Le-Duc.
Duetto, Piano, "Such a getting upstairs"	
Song, "March of the men of Harlech"	
Instrumental Medley.	

The songs were very effectively rendered, the pupils, led by Mr. McDonald, singing with spirit and precision; and Mr. Schmuck, the music master, has much reason to be proud of the performances of his pupils on the pianoforte. One or two of the duettos were played by a boy and a girl together, the solos entirely by girls, and all deservedly received the applause of the audience.

At the conclusion of this programme, the Rev. Mr. Paton read the following statement :—

For the information of members and friends of this Society it may be well at this stage of the interesting proceedings of this evening to submit the following particulars, respecting what has been doing, and what is to be done, in our four schools :—

In the Fort, where we have a boys' school and girls' school, which, though under one roof, are distinct, we have had an average attendance during the year of 108.

The boys' school has been under the charge of Mr. McDonald, and the girls' under that of Miss Collett.

The Educational Inspector has just concluded his examination, which, we have the pleasure to announce, has shown favourable results. Calculating roughly, we expect the grant-in-aid awarded to the school will be about Rs. 2,300. This grant though not absolutely is relatively a larger one than that of last year. Owing to various circumstances fewer pupils were sent up for examination this year ; but while last year's grant gave an average of only Rs. 21-11 for each pupil presented, this year's will it is expected, yield an average of Rs. 24-4. A pupil of Mr. McDonald's has passed the matriculation examination, for which the school gets a grant of Rs. 150.

The Society's schools in Byculla have also prospered ; the girls' department under Mrs. McDonald, and the boys' under Mr. McAfee. The Educational Inspector's examination of this branch, which terminated only yesterday, is most satisfactory, and proves that we have established here, what we earnestly wished to establish, viz., a thoroughly good, first class, girls' school. The education in this school is thoroughly solid. We have not sacrificed true education to the acquirement of mere accomplishments ; and yet we can confidently say from what we have seen of the manners and accomplishments of the girls that the refinements of female education are not neglected. The rendering of the music we have heard to-day shows that under the kindly and able training of Mr. Schmuck, many of our pupils promise to become accomplished musicians ; and the fancy work exhibited must have satisfied the ladies that needlework is not an unknown art among us.

The average attendance at our Byculla schools has been 71. The grant-in-aid will amount to about Rs. 1,060.

We have great pleasure in observing that Mr. McDonald's Boarding School has prospered during the year, and we can confidently recommend parents to board their children with Mr. and Mrs. McDonald. The accommodation of the boarding house is good, and the appearance of the young ladies and gentlemen who have lived there during the past year shows that everything is done to promote their health and cheerfulness. We are glad to see that the introduction of regular drill, under a competent drill sergeant, has already improved the bearing of the boys.

Our future arrangements are as follows :—Mr. and Mrs. McDonald are to [illegible] of our Byculla School, and Mr. and Mrs. Lumsden of the Fort School —both schools having such assistants as may be required. This arrangement will remove many difficulties, and it is hoped will meet the approval of parents and guardians. Mr. and Mrs. Lumsden will, it is hoped, be in Bombay in time to be present when our schools meet after the Christmas recess (on 9th January). Should any unforeseen circumstance prevent their arrival before that date, present arrangements will meantime continue.

The committee are pleased to find that their efforts have been appreciated by the public. Great responsibilities and risks have been undertaken in the determination to establish first-class boys' and girls' schools, and it is satisfactory to think that the public has so far approved what has been done, that our schools are, as near as may be, self-supporting. Self-support is what we have aimed at, and we hope soon to be able to say that our schools require no gratuitous aid whatever. It remains with the community to say by its action whether this shall be so or not. (Applause.)

A large number of handsome prizes were then distributed by the Chairman to the pupils, a part of the proceedings which it was unfortunately necessary to get through very hurriedly,—we say unfortunately, because children are always much pleased by having their prizes presented with due display, and with a distinct announcement of what the prize is presented for, which on this occasion could not be done. When most of the prizes had been presented,

The Chairman said—These proceedings I think, indeed I have no doubt, have been agreeable to you, although they have been somewhat prolonged. At this time of the evening it would not do for me to detain you long with a speech, even if I had one to make, which I have not. I think this examination is an agreeable change from the examinations I have sometimes seen in schools like this; for those of us who have left school for a long time, as is the case with me and some of my friends near me, for we perhaps do not know now very well how to examine, and are not quite sure whether the answers are right or wrong—(laughter)—in fact find ourselves quite eclipsed by the rising generation. This music which we have heard was not introduced without a purpose, as I understand more particularly from what Mr. Paton has said that we wanted to show that, although we had succeeded in giving a useful education before now, we were not without the ability of giving one which is ornamental, and that, although our society is called Scottish and the education which we give may be called like the country from which that name arises "stern and wild"—in point of fact we wish to show, and I submit to you that we have shown that we can give an education fit for a "poetic child" under these summer skies and not less happy influences ;—for I suppose we can be happy in this part of the world as well as anywhere else. The Government examination which we have just heard of, and which is the real test of the efficiency of the school, having been concluded, I am happy to inform you that the accumulated payment which we shall receive from Government will be something more than what Mr. Paton stated I think ; at all events when it is all summed up I have reason to believe it will be nearer Rs. 4,000 than Rs. 2,000, which will show extremely well, and in fact it is impossible for any one to look round these forms, and not be sure that a very good education is being given. When we started in the Fort three years ago people said we could not succeed, but we showed them that we could, and we did. When we came out to Byculla people said it was a mistake, and they described it by other names to which I shall not now make further allusion ; but we only came thinking there was a want we could supply, and it appears by the result that there was a want and that we have supplied it. (Loud applause.) We mean to continue to supply it ; and with the efficient assistance which we have in Mr. and Mrs. McDonald and their assistants, we will supply it, I think, still more and more efficiently. (Applause.) There is a subject to which I should have alluded but for the lateness of the hour, and that is a Building Fund, to which we purpose to call public attention some of these days. We are spending a deal of money for house rent, and I am glad to say that we are not quite without some means at our bankers, and a great deal of credit—(laughter)—and what between one thing and another I propose as an object of ambition to the Scottish Education Society is, I will not say to build a house, because wise people in these times buy houses instead of building them—I propose that we should buy a house, perhaps this one, which seems commodious and conveniently situated. We can rely upon the generous assistance of Government to meet us halfway, which they do to every respectably conducted institution, and it will be our own fault if we do not raise a considerable sum of money ; and I propose that before this day twelve months if we meet here we shall meet, if not at our own fireside, for I do not think there are any grates or fireplaces here, at all events in a house we can call our own. (Applause.)

Mr. Paton then called for three cheers for the Chairman, which were heartily given by the pupils ; and a call for a cheer for Mrs. and Mr. McDonald was so favourably received that it was difficult to get the lusty cheering stopped.

Mr. Connon afterwards referred to the valuable and varied services to the society and to the schools of the honorary secretaries, first the Rev. Mr. Macpherson (now in Europe) and the Rev. Mr. Boyd ; and now Mr. Boyd and the Rev. Mr. Paton. The compliment paid by Mr. Connon to these gentlemen was felt to be justly deserved by every one who knew anything of the practical working of the society.

The proceedings were then concluded by the singing of "God save the Queen," and the meeting dispersed.

The increase in the number of pupils this year was striking, and we congratulate the society, and Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, on the great success with which the labours of the past twelve months have been rewarded. We suppose this was the largest gathering of European school-children attending schools of this class, that has ever been seen in Bombay ; and we are sure that the bright cheerful looks of the pupils must have left a most pleasing impression on all present.

The schools of the society will be re-opened after the Christmas recess on Monday, 9th January. Mr. McDonald's boarders are expected to rejoin on Saturday, 7th January.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL OF THE 2ND DECEMBER.

THE P. & O. Co.'s s. s. Sumatra arrived in harbour about half past one o'clock yesterday, having on board the English mail of the 2nd inst. The Sumatra sailed from Suez on the 12th inst. at 9 P.M., arrived at Aden at 6 40 P.M. on the 18th, and resumed her voyage at 4-15 A.M. next day. She brings the following passengers :—

FROM SOUTHAMPTON.

Mrs Rose and child	Miss Scott
Colonel Cookson	Captain and Mrs Bunbury
Colonel Bacon	Mr and Mrs C J Lyall
Mrs Birdwood	Mr and Mrs J Harding
Miss Impey	Major E A Collins
Mrs Church and infant	Surgeon F Day
Mr C Bright	Mr and Mrs W Jeffrey
Mr Nelson	Mr Yates
Mr J Craig	Miss Wilkins
Mr and Mrs Gore Ouseley and 2 children	Mr R C Hornby
	Mrs Wilson
Mr J. Cowie	Mr and Mrs Rowland and child
Mr W Doig	Miss Fotheringham
Mrs Topman and 1 infant	Mr C A Winter
Mrs Macleod	Lieutenant Hennell
Mr R Macleod	Mr R Prendeville
Colonel Irvin	and
Colonel and Mrs McAndrew and child	Mr D Duncan

FROM SUEZ.

Capt Filgate	Mr R C Antrobus
Col J E Fraser	Major and Mrs Allen
Mr J B Knowles	Mr W C Bacon
Mr B L Winton	Mr A R Daly
Mr Wilson	Mr J B Cross
Mr A G Tytler	Capt McNair
Mr W C Morgan	Mr Vaughan

FROM ADEN.

Pallonjee Jamsetjee and seven servants.

WEEKLY COMMERCIAL LETTER.

[SPECIAL FOR THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."]

LONDON, 2ND DECEMBER.

THE Board of Trade returns for October and the first ten months of the year have been issued. The results they give are unexpectedly favourable, and, if they can be relied on, furnish a singularly pointed contradiction to the complaints of dull trade which have been so common. It must be observed, however, that the complaints did not become very rife till October was half over, and that the finishing up of old orders would swell the official figures, while men in business were lamenting the absence of new engagements. The declared value of the exports of British and Irish produce for October was £17,550,799 against £16,454,896 in the corresponding month of 1869, and £16,876,893 in October 1868. The increase was mainly in cotton goods and "unenumerated articles." The value of cotton yarn exported was £1,404,014 in October last against £1,144,500 in October 1869, and £1,332,030 in October 1868 ; of cotton manufactures of all kinds it was £4,889,328, £4,444,356 and £5,073,392 in October 1870, 1869, and 1868 respectively. The quantity of cotton yarn was 18,140,890 lbs., 13,763,233 lbs. and 16,790,454 lbs. ; of piece goods, plain, printed or coloured, 296,456,555 yards, 240,137,561 yards, and 287,908,051 yards—in October, 1870, 1869, and 1868 respectively. A considerable proportion of the increase falls to the share of Bombay—the quantity of yarn having been 838,450 lbs. in October last, against 403,750 lbs. in October 1869 and 378,176 lbs. in October 1868—that of piece goods 22,327,819 yards, against 18,594,688 in October 1869, and 29,528,663 yards in October 1868. The increase to Calcutta was about 75 per cent. in the quantities of cotton yarn and piece goods. The import of raw cotton during the month was 1,005,638 cwts against 911,295 cwts. in October 1869, the proportion from British India being 648,419 cwts. against 739,864 cwts. The computed real value of the total imports from Bombay and Scinde in the first three quarters of the present year was £6,074,047 against £9,528,403 in the corresponding nine months of 1869, and £7,597,927 in the similar period of 1868. The declared value of the total exports was £3,159,568 in the first nine months of the present year against £3,857,784 in the corresponding period of last year, and £4,998,644 in the first nine months of 1868.

These returns throw some light on the vexed question of the export of contraband of war, about which I wrote so much in previous letters. In October there was certainly an increased ex[illegible] being 87,922 against only 28,331 in October 1869, and 42,[illegible] in October 1868. On the other hand, if we take the totals for the ten months we find a decrease, the number being 3,74,150, 2,55,885, and 4,18,767 in 1870, 1869, and 1868 respectively. In the shipment of gunpowder there is also a falling off. The number of horses exported to France in October was 929 against 25 in October 1869. It may be remembered that one of the requests which the Prussian Government had the effrontery to make at the outbreak of the war was that we should include coal among contraband articles, and one of the most pitiable examples of unmanly, while utterly gratuitous, self humiliation of which a certain section of English journalism was guilty, was exhibited in a plea put forward by *The Times* against the concession of the Prussian claim. It was pleaded,—not that a belligerent had no right to insist on a neutral power breaking in upon the clearly understood principles of international law for his special benefit—but that our Treaty of Commerce with France prevented us from stopping the export of coal to that country, as if but for that untoward circumstance we should have been only too glad to have reversed our whole practice and contradicted our own principles at the bidding of Prussia ! It appears, however, from the Board of Trade returns that at the very time when Count Bernstorff was making these insolent claims, his canny countrymen were doing their best to profit by that very freedom of export from England which they affected to consider a hardship. The returns shew a very large increase in the export of coal to Germany in October, and a very conspicuous diminution in the export to France. The shipments of coal to France were no less than 40 per cent. below the quantity in the corresponding month of 1869, while those to Prussia and the Hanse Towns were 80 per cent. above it. The diminution to France is easily explained by the stoppage of its manufacturing industry in the North—the increase to Germany shews how inefficient has been the blockade, and how readily the Germans appropriated to themselves all the benefit they could from an arrangement which they denounced when it accidently operated in favour of their enemy.

In many of our articles of export there seems not much change, so far as Germany is concerned. Notwithstanding the blockade several commodities have been sent thither in actually increased quantities—linen, metals and woollens, for instance ; but of course the general result is the other way. The trade with France, however, seems seriously curtailed under every head. One other novel feature I may mention as brought out by these returns. Our import of raw cotton I have already given for the month of October. It shews a total increase of 11 per cent., though there is a considerable diminution of the receipt from British India. But the remarkable thing is that under the head "other countries" the import shows so sudden and unexplained an increase. While the quantity entered under this head in October last year was only 9,076 cwts., the total in October last was no less than 156,808 cwts. The explanations is, however, simple enough ; it represents transshipment from Havre and other French ports threatened by the war, and probably also to a slight extent from Antwerp.

The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Company have issued their report in anticipation of the meeting to be held on the 6th instant. The accounts are for the financial year which ended on the 30th September last, and they shew a net profit, after deducting expenses of working, interest on debentures, reserves for insurance, and depreciation and outlay for repair and renewal of ships of £142,343-9-2. A dividend of 2 per cent. for the half year is recommended, making with the 3 per cent. previously distributed, 5 per cent. for the entire year, and a balance of £7,343 9 2 will then remain to be carried forward. The Proprietors' Underwriting Account gives a credit amount, derived from the annual premium of 5 per cent. on the estimated value of the company's floating property, of £120,000, and it is proposed to pay 2 per cent. to the proprietors, leaving £66,000 to be carried to the general Reserve Fund, which will then amount to £418,923 16-10. With respect to the present fleet it is stated that the Tanjore is being fitted with a poop and new boilers at Southampton and will be despatched to Bombay via the Canal on the 24th inst, and the Malta will then return home. In addition to the new vessels contracted for, which were mentioned in the half yearly report, the directors have contracted for three more, two of 600-horse power and one of 500-horse power—the two first to be built by Caird & Co., of Greenock, and named the Agra and Pekin, and the third by Denny and Co., of Dumbarton, to be called the Indus. The five vessels to be thus added to the company's fleet will measure in the aggregate upwards of 16,000 tons, and are expected to be ready as follows—the Khedive in February, the Indus and Mirzapore in March, the Pekin in September, and the Agra in November next. The commutation of the Postal Contract, mentioned in previous letters, is also referred to. As to the charge in the conveyance of the mails necessitated by the war in France, the report states that as a temporary measure the company's packets will be transferred from the Marseilles to the Brindisi line at the end of the present month. With reference to the Suez Canal the directors say that they are still unable to use it for regular transit, but they have entered into a new convention with the Egyptian Government for the conveyance of passengers and goods between Alexandria and Suez by railway under which the charge for first class passengers has been reduced from £4-10 to £3. The report is written in an encouraging tone, and the directors point out that though, in consequence of the war, the receipts have fallen off, the expenditure has been, to a large extent, permanently diminished.

An odd statement is made here by the *Morning Post*, echoed by the *Globe*, to the effect that the Suez Canal is to pass into the hands of an English proprietary, of which the chairman will be the Duke of Sutherland. It is added that the negotiations are only delayed from the impossibility of communicating with M. de Lesseps, now in Paris. I believe the statement is quite correct, and that the Duke contemplates an early visit to Egypt in connection with the proposals to be made. Whether anything will come of it I shall not like to say. Your readers may remember that in a recent letter I spoke of the chances that the canal might fall into English hands, since the present shareholders must have abandoned all hopes of ever enjoying a dividend, and might easily be unable to keep the big ditch in good repair, should the receipts fail to yield an available surplus. But, between despairing of great success and throwing up the enterprise altogether there may be a wide gap in the case of so mercurial a people as the French, and should the siege of Paris be raised and victory again alight on the Republican banners, the Suez Canal shareholders may be altogether too [illegible] to surrender [illegible] of their great enterprise. There is utter uncertainty still on the subject. The reason why the *Morning Post* was chosen as the vehicle of the announcement is, I suppose, that Algernon Borthwick, of that journal, is a crony of the Duke of Sutherland and a dabbler in City enterprises to boot. The Duke is chairman of the Mont Cenis Railway Company, and personally takes a great interest in the Suez Canal and everything Egyptian.

A break has occurred in the first or 1865 Atlantic Telegraph cable, and as the second or 1866 cable had been previously injured, communication with America is now wholly dependent on the French Atlantic cable from Brest. This is a very serious mischance, all the more so considering how it was brought about. The company's steamer Robert Lowe had gone out to repair the fault in the 1866 cable, and it is supposed she had in doing so hooked the 1865 cable and broken it. She will now have to repair both. After all we have been told about the strength and excellence of these cables, it is rather startling to find they can be so easily deranged. It should be stated, however, that neither of the two in question were manufactured in the style to which the later doings of the Telegraph Construction Company have accustomed us. The French Atlantic and British Indian cables are much superior. A slight hitch has also occurred in the Falmouth-Gibraltar line between Lisbon and Gibraltar, but that fortunately causes only slight inconvenience, a land service being organised by the company along the regular wires.

The last series of wool sales of the year closed on Tuesday. After opening firm they became a little dull in the absence of French buyers, then rallied strongly, and for the last ten days were quite buoyant, the general result being a rise all round of from 1d. to 1½d. per lb. An unusually good home demand has been the principal cause of this improvement. The total import of colonial wool up to the present date this year has been 663,407 bales against 634,667 bales in the whole of 1869. The sales of low wool held on Wednesday comprised, amongst others, 560 bales East India. There was a good attendance and brisk competition. The better white and yellow East India kinds commanded late Liverpool rates, while inferior sorts were half and occasionally three-fourths dearer.

The cotton market has been quiet during the week, but steady with a very good feeling apparent. The sales were fair, and stocks are again reduced considerably. I think there is not at present, so far as can be judged, the slightest tendency to depression, and the general expectation is that the turn of the year will see a lively trade whether we have peace or not. In Manchester, too, the tendency has been favourable, and many of the manufacturers are still so well under contract that they can stand out for their own terms. Orders to a large extent are, it is known, held back, and they must be placed ere long, securing active consumption and production quite up to the close of the month.

The principal failures of the week have been—Joseph Mellor, manufacturer, Oldham ; Ayland and Jones, yarn agents, Manchester ; Samuel Moss, builder, of the same town ; Alliban, Nayes and Co., iron shipbuilders, Northfleet—liabilities supposed to be heavy ;—and Robert Jones, commission agent, Manchester.

Political and military incidents are beyond my province, but I may mention that the accounts yesterday and to-day of the French success in the grand sortie from Paris and near the Loire, though they produced boundless jubilation in general society, had an unfavourable effect on the Stock Exchange, where French victories are considered equivalent to prolonged war. On Wednesday rumours of the capitulation of Paris were freely circulated about the City, and a good many people were silly enough to believe the story—for a few hours. As I write the actual result of the tremendous struggle near the Seine and Marne is uncertain, but so doubtful now is the issue that for every man you meet who thinks that Paris will surrender, you will find another who thinks the siege will be raised and that the hordes of King William will afford a modern illustration of the retreat from Moscow ! As for the Eastern Question that now gives no further uneasiness, the device of a Conference being generally accepted as a ready means of escaping from the difficulty raised by Russia.

THE GREAT SORTIE FROM PARIS.

(GERMAN ACCOUNT.)

VERSAILLES, Nov. 30.—After the successful repulse by our 6th Corps of the 1st Corps of the 2nd Army of Paris yesterday, an unusually lively fire was kept up during the whole night by the forts. This morning the enemy appeared simultaneously on different points in very considerable force between the Seine and Marne.

Our positions were attacked at 11 A.M., and a very sanguinary fight ensued, which on our part was principally conducted by the Würtemburg Division, the greater portion of the 12th and a portion of the 2nd and 6th Corps d'Armée. The fight lasted until 6 P.M., by which time our victorious troops had repulsed the enemy along the whole line. Further details are still wanting.

DEC. 1.—The loss of the French in dead, wounded, and prisoners in yesterday's unsuccessful sortie was very considerable. To-day they requested an armistice for several hours for the burial of the dead. The loss of the Wurtembergers was about 40 officers and 800 men. The brigade of Dutrossel, of the 2nd Army Corps, lost 2 officers and 70 men. No account has yet been received of the Saxon losses. No movement has been made by the enemy to-day.

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—General Tumplin, commander of the 7th Corps, has sent the following despatch :—

"VILLENEUVE-LE-ROI, Dec. 1.—Yesterday, at 2 A.M., a great sortie was made from Paris, supported by heavy cannonading from all the forts and the gunboats of the Seine, against the Prussian and Wurtemberg front. The sortie was led by Generals Ducrot and Trochu at the head of 120,000 men. Until 11 A.M. they were successfully repulsed by the 6th Army Corps, and the left wing of the Würtembergers, which was vigorously attacked, was reinforced in the afternoon by six battalions of infantry, two and a half squadrons of cavalry, and two battalions of flying artillery arriving from Villeneuve St. George's.

"At 3 P.M. our positions were again severely attacked, but at 6 P.M. the French were everywhere repulsed. Owing to our fighting behind entrenchments our losses were comparatively small."

(KING WILLIAM'S REPORT.)

The King has telegraphed the following despatch to Queen Augusta :—

"The 6th Corps repulsed yesterday a sortie from the south of Paris, near L'Hay. Over 100 prisoners were captured from the enemy, who also lost several hundred men dead and wounded. Our loss was 100 men. To-day important sorties were made on the east side against the Wurtembergers and Saxons at Conneuil-sur-Marne, Champigny, and Vilner, which were captured by the French, and afterwards recaptured by our troops by the aid of our 7th Brigade. At the same time less important sorties were made towards the north-west, at St. Denis, against the Guard and the 4th Army Corps. I was unable to leave Versailles, as I desired to remain in the centre. It seems as if the enemy, reckoning upon a victory at Orleans, had anticipated a fresh success, which plan has, however, failed.—WILHELM."

(THE KING OF WURTEMBERG'S REPORT.)

BERLIN, Dec. 1, 6 P.M.—A telegram sent to the King of Würtemberg at Stuttgart, by General Oberwitz, from Château-le-Piple, on the 30th ult., says—

"To-day the 2nd and 3rd Würtemberg Brigades, supported by the 7th Prussian Brigade, victoriously encountered a sortie of a division of French troops at the Line in the direction of Mont Mesly after a serious fight which lasted five hours. The first brigade held its position between Comilly and Villiers from morning till dusk against the impetuous attacks of the French Division. The enemy was likewise repulsed at this point. We took more than 300 prisoners. Our loss amounts to 6 officers killed and 34 wounded, 700 rank and file killed and wounded. Among the latter are Colonels Berger and Hugel and Lieutenant-Colonel Link."

(FRENCH ACCOUNTS.)

TOURS, Dec. 2, 12-15 A.M.—An extraordinary edition

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[illegible] the following account of the [illegible] of the 29th ult. the sortie com[illegible]t towards Choisy-le-Roi, L'Hay, [illegible]he battle was continued on these [illegible] night of the 29th to the 30th. Ge[illegible]d the Marne on the left, and on the [illegible]0th successively occupied Mesly and [illegible]was engaged in a battle from Cham[illegible]e to Brie-sur-Marne, with its back to [illegible] The army then crossed the Marne by [illegible]es, and maintained the positions taken [illegible]ring two guns.

[illegible]e 30th Vice-Admiral de la Roncière le Noury [illegible] on Longjumeau and carried the entrenched [illegible] at Epernay.

"The attack on the south was to be made on the 1st of December, under the command of General Vinoy."

The following account, dated Paris, Wednesday night, is brought by a balloon which descended at Palais, near Morbihan. The aeronaut is Alfred Martin :—

"Proclamations were issued yesterday by General Trochu and General Ducrot, which have caused a great sensation. General Trochu in his manifesto throws the responsibility for the blood which is about to be shed upon those whose detestable ambition tramples under foot the principles of justice and modern civilization. General Ducrot in his proclamation says, 'I swear before the whole nation not to re-enter Paris unless dead or victorious.'

"Offensive operations commenced yesterday morning by the Marine Infantry and National Guard carrying the cattle-market at Choisy, while an attack was also directed against L'Hay. Last night and to-day the artillery fire was continued, and fighting was carried on at different points. General Ducrot crossed the Marne this morning and occupied Montmelis at noon. Montmelis was subsequently evacuated, and the heaviest fighting was between Champigny-sur-Marne, Brie-sur-Marne, and Villiers-sur-Marne. Our troops crossed the Marne by eight bridges, and this evening they hold the positions taken and two cannons which were captured.

"General Trochu, who eulogizes the troops in his report, forgets to mention his own services, for in certain moments he restored the fight by inciting the infantry lines to fresh efforts through his presence. This battle was supported on nearly the whole circumference of Paris by an unremitting and powerful artillery fire, which swept all the positions of the enemy.

"General Rénault, commanding the 2nd Corps, is wounded, likewise General Lacharrière.

"General Trochu says that General Ducrot deserves the thanks of the country.

"In the south General Vinoy is still reviewing the combat. We have about 2,000 wounded. The Prussian losses are very heavy.

"This information is authentic, having been given by General Schmitz."

("TIMES" TELEGRAM.)

VERSAILLES, Dec. 1, 12-16 P.M.—The great sortie of yesterday was made by General Ducrot with 50,000 men against the Würtembergers at Villiers, flanked by the 6th Corps, while a vigorous attack was also directed against the 4th Corps at Epinal and a sortie made against the Guards Corps. The enemy gained a temporary success against the Würtemberg position, but no substantial advantage. The French suffered great loss, and now occupy Champigny. The Würtemberg loss is not known. The 4th Army Corps lost seventeen officers and 200 men. The French in all numbered 80,000 men. The object of the sortie was to open communications with the Army of the Loire towards Fontainebleau, which Prince Frederick Charles had quitted.

("DAILY NEWS" TELEGRAM.)

TOURS, Dec. 1, 5-40 P.M.—The forces of General Ducrot consisted of 150,000 men, with 400 guns. He passed the Marne upon eight bridges, and obtained possession of the Fontainebleau road. Two generals were wounded, and 2,000 rank and file. The number of dead is not known. The losses of the enemy were enormous. Ducrot and Trochu have covered themselves with glory by this exploit.

M. GAMBETTA ON THE NEWS.

A telegram of last night's date from Tours says—The news of the successful sortie from Paris, vaguely rumoured this morning, became known about 4 P.M., and spread like wildfire, causing intense sensation. A great mass of people speedily collected at the Prefecture, shouting for M. Gambetta. The Minister appeared on the balcony, read the despatch already telegraphed, and addressed the people in a voice faltering with emotion. He dwelt on the untiring energy, patience, and foresight of General Trochu, the devotion of General Ducrot, and the magnificent concurrence of all engaged in this gigantic effort. All offensive means were combined, and the sortie was supported by the forts, gunboats, and the iron clad waggons on the circular railway. The troops and Mobile and National Guards fought heroically. M. Gambetta said, in conclusion—"I have good hope! Your sons will return to you victorious; victory revisits our arms; the Genius of France, momentarily veiled, again smiles radiantly upon us. The Prussians, disconcerted on all sides by our new found vigour, are [illegible] retreat; they were routed at Etrepagny, and Amiens was hastily evacuated on the news of the victory of Paris. Take courage, our Army of the Loire is resolutely advancing to meet its brethren of Paris, who can no doubt issue. Now we see the difference between a despot fighting to satisfy caprice and a nation fighting for the triumph of justice, right, and eternal honour. This victory belongs to the Republic, for the Republic has accomplished all we have seen. France is raised, re-established by her own strength, after having been betrayed, and abandoned by all. This is what a really free nation can do." M. Gambetta was frequently interrupted by shouts of "Vive Paris!" "Vive la République!"

THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

TOURS, Dec. 1, 11.30 P.M.—The latest accounts represent the Prussian army as forming a curved line before the Army of the Loire. The extreme Prussian right is at Châteaudun, where the corps from Dreux is concentrated. From Châteaudun the Prussian line extends through Barmainville, Orgères, and Janville to Toury, whence it extends to Pithiviers and Beaune-la-Rolande. Behind the first line is a second line which extends from Chartres to Fontainebleau, and communicates, via Montereau, Villeneuve l'Archevêque, and Troyes, with the Prussian troops in the east.

DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH ARMY OF THE NORTH—FALL OF AMIENS.

AMIENS has fallen into the hands of the Germans after a severe battle outside the city. It seems that General Goeben's corps of Manteuffel's army, after marching from Metz, as far as Compiegne, halted there for orders and gave time for the staff to enjoy the sport afforded by the imperial preserves. Manteuffel at length received instructions to go against Bourbaki and take Amiens, and advanced the 8th Corps accordingly, apparently without waiting for the 1st. On the 25th ult. his advance guard of cavalry was skirmishing with the Mobiles about twenty-five miles from Amiens, and on the 27th (Sunday) Goeben's troops, arriving within twelve miles of the city, encountered the French (one must suppose under their new commander, Faidherbe) advancing to meet them in a strength probably numerically greater than the Germans. The French covered the city on its west and south-west side, and were at once attacked by the enemy. The fighting, judging by the victors' account, was well maintained, and both sides suffered a good deal; but, on the whole, the French were very decidedly beaten. Their left at Villers-Bretonneux being completely forced in, before the close of the day they fell back on an entrenched position which had been prepared close to the city. No attempt was made to follow them into this—a fact sufficient to prove that they still kept a tolerable countenance. Their council of war next morning, however, decided not to endanger the city by a useless defence, and the National Guards having been disarmed, the city was abandoned to the German army, which occupied it late on the 28th. The German loss in the battle was 74 officers and 1,300 men killed and wounded. The French Mobiles are said to have been "sadly ineffective," and behaved in an unsoldierly manner. The line, however, was the first to fly. Only the seamen gunners maintained the honour of the French arms. On the 30th ultimo the citadel capitulated, after a short fight, in which the commander of the citadel fell. The beaten army is said to be in full retreat upon Arras. By this reverse, the whole of the extreme north and north-east of France is severed, except by coast communication, from the rest of the country. At Rouen it is feared that General Manteuffel will march his force to the north-west of that city, and cut it off from communication with Deippe and Havre at Malaunay, the point where the lines branch off. A correspondent at Boulogne says that the fall of Amiens has caused much depression there, and that this, combined with uncertainty respecting the supply of ammunition, prevents any great enthusiasm upon the question of resistance. "The anxiety as to the result," adds the writer, "has had the comic effect of giving rise to a suggestion among the lower classes that Boulogne and Calais should be offered to England—and this from people who would not cede Alsace and Lorraine."—*Pall Mall Budget*, Dec. 2.

(GERMAN ACCOUNT.)

VERSAILLES, Nov. 30.—Our losses in the battle of Amiens were 74 officers and 1,300 men killed and wounded. The northern army of the enemy is in complete disorder. The citadel of Amiens capitulated to-day after a short fight, in which the commander of the citadel fell. 400 prisoners with 11 officers and 30 guns were captured by us. General Werder announces that the retreat of Garibaldi has assumed the character of a flight.

G. F. TRAIN IMPRISONED.

THE London *Standard* received the following, which [illegible] for itself :—

"[To the] EDITOR OF THE 'STANDARD,' LONDON.

"[Ple]ase deny report of Mr. Train's supposed assassination, arising from his mysterious disappearance. [I] Served him in Lyons Bastille, secretly incarcerated [by] government, without accusation or explanation. No communication with outer world allowed him.

"GEO. P. BEMIS,
Private Secretary to Geo. Francis Train.
"Grand Hotel de Lyon, Lyons, France,
Nov. 23, 1870."

A PARIS balloon, with carrier pigeons and two passengers, in charge of a mail descended on Nov. 28 in Norway, eight miles from Christiania. The mails were taken by a steamer to Leith, whence they were forwarded to Tours.

UP to a fortnight before the mail left the total of the North German and Baden losses in the war was as follows:—1. Officers—dead, 802; wounded, 2,426; missing, 24; total, 3,252. 2. Soldiers—dead, 16,499; wounded, 50,249; missing (which category includes the dead not found), 7,872; total, 68,620. Grand total of all losses, 71,872. To this figure must be added the Bavarian losses officially reported up to the battle of Orleans, with 901 dead and 4,664 wounded. The Wurtemberg losses remain to be accounted for, as also those by sickness in the whole army.

PRINCE GORTSCHAKOFF'S REPLY TO LORD GRANVILLE.

ST. PETERSBURG, December 1, 11.15 a.m.

THE following is the full text of Prince Gortschakoff's reply to Lord Granville, being a despatch addressed to Baron Brunnow, dated Tsarskoe Selo, 8th (20th) November, 1870 :—

"Monsieur le Baron,—The Ambassador of England has read and left with me a copy of Lord Granville's despatch in reply to our communication of October 19. I hastened to submit it to his Majesty the Emperor. Our august Master was pleased to point out that it contained, in the first place, an expression of the earnest desire of the Cabinet of London to preserve cordial relations between England and Russia; and secondly, an assurance that the Cabinet would not have refused to enter into an examination of the results of the Treaty of 1856, so far as they had been modified by circumstances. As for the question of strict right stated by Lord Granville, we have no wish to enter into any discussion, recall any precedent, cite any example. Such a controversy would in no way promote the good understanding which we desire. Our august Master had to discharge an imperious duty to his own country, without wishing to injure in any way the Governments which were signataries of the Treaty of 1856. On the contrary, his imperial Majesty appeals to their sense of justice, and to their regard for their own dignity. We regret to see that Lord Granville addresses himself principally to the form of our communications. The form was not our choice. We could have asked nothing better, surely, than to attain our end by an agreement with the signataries of the Treaty of 1856. But the Principal Secretary of State of her Britannic Majesty well knows that the attempts made at different times to assemble the Powers in a general Conference with a view to remove the causes of difficulty which disturbed the general peace have invariably failed. The prolongation of the present crisis and the absence of a regular Government in France, postpone still further the possibility of such an agreement. Meanwhile, the position in which the Treaty left Russia has become more and more intolerable. Lord Granville will agree that the Europe of to-day is very far from being the Europe which signed the Treaty of 1856. It was impossible that Russia should agree to remain the only Power bound indefinitely by an arrangement which, onerous as it was at the time when it was concluded, became daily weaker in its guarantees. Our august Master has too deep a sense of what he owes to his country to force it to submit any longer to an obligation against which the national sentiment protests. We cannot admit that the abrogation of a purely theoretical principle to which no immediate effect is given, and which simply restores to Russia a right of which no great Power could consent to be deprived, should be considered as a menace to peace; or that in annulling one point of the Treaty of 1856, there is any implication that all are annulled. The Imperial Cabinet never had any such intention. On the contrary, our communication of October 19 declares, in the most explicit terms, that his Majesty the Emperor fully maintains his adhesion to the general principles of the Treaty of 1856, and that he is ready to come to an agreement with the signatary Powers of that Treaty, either to confirm its general stipulations, or to renew them, or to substitute for them any other equitable arrangement which may be thought suitable to secure the repose of the East and the equilibrium of Europe. There seems, then, to be no reason why the Cabinet of London should not, if it please, enter into an explanation with the signataries of the Treaty of 1856. For our part, we are ready to join in any deliberation having for its object the settlement of guarantees for the consolidation of peace in the East. We are persuaded that fresh guarantees would be found in the removal of a permanent cause of irritation between the two powers the most directly interested. Their mutual relations would be more firmly established on the basis of a good and solid understanding. You are desired, M. le Baron, to read this despatch to Lord Granville, and to leave a copy of it with him. The Principal Secretary of State of her Britannic Majesty has expressed to us the regret that he would feel if this discussion should disturb the harmony which the Government of her Majesty the Queen has striven to maintain between the two countries. Be good enough to express to his Excellency how entirely his regret would be shared by the Imperial Cabinet. We believe that a good understanding between the two Governments is exceedingly advantageous to the two countries as well as to the peace of the world. It is with lively satisfaction that we have seen our relations during late years grow more and more close and cordial. The grave circumstances in which we find ourselves at this moment seem to us to make this more desirable than ever.

(Signed) "GORTSCHAKOFF."

REPORTED OFFER OF THE AMERICAN FLEET TO RUSSIA.

THE St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Indépendance Belge* writes :—"The Emperor Alexander has received an autograph letter from the President of the United States, General Grant, in which the chief of the Washington Executive congratulates him warmly on his resolution to have done with the stipulations of the Treaty of Paris denounced by Prince Gortschakoff, and proposes formally the support of the entire American fleet in case of conflict with England. The letter says (this is almost textual) that at the first word of Russia the whole of the navy of the United States will proceed to the Mediterranean and aid the Russian vessels in forcing the passage of the Dardanelles. The existence of President Grant's letter has become known to the English Government. Since then the Cabinet of St. James's begins to show itself more tractable on the [illegible] question raised by the Cabinet of St. Petersburg."

OBITUARY OF THE WEEK.

ARCHDEACON HALE; Mr. M. E. Corbally, late M.P. for Meath; Lord Byron; the Hon. James Frederick Stuart-Wortley; Mr. W. Adams; the Rev. John Hudson, M.A., late Secretary to the Clergy Mutual Assurance Society; the Rev. G. K. Graeme, Mad. Ret.; Major M. J. White, Ben. Staff Corps; Dep.-Assist. Com. Gen. Archibald D. Maclean; Sir Henry Onslow, Bart.; Lieutenant-Colonel J. J. Slater, late 82nd Reg.; Lieutenant-Colonel J. Temple, 60th Rifles; Captain G. H. Wall, R.N.; Major W. N. M. Orpen, 77th Regt.; Capt. Rigby Wason, 1st Dragoon Guards; Mr. J. C. Harrison, Assist. Mint Master, Bombay.

BOMBAY.

A PADOW SUNK.—Last Friday night a native padow, laden with 209 bags of rice, sank at the Mandvee Bunder.

CAPTAIN H. J. SNOOK, Adjutant 21st Regiment N. I., has obtained leave of absence for fifteen days from (to-day) the 27th instant.

DINNER TO EUROPEAN LOAFERS.—On Christmas Day the Commissioner of Police gave a lot of clothes and a good dinner to European loafers at the Mazagon Police Office.

INQUEST.—Dr. Hewlett held an inquest yesterday at the House of Correction, on the body of a convict named Hubib Alli, who, in the opinion of the jury, had died from natural causes.

THE 6th Brigade R. A. and the detachment 49th Regiment at Colaba will parade at 6-30 A.M. on Wednesday (to-morrow) the 28th instant in review order for inspection by the Brigadier-General Commanding the District. Officers to wear serge uniform, men for duty (except the Castle Guard) to be in the ranks and mount after parade.

REWARD TO TWO POLICE OFFICERS.—The two police officers who last week apprehended Samuel Goltchman, ex-secretary of the Mazagon Land Reclamation Company, (who is now in jail on a charge of cheating and forgery) at Panwell—namely, Inspectors Wainwright and Abdool Ally—have received Rs. 100 and Rs. 50 respectively from the Commissioner of Police, as a reward for their zeal in the discharge of their duty.

DEATH BY DROWNING.—On Saturday an inquest was held at the Parseewada on the body of a Hindoo woman, aged about eighteen years, named Itha. On Saturday morning about 6 o'clock, while a labourer was drawing water from a well, his attention was drawn to the hair and hands of the woman, which were floating on the surface of the water. He raised an alarm and soon afterwards the body was taken out quite dead. The jury returned a verdict that the deceased was accidentally drowned in a well.

SUICIDE BY A PARSEE WOMAN.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Sunday at Shapoorjee Shett's Chuckla, in the Fort, concerning the death of Nawazbaee, a Parsee woman, aged about twenty years. On Saturday night a Parsee contractor, while lying on his cot, heard a splash of some body falling in a well. He raised an alarm which brought the police to the spot, and the woman was taken out of the well by means of drags. When taken out she was quite dead. Deceased had not for the last year been in a proper state of mind. The jury came to the conclusion that she had committed suicide by drowning herself in a well whilst in an unsound state of mind.

SUICIDE BY A BARBER.—Dr. Hewlett resumed enquiry yesterday in his office into the circumstances connected with the death of Ameechund Bhowan, a barber. On the morning of Monday, the 19th inst., a muccadum in the employ of the Municipality found the body of Ameechund lying on the rocks in Back Bay to the south-west of the Sanatarium in Middle Colaba, and immediately reported the circumstance to the police. Deceased, it appeared, after having cut his throat with a razor got into the water. On search being made the razor was found at the bottom of a pool of water left by the receding tide. The blade was covered with rust, as it was open. The man had been subject to fits of madness. Dr. Sydney Smith, who had examined the body, described the wound near the front of the neck as nearly dividing the wind-pipe and the large vessels on the right side of the neck. There were no other external marks of violence. The appearance of the wound in the throat was as though it were inflicted from left to right and might have been self inflicted. The jury came to the conclusion that the deceased had committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor whilst he was in an unsound state of mind.

THE post of 3rd Uncovenanted Assistant Secretary to Government, in the Public Works Department, Bombay, has been conferred on Mr. William Turner.—*Sindian*.

AT the recommendation of the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, British Troops, Staff Assistant Surgeon Eaton, who has lately arrived for general duty in this Division, is directed to do duty at the General Depot.—*Deccan Herald*, December 26.

H. M.'s 49TH REGIMENT arrived last (Sunday) night from Deesa, per special train from the Bombay and Baroda line. The strength of the regiment consists of 12 officers, 352 men, 52 women, 44 children, and followers.—*Ibid.*

Two soldiers of the Kirkee garrison have, we hear, while out shooting wounded a native. The entire charge of shot from the gun entered the man's side, and we hear that he is so badly hurt that he is not likely to recover.—*Ibid.*

H. M.'s 11TH REGIMENT N. I. is to be at Erinpoora on the 22nd December, Deesa on New Year's Day, Ahmedabad on the 12th January, and at Poona on the 15th or 16th proximo. The regiment expects to reach its final destination, Sattara, on the 22nd of January.—*Ibid.*

WE regret to learn that dacoity combined with murder has been committed at the village of Pasgaum in the Jooneer talooka. The village was attacked by a party of dacoits, and three men of the village were wounded and one killed by the marauders, who proved to be coolies. The police succeeded in capturing ten of the coolies, eight of whom have since been carried off by cholera. The only survivors are two coolies who had been promised a pardon. This looks suspicious.—*Ibid.*

THE CROWN *vs.* SHARMAN.—Yesterday (23rd) the investigation in the case of the Crown *vs.* Sharman was resumed by Dr. A. G. Fraser, the Railway Full Power Magistrate. One of the witnesses, Ashana Ramia, the contractor, and who is in custody of the police, has been tendered a pardon by His Worship, under section 209 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The further investigation into the case will commence this (Saturday) morning at half-past seven o'clock.—*Poona Observer*, Dec. 24.

THE *Hindu Reformer* resorts to the rather unusual expedient of publishing in full the names of defaulting subscribers, filling four columns with the names of those who are more than a year in arrears. We suggest that it should publish a list of those who have paid, that we may know how many conscientious subscribers it has, and what the proportion in the native community of paying subscribers to the whole number that take in newspapers. We hear a good deal of the progress of the vernacular press on this side of India, but how is it supported? By those that subscribe, or by special grants-in-aid from the rich, or how?—*Bombay Guardian*, Dec. 24.

IN the early part of the week His Grace Archbishop Steins, S J., was among us in Bombay, looking all the better for his year's absence from India. He left by train on Tuesday forenoon, and will have arrived, we trust, happily in Calcutta, yesterday morning. His Lordship Bishop Canoz, S. J., will probably also be now back in India; the French mail steamer Donnai on which he took his passage from France, reached Galle on Wednesday last. Also we learn that His Lordship Dr. Barbero, Bishop Vicar Apostolic of Hyderabad, has taken his passage to Bombay by the Rubattino steamer India, which is expected to arrive here before the end of next month. Also we are in the hope of having the pleasure of making the acquaintance soon of the Bishop Vicar Apostolic of Patna, the Rt. Rev. Dr. Tosi, O. C., who is returning to his vicariate viâ Bombay—*Bombay Catholic Examiner*, Dec. 24.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, 25th Dec., 1-25 P.M.—Mail steamer from Australia signalled.

ADDITIONAL PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Deccan, Captain D. Renoldson, sailed on Saturday for Aden and Suez with the English mail and the following additional passengers :—

For Brindisi—Major Church, and Mr Parke Pittur.
For Suez—Captain J S Murray.

PASSENGERS FROM LIVERPOOL.

THE s.s. MILBANKE, 843 tons, Captain John Hunter Smith, arrived on the 24th instant from Liverpool with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. and two Misses White, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Eames, and Mr. E. Pratt.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED AT CALCUTTA.

THE following passengers have arrived at Calcutta from London by the Russia :—

Mrs George Teil, child and ayah, Mr. C. H. Reily, barrister-at-law, Rev. George Wright Monson, B. D., chaplain Bengal Establishment, Mr. C. F. Bligh, Mr. Henry St. John Kueller, Mr. James Speid, and Mr. J. MacBean.

ARRIVAL OF PROFESSOR HUME!

PROFESSOR HUME, curative mesmerist, arrived in Bombay yesterday and in a day or two will be ready to consult patients. The Professor is possessed of many excellent certificates of wonderful cures effected by him.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAMER IRIS.

THE Austrian Lloyd Steam Navigation Company's passenger steamer Iris, 1,200 tons, with passengers and cargo from Trieste, left Suez for Bombay on Friday evening the 23rd instant, and is advertised by Messrs. A. C. Gumpert and Co., the agents of the Company, to leave Bombay on the return voyage to Trieste about the [illegible].

BELGAUM COLLECTORATE.

FROM the weather report of the Belgaum collectorate for the fortnight ending 30th November we learn that there was little or no rain. The rice and jowaree harvest had commenced. The rubbee crops were doing well. The state of public health was good, with the exception of Beedee talooka, where fever slightly prevailed. Cattle disease was slightly prevalent in the Belgaum talooka. Cholera had appeared at Yardwar, in the Gokak talooka.

THE SIR J. JEJEEBHOY PARSEE CHARITY FUND.

AT a meeting of the members of the Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Parsee Charity Fund, held on Thursday afternoon in the Sir J. J. Parsee Benevolent Institution, Messrs. Rustomjee Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bomanjee Jejeebhoy, and Pestonjee Hormusjee Camajee were unanimously re-elected members of the fund. According to one of the articles of the deed for conducting the business of the fund, Mr. Cowasjee Jehanghier Readymoney, C.S.I., has been re-elected a member by Government.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

THE 5/6th Royal Artillery, consisting of 3 officers, 79 men, 13 women and 19 children, arrived by train from Poona yesterday morning at the Boree Bunder station, and marched to Colaba, where it has joined the head-quarters of its brigade. The battery will remain here for practice until the beginning of February, when it will embark for Aden, together with the 6/6th R.A., which is at present stationed in Bombay, also for practice.

A detachment of H. M.'s 49th Regiment, strength, 4 officers, 201 men, 21 women and 24 children, arrived here from Ahmedabad by train yesterday morning and has been quartered in the barracks at Colaba, vacated by the detachment of the same regiment which was here for garrison duty and which proceeded to Poona yesterday morning to join its regimental head-quarters.

The E Battery 9th Brigade Royal Artillery, consisting of 5 officers, 137 men, 150 followers, and 113 horses, will arrive here this day from Kirkee and encamp on the plot of ground opposite the Chumar Baug, near Parell, until further orders. This battery during its stay in Bombay will receive the new bronze guns from the Grand Arsenal.

H. H. MULHARAO.

THE *Jam-i-Jamshed* has received the following news from Baroda :—

We learn from a reliable source that H. H. Mulharao is to be installed as the Gaekwar of Baroda on Maha Sood the fifth. H. H. has chosen as wife of his own accord a beautiful young woman, aged about twenty-three years, and who resides in the Deccan, and whom he intends to marry a day previous to his installation.

His Excellency the Governor is expected at Baroda on the 7th January. Grand preparations have been made for His Excellency's reception.

The Dewanship was originally intended to be given to Gopalrao Myalrao, but it has been subsequently conferred on Hariba Gaekwar. Hariba has not received any education, and consequently he is unfit to conduct such a responsible office. Mulharao, as an independent Prince, expects to preserve the right to select his own Minister, and he intends to communicate with the Government on this subject.

It is not true that Bhow Scindia, who has been imprisoned, gets only a loaf of bread and some chillies daily. Bhow has not been imprisoned by order of Mulharao, but on some suspicion he has been taken into custody by order of the Resident, and his family has been allowed to live with him in the prison. Mulharao's nature is very noble and generous, and he is not the man to take his revenge on Bhow Scindia.

During the lifetime of the late Gaekwar about 5,000 Mussulman Fakirs used daily to get food, consisting of rice and dhall, which H. H. Mulharao has discontinued. The Mussulmans who used to attend daily the durbar of the deceased Gaekwar have been ordered not to show their faces there any more. The number of Mulls has been reduced to thirty, and this small number has been kept by H. H. for the sake of amusement.

The late Khunderao Gaekwar expended about fifteen lacs of rupees on the *Chudder*, or jewel-cloth, which was exhibited at the Bombay Art Exhibition, and also at the Broach Exhibition. Those who saw it at these exhibitions considered that it was not worth so much. It is now ascertained that the late Gaekwar was cheated by his men and some native jewellers, and Mulharao has caused the arrest of these men.

MARAVILLA COCOA.—For Breakfast.—The *Globe* says—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfected system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London.

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORTS.

KURRACHEE, 26th Dec., 8 P.M.—Latest dates from United Kingdom via Russia, 23rd Dec., 7-30 P.M.; via Turkey, 23rd Dec., 11-35 P.M. From Continent of Europe via Russia, 23rd Dec., 4 P.M.; via Turkey, 25th Dec., 2-10 P.M. Cable right to Fao; Turkish line right to Pera; lines beyond clear; Persian line right to London.

THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJCOTE, 21st DEC.

THE crowd of magnates who had gathered here is gradually dispersing. H. E. Sir Seymour Fitzgerald left this morning under the usual salute for Joonaghur, via Gondul and Jeytpore. His Excellency will stay to-night at Gondul, where preparations on a grand scale are made for his reception by Captain Goodfellow, Special Political Assistant.

By to-morrow the station will resume its wonted quiet and placid appearance.

KATTYWAR RACES, 1870.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

FOURTH DAY, 20TH DECEMBER.

1ST RACE.—H. H. Ali Shah's Purse. Value Rs. 500. For all horses (English and Colonial excepted). Entrance Rs. 50, with a sweepstake of Rs. 50 for each horse declared to start. Weight for age. Maidens allowed 5 lbs. R. C. and distance.

		st. lbs.	
H H Aga Khan's	g a h Kusro	9 3	Syed

No other horses having turned up, Kusro walked over.

2ND RACE.—The Charger Stakes, for all untrained chargers ridden on parade and for which horse allowance is drawn. Rs. 200 from the fund. Entrance Rs. 25. ½ mile. G. R. 10 st. 7 lbs.

Captain Mayne's	c aus h Firefly	Mr Humfrey
G and L's	b a h Ben	Capt Lechmere
Captain Bond's	b a h Ivon	Mr Martin
,, Jenkins	g a h Saladin	Captain Nutt

The Australian was too good a horse compared with the others, and won easily by a couple of lengths, with Ben second.

3RD RACE.—The Grand Prize, Rs. 7,000, offered by the Rajahs of Kattywar, viz. :—

H. H. the Nawab of Joonaghur.	H. H. the Jam.
H. H. the Thakore of Bhownuggur	H. H. the Raj of Drangdra.
The Thakore of Moorvee.	The Thakore of Palitana.
The Chief of Jusdun.	

Open to all Arab and Kattywar horses that have never won before the meeting. 2 miles. Weight for age. Entrance Rs. 150 if entered by 1st July 1870, Rs. 200 if by 1st October, and Rs. 300 up to the day previous to the meeting. The second horse to receive Rs. 1,000, the third horse to save his entrance. The winner to pay Rs. 500 towards the improvement of the course. H. F.

		st lbs	
Abdool Reymon's	c a h Knight of t'e Garter	8 4	Blackburn
H. H. Aga Khan's	g a h Fluck	8 10	Syed,
Abdool Reymon's	g a h Kaiser	8 10	Seedoo.
H H the Nawab's	g a h Mustapha	8 13	Cassum.
The Thakore's	g a h Futtesingh	8 4	S. Ahmed.
Do.	b a h Shereef	8 10	Couchman.

This was the great event of the season, and considerable excitement prevailed. Mustapha the favourite had lost many of his backers, and consequently the Knight's reputation increased.

After a false start all the horses got away well together, Mustapha a little ahead, the Knight second, and Fluck third. In this manner they passed the stand in grand style, and kept up in the same way for upwards of a mile, when the Knight sprang forward and took the lead. Fluck also quietly passed Mustapha a little further on. Then commenced a really splendid race, but something had evidently gone wrong with Mustapha, he dropped behind, and allowed Kaiser to pass him. By this time the Knight had gone some lengths ahead, and won easily by 3 lengths, Fluck second, Kaiser third. Time 4m. 2s. There was a deal of cheering as the Knight, well ridden by Blackburn, came in, and great astonishment was expressed at Mustapha, the most magnificent looking horse of the whole lot, being so easily beaten. We trust this defeat will not dishearten H. H. the Nawab. He has one of the best horses in Kattywar and he could not find a better trainer than the one he has at present. Another day the tables might yet be turned.

4TH RACE—The Stranger's Purse. Value Rs. 250. Entrance Rs. 25. For all horses that have never won. Weight for age and class. 1 mile.

		st lbs	
Abdool Reymon's	g a h King Victor	8 10	Blackburn.
The Thakore's	g a h Goolchunda, late Skylark	9 3	Rizzak.
The Gunner's	b a h Mitrailleur	8 4	Couchman
The Thakore's	b a h Jehangeer, late Red Deer	9 3	S. Ahmed
Captain G.'s	g a h Ardkinglass	9 3	Capt Nutt

This was a fine race. Blackburn started with the lead with Goolchunda and Mitrailleur closely following. At the half mile post Mitrailleur began to push up and joined the others, when they all three rushed together to the winning post. Blackburn, a few yards from the goal, was almost beaten, when he very cleverly made his horse spring forward, and made a dead heat of it with Goolchunda, Mitrailleur half a length behind. Mitrailleur's jock, Couchman, however claimed a cross with Goolchunda, whose jockey, a rather "green one," was therefore "distanced" and King Victor declared winner, much to the disappointment of the Palitana people.

SAMLAJEE FAIR.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. BLACK, Political Agent, Maheekanta, has, in a letter dated the 12th inst., forwarded to Government a report of the Samlajee fair, held at Samlajee between the 4th and 20th ult. It appears that the value of goods brought for sale was Rs. 11,96,708-15-7 against Rs. 16,31,239-2-3 last year;—the amount sold was Rs. 7,98,910-6-6 against Rs. 7,98,771-6-7; and on this occasion the value of goods taken away unsold was less than usual, being Rs. 3,97,798-9-1 against Rs. 8,32,467-11-8 last year. The fair was well attended, and the traders were satisfied with the business done.

ENGLISH PIECE GOODS.—The value of English piece goods sold at the fair was Rs. 1,13,683-1, against Rs. 1,28,487-13-4, or Rs. 14,804-12-4 less than last year, but the quantity of goods left unsold this year was only of the value of Rs. 15,037-3, and the merchants were well pleased with the prices obtained.

INDIAN PIECE GOODS.—The sales effected in this description of goods amounted to Rs. 56,611-13 against Rs. 41,698-13, and only Rs. 16,221-14 worth remained unsold.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.—There had been a slight falling off in the amount sold of Ahmedabad silk, jewels, and silk cloth, but there had been a considerable increase in the sale of gold, sugar, dates, and tobacco, as compared with the sales of last year.

MEYWAR CLOTHS.—Cloths of Purtabghur, Booranpoor, and Palee were in greater demand than in the previous year, the value sold being Rs. 90,395-5-10 against Rs. 76,678-14.

OPIUM.—On this occasion the quantity of opium brought for sale was Bombay maund 2,144-17½ of the value of Rs. 501,318-2-9, of which 958 maunds and 35½ seers were sold for Rs. 2,29,179-5-9 or Rs. 1,10,451-0-1 less than in the preceding year, when the quantity brought for sale was valued at Rs. 9,39,841-2-1, of which Rs. 600,210-12-3 worth remained unsold, and on this occasion the value of the opium remaining unsold was Rs. 2,72,138-13-0. The prices of opium were lower than at the fair of last year, but in proportion to the quantity brought for sale the quantity sold was very much larger.

CATTLE.—The number of bullocks brought for sale to this fair exceeded the number there was last year by 2,856, the number having been 4,733 against 1,777. The value of the bullocks sold amounted to, it was estimated, Rs. 1,39,590, at the rate of Rs. 30 each. The number of bullocks remaining unsold was 80.

COTTON.—No cotton from Meywar was brought for sale.

The fair was superintended on this occasion by Mr. Heeralal Balcrustna, dafturdar of the Agency, whose experience, zeal, and intelligence fit him well for such duties, and under his orders the fair and roads leading to it were protected and patrolled by 310 horsemen of H. H. the Gaekwar's contingent, commanded by the native commandant of the contingent, and by 150 sepoys of the Edur police. Mr. Heeralal conducted the duties most satisfactorily. A number of petty thefts were attempted and several were committed during the first two or three days of the fair, by thieves, some of whom were foreigners and professional thieves. In all cases the chiefs of the villages would be held responsible for compensation, and should there be reason to believe that these robberies occurred through neglect on the part of the chiefs to make proper arrangements for the protection of travellers, the Political Agent should impose such fines on the chiefs as might be necessary.

POST OFFICE.—For the accommodation of the traders at Samlajee fair, the Postmaster General of Bombay, at the request of the Political, was good enough to open a post office which was made use of by many persons.

DISPENSARY.—Hearing that there was more sickness than there usually was at Samlajee, a hospital assistant from Edur was sent with medicines; and a return sent by him showed that between the 7th and 20th November, both days inclusive, he treated 303 patients.

LOCK-UP.—As there was no proper place in which to confine prisoners during trial at Samlajee, and a prisoner accused of theft escaped from the police, a lock-up and a guard-room were immediately constructed.

The late chief of Edur had imposed a new tax on bullocks of three pies each, which the Political Agent had abolished. The petty chiefs of Samera, Moree, Kooskee, and Thakores of Monpoor and Runasun following the Maharaja's example had also imposed each a transit duty of three pies per bullock, and these chiefs have been informed that they would not be permitted to levy any new transit dues.

The following is the Government resolution on the above, dated the 23rd inst. :—

RESOLUTION OF GOVERNMENT.—This report is satisfactory, and the proceedings of the Political Agent are approved of. The superintendence exercised by Mr. Heeralal seems to have been judicious and efficient. The Political Agent should continue to send a separate report respecting the annual fairs of Samlajee and Brimha Khair as soon after the conclusion of those fairs as is possible, with the view to their immediate publication. The results of the fairs and any noticeable facts connected with them should also find a place in the annual administration report.

Copies of the present report and returns to be sent to Her Majesty's Secretary of State, and placed on the Editor's table.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—"Where the general health is impaired and emaciation in progress," observes Dr. Henry Smith, [illegible] "its curative and re-animating effects [illegible] a regular daily course of this admired Oil are highly satisfactory. Its favourable action on the system is renovating; it checks progressive emaciation, restores the yielding health, rebuilds, as it were, the tottering frame, and brings about a most remarkable change in all the vital functions." Sold only in capsuled Imperial Half-pints, Pints, and Quarts, by all Chemists, Drugg[ists] and Storekeepers. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH OFFICE—26TH DEC, 9 P.M.

Latest dates from United Kingdom.
Via Russia, 23rd Dec., 5-20 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 46 hours.
Via Red Sea, 24th Dec., 11-8 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 23 hours 17 minutes.
Latest dates from Continent of Europe.
Via Red Sea, 25th Dec., 2-20 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 21 hours 29 minutes.

The time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay from 9 P.M. of the 25th to 9 P.M. of the 26th Dec. is as follows :—

	To Bombay	Max.	Min.
From	Kurrachee	0 51	0 2
,,	Calcutta	5 13	0 12
,,	Madras	1 9	0 11
,,	From Galle	28 31	25 58

SHIPPING AND PASSENGERS.

THE SHIP HOURI, 693 tons, Captain Stapleton, arrived on the 25th instant from Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE SHIP DUKE OF EDINBURGH, 1,117 tons, Captain Geo Balmanno, arrived yesterday from London with a general cargo and Mr. and Mrs. Duckering as passengers.

THE SHIP ELLEN BATES, 1015 tons, Captain Stewart, sailed yesterday for Liverpool with 6,218¼ bales cotton, 39 bales wool, 321¼ cwts. linseed, 388 cwts. horns, 175 cwts. hemp, and 165 cwts. orchillaweed.

THE S.S. INDIA, Captain R. L. Turner, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Kurrachee—Mr. Parson, Mrs. Leahy and three children. And thirty-two deck passengers.

THE S.S. ARABIA—A telegram was yesterday received by Messrs Volkart Brothers from their Aden agent, dated Sunday, stating that the s.s. Arabia had arrived there in the morning of that day, all well, and was to leave in the afternoon.

THE S. S. M. S. ELPHINSTONE, Captain F. J. Raffin, arrived on the 24th instant from the Coast and Goa with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Captain Pein, Captain Roberts, Mr. Lyons, Mrs. Herne, Mr. Batham, Mr. and Mrs. Shamrow Bhasker and two children, and one hundred and thirty-two deck passengers.

POLICE CASES.

THEFT.—Suckaram Gunnoo was sentenced by Mr. Nana Morojee yesterday to four months' imprisonment, for stealing a barrel of sugar, the property of one Curson.

ASSAULTS.—Hoosseinbux Ruzub and Mahaboob Ruzub were charged before Mr. Nana Morojee yesterday with committing an assault on Babool Russool Khan. On Saturday complainant was walking along the Bengalpoora Street, when defendants struck him on the head with a stick. The defendants were convicted, and the first was fined Rs. 30 and the second Rs. 10.—Caitano Fernandez and Bastian Fernandez were charged with assaulting Caitan and Vincent Rodrigues. They were adjudged guilty and fined Rs. 30 each, with the alternative of two months' imprisonment.

A MADRAS DIVORCE CASE.

ATKINSON VERSUS ATKINSON.

MR. JUSTICE KERNAN yesterday (Dec. 20) delivered a lengthy judgment in this case. His Lordship observed that he was asked to rescind a contract between a husband and wife on the ground of cruelty on the part of the husband. Before the Court could rescind a contract of so solemn a nature, in which two persons had bound themselves to live together according to God's holy ordinance, it was necessary for his Lordship to be satisfied that the fact of cruelty was proved by clear, strong, and indisputable testimony. Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson were married in Ireland, and while in Ireland they seemed to have lived happily. The marriage had not been known to Mr. Atkinson's family in India till a few months before he landed in Madras. Mr. Atkinson had been absent for a number of years from his family, and his absence had been the source of much pain to his mother. The evidence showed that when the petitioner landed she was cordially received by her father-in-law, brothers-in-law, and sisters-in-law, but that unquestionably there was coldness of behaviour towards her on the part of her mother-in-law. The petitioner a few days after her arrival took offence at something which was said by one of the family, but which was undoubtedly not meant to give any offence, and estranged herself from her husband's family. The result of this was that bickerings, coldness, and disturbances in the house followed. Those who had been originally the friends of the petitioner had given evidence against her own temper. The evidence of Georgie Power showed that the petitioner had a violent temper. The petitioner had exaggerated several matters, and the facts stated by her with regard to her husband and his sister Margaret could not be believed by the Court. As for Mr. Atkinson, his Lordship had formed a high opinion of him as an industrious person, for although he was employed as a schoolmaster in Bishop Corrie's Grammar School, he devoted his few leisure hours to private tuition in order to add to his means to make his family comfortable. This ought to have been appreciated by his wife, and she ought not to have given way to her temper. By the English law, where a separation was sued for on the ground of cruelty, it would be sufficient for the wife to show an apprehension of acts of cruelty which rendered it unsafe for her to live with her husband. But in a case where the conduct of a wife called for acts of repression on the part of the husband, the acts of cruelty shown must be something much more excessive than those necessary to be shown in an ordinary case. This being the law to be applied to the facts of the case, and starting with the view his Lordship had already taken with regard to petitioner's temper, and looking at the whole of the probabilities of the case, his Lordship came to the conclusion that the charge of cruelty, which it was necessary should be specifically made out, had not been proved. The petitioner ought to have reformed her own conduct, and endeavoured to have obeyed her husband's directions, and not have given way to her temper as she did. She was not entitled to the separation she sought.

Mr. O'Sullivan, with regard to costs, submitted that in an ordinary case the husband was obliged to deposit in Court the costs necessary for the conducting of the wife's suit. The Indian Divorce Act was founded upon the English Act, and the same rule that applied to English courts applied to Indian courts.

Mr. Miller submitted that if a proper application had been made when the suit was filed the husband would have been bound to deposit the costs in Court, but the petitioner in the present case had been able to bring the case into Court without any such application. The effect of the Court now granting her costs would be simply to indemnify the parties who had advanced her money to conduct the litigation.

The petition was dismissed, but the question of costs was reserved.—*Madras Times*.

INDIAN ITEMS.

BRIGADIER GENERAL KEYES, commanding the Punjab Frontier Force, has just gone from Dera Ghazee Khan to Dera Ismail Khan. He is to visit Elwardesabad after the first week of January.—*Indian Public Opinion*, Dec. 20.

DOCTOR J. FERGUSSON, in civil medical charge of Madhopore, is appointed to the civil medical charge of Murree, and his services are placed at the disposal of the Sanitary Commissioner, for the purpose of reporting on the condition of the Bari Doab Canal villages.

DEATH OF MR. G. KELLY, PUNJAB POLICE.—The announcement of the death of Mr. George Kelly, of the Punjab Police, will have been received by our readers with deep regret. Mr. Kelly was an officer of the first rank, in abilities, and an honour to the Uncovenanted Civil Service of the Punjab. His services generally, and the specially public-spirited manner in which he exposed himself during the trying cholera times of 1867, received marked commendation from Government. A career of great usefulness and promise has been cut short at the early age of thirty-two, and we feel quite sure that his own department of the public service feels his loss quite as much as do his numerous private friends.—*Indian Public Opinion*, Dec. 20.

INDIGO.—We learn from Messrs. Moran and Co.'s market report that the price of fine indigo has declined by not less than from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per maund. This is attributed to the circumstance that the very general excellence of the season's indigo was recognized too late, *i. e.*, after most of the large orders for Russia had been executed. Competition was accordingly less keen than for the finer qualities it would otherwise have been. The total sales since last notice have amounted to 2,700 chests. On the whole, it may be said that Bengal and Tirhoot have done well this season—certainly far better than was to have been expected—while Benares and Oudh indigo has proved hardly so good as usual.—*Pioneer*, Dec. 23.

LORD NAPIER OF MAGDALA AT ALLAHABAD.—Yesterday morning early (Dec. 22) His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief minutely inspected the 11th Bengal Lancers on parade in drill order, and expressed himself extremely satisfied with the appearance and performances of the corps. It was in truth a very pretty and interesting spectacle. From half-past eleven Lord Napier ransacked the minutest corners of the Fort, subjecting everything to the jealous scrutiny of an eye which nothing seemed to escape. Certainly the hospital bedding did not, nor did it excite his Lordship's enthusiasm for the lavish tenderness exhibited in providing luxuries for the British soldier. From 2 till 4 the Chief's ear was courteously, as well as seriously, inclined to any officer who might have military business to represent, after which he returned to view the cavalry at their exercises on the Polo ground. Lord Napier left Allahabad shortly after midnight for Dinapore.—*Pioneer*.

"Berkeley, September 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty [illegible] ... the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without deriving any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable Pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS.

WHA[illegible] awaiting [illegible] March next [illegible] will announce [illegible] of certain admini[illegible] gravest importance. [illegible] come known to the public [illegible] title of *Financial Decentral*[illegible] doubt that the steps Governme[nt] [illegible] that direction, are *not* decentrali[illegible] trol of any imperial source of revenue. [illegible] having financial decentralization for its [illegible] forward in 1867, and had for its author Colon[el] Strachey. It went before Government, and was [illegible] advocated by the then Financial Minister, Mr. Mass[ey]. Its proposals were of a broad kind—indeed, such as if carried out would virtually have metamorphosed India into a rather loose federation of practically independent governorships. Propositions of this nature were not likely to find much favour with a Viceroy like Sir John Lawrence, who so far from being a decentraliser would have rendered the minor governments, at any rate the Lieutenant Governorships, still more amenable to imperial control and supervision; and a consequence was that, notwithstanding Mr. Massey's advocacy, Colonel Strachey's scheme, though not condemned, was simply forwarded to England for the information of the Secretary of State in Council. The project was not, however, doomed to die. Under the able manipulation of the Hon'ble John Strachey it was subsequently revived, and fitted for practical discussion by Lord Mayo's Government, whose full and earnest attention it is understood to have now had for upwards of a year. The result however has been, not the adoption of the Strachey scheme in anything like its original form, but a resolve by the Governor General in Council to concede to the minor Governments such a degree of freedom from imperial control in matters of local expenditure as is essential to the allaying of the irritability and impatience which those Governments—that of Bombay especially—have hitherto, and not unreasonably, evinced at the necessity imposed on them of obtaining the sanction of the Imperial Government to even minute outlays of public money. But in order to compass this very desirable end it will be requisite to provide the several local Governments with exchequers of their own to draw upon. This we believe the Strachey scheme would have accomplished by wholly transferring to the local administrations certain sources of imperial revenue, such for example as assessed taxes, with the intimation that those Governments would be at liberty to supplement the yield of those sources by such local taxation as they might deem advisable and requisite; and, if we mistake not, it was also proposed that besides the assessed taxes the Imperial Government should further make over to the local administrations a proportion of the land revenue and of some other great imperial receipts, the local Governments in return charging themselves with the whole expenditure on police, education, civil works, and that under a few similar heads of the annual balance sheet. This would probably have proved most acceptable to the local administrations without exception, but it would have been practically wresting from the Imperial Government that large degree of "the power of the purse" which depends on the elasticity and capability of development of the revenues. Government would have virtually divested itself of the power to turn for aid to assessed taxation even in times of greatest emergency; and, while retaining an income barely adequate to meet existing imperial charges, would hardly have left itself a single source of revenue to which it could point as security for the interest and repayment of new debt should war, or even reproductive public works, render it necessary or desirable to seek new loans. This impolitic contraction of the imperial "power of the purse" has been that which throughout has constituted the great objection to the Strachey scheme of decentralization, and we are glad to be able to think that that objection seems by the Government of India to have been deemed insuperable. At any rate, it is now well known that the mode of emancipating the minor Governments from the unnecessarily irritating financial thraldom in which they have hitherto been held, which the Government of India has resolved on adopting, is very different from the Strachey plan, that is if the latter has been correctly expounded in the columns of a well-informed—if not especially inspired—contemporary in the North-West. In the first place, we believe, we are perfectly correct in stating that the Imperial Government will not make over to the minor administrations any one of its various sources of revenue. Those springs of income it will itself continue to care for, foster, and develope. That which will be made over to the local Governments will be not the assessed taxes, or any taxes or duties whatever, but a certain lump sum of money annually. In fact, the course the Supreme Government has resolved on is as if that Government were to say to the local administrations :—

"We shall not transfer to you a single source of imperial revenue. Whether we abolish the income tax or not, we will not, in your favour, divest ourselves of the power to have recourse to assessed taxes whenever such may appear desirable. Neither can we endow you with one-fifth or one-sixth, nor even one-tenth or one-twelfth of the annual yield of the land tax. The working and management of all the great sources of revenue must continue as hitherto, *i. e.* under the control and orders of the Supreme Government, and subject to no other control and orders. All we can safely do we are prepared to do, and intend to do, but that all will amount to no more than making over annually to the minor Governments a gross sum of between four and five millions sterling for expenditure by those Governments on jails, dispensaries, police, education, non-military local ordinary public works, local governmental printing establishments, and local public improvements, no charge for any of which is henceforth to appear in the Imperial Budget. For the due allotment of the money thus made over, the local Governments will be responsible in the way and manner the Imperial Government is now responsible for the due application of imperial revenue, and will have to prepare annual budgets of their own. The annual imperial grant to each local Government will be fixed in amount, and will continue the same year after year. Bengal, for instance, will receive as her first grant something less than the gross amount of the various sums allotted to her in the imperial budget of the preceding year, for education, police, jails, hospitals and dispensaries, roads, civil buildings, &c. &c., and from the grant so received will have to meet all expenditure under those various heads. The minor Governments will thus be allowed the dispensation of large amounts of money hitherto dispensed under the orders and instructions of the Imperial Government alone, and will be permitted a full discretion in the ordering of such expenditure as the Imperial Government has hitherto exercised with reference to it, subject, however, to a restriction on the creation of new appointments and the enhancements of existing salaries of more than Rs. 250 a month, and bound to the stringent preservation and enforcement of the existing imperial rules for leave of absence and regarding allowances. The amount of the imperial grant is not to be increased, but the local Governments are to be at liberty to supplement those grants by local taxation, but it is not intended or desired that such taxation shall be rapidly, much less immediately, increased in any very appreciable degree."

Such, we believe, is the substance of the just passed resolution of the Government of India for conferring greater powers on the minor Governments in respect to public expenditure within the limits of their several territories. The change thus ordered, though it will not amount to decentralization, will be a very great one, and should prove highly acceptable to the local administrations. It confers on those Governments a power of fully dealing with all expenditure within their limits not essentially imperial. We cannot well see how a larger degree of financial power and responsibility could have been transferred by the Imperial Government, and we confess we are heartily glad that though that Government has resolved to leave the actual details of the disbursement of the annual imperial grants almost entirely at the discretion of the local administrations, it has wisely refrained from making over to those Governments a single existing or probable source of purely imperial income. It thus, as becomes the Supreme Government of this great empire, preserves to itself that full power of the purse, the non-possession or non-retention of which by such a government would be equivalent to imperial impotence. In short, regard it as we will, the scheme the substance of which we have endeavoured, as far as our limited information would permit to place before our readers, seems a very safe one, and suggestive of but one apprehension, viz., that in supplementing the fixed annual imperial grants the local Governments may give the screw a turn too many, and make local taxation a cause of oppression and hardship to the populations. But there are good grounds for the reassuring reflexion that the Imperial Government is fully alive to the possibility of that evil, and has resolved to be watchful and prevent it.

CABUL.

CANDAHAR REPORTED TAKEN BY YAKOOB KHAN.

10TH DECEMBER.—The following authentic news from Candahar was received to-day :

A battle took place between the troops of Sirdar Yakoob Khan and those of General Furramoorz Khan in the district of Dawar, in which the Sirdar was victorious. The particulars are as follow—

The son of Aka Jan Jamshadee, with four thousand sowars, besides the Dooranee Sirdarzadas, having joined Sirdar Yakoob Khan at Dawar and Shoraba, took their position somewhere near the river Ailbund. General Furramoorz Khan having heard of their positions, with four battalions of infantry, four regiments of cavalry and twelve guns, made an attack on the Jamshadee force, and a fight took place. General Furramoorz Khan was defeated. The guns of Sirdar Uslum Khan and General Furramoorz were captured by Sirdar Yakoob Khan. While retreating towards Candahar, Uslum Khan and Furramoorz Khan were pursued by Sirdar Yakoob Khan to the walls of the city, which has been besieged by the Jumshadee troops. Uslum Khan closed the gates.

11th.—A rumour is prevailing to-day that Candahar has been taken by Sirdar Yakoob Khan, and that the Candaharees are much pleased at the Sirdar's success.

The Amir ordered the troops, which were under orders for Jellalabad, that is, four thousand sowars, six guns and Surdar Ubdoolla Jan's cavalry, to march for Candahar without any delay.

The Durbar people are afraid to say anything about the battle at Candahar; but it is generally reported that Candahar has been taken by Sirdar Yakoob Khan.

12th.—News was received to-day from Turkistan that Sirdar Mohamed Ishauk Khan, son of the late Amir Anzim Khan, with the Turcomans, who had joined him in great numbers, had crossed the Hamoon and were causing disturbances in Ukhcha and Shiburghan. The Cabul merchants have sent goods, such as tea, indigo, &c., to Turkistan for sale, the Russians have reduced the duty upon such art[icles].

13th.—Complaints have been made by the Ca[bul] [illegible] that flour is selling at 5 seers per rupee. Sirda[r] [Mo]hamed Hoosain Khan, the governor, has orde[red] [the] Kotwal to see that imported grain was not st[ored by] the shop-keepers in the mundee.—*Delhi Gazette*.

[illegible] of [illegible] two m[illegible] evidence [illegible] is consolatory [illegible] at last with a portio[n] [illegible]

KING CORYTON [illegible]

IF notoriety can be thought desirabl[e] [illegible] Recorder of Moulmein is a man to be envi[ed] [illegible] his lines have fallen to him in the *ultima Th[ule]* [of] British India, he has succeeded in making his name familiar in every station which takes in a newspaper. Mr. Coryton, or "King Coryton" as he has succeeded in getting named, has for more than three years constituted himself the Ishmael of his service, and from the Supreme Government downwards there is no administrative body with which he has not crossed swords—and by which he has not been run through. The Forest Department, the Financial, the local administration generally, the High Court of Calcutta, the Government of Burmah, the Supreme Government, have all in turn been attacked by the irrepressible Recorder. At last, however, he seems to be wearing out the patience of the public, and his removal is called for by the *Rangoon Gazette*. "The vagaries of Mr. Coryton have," says our contemporary, "continued for a sufficiently long time, and his last accusation against the Supreme Government will, we trust, culminate in his removal from a position which his abilities should enable him to fill with satisfaction to all concerned, but which his eccentric actions preclude him from doing."—*Pioneer*, Dec. 23.

THE KING OF BURMAH "TAKEN IN."

THE uneasiness which a few weeks ago managed to spread itself over the country has, it would appear, crossed the Bay of Bengal, and is now creeping across Burmah. A European has, it is said, gained the favour of the King by guaranteeing to procure for him the cession of Pegu, Arracan, and Tenasserim—the cession, in fact, of British Burmah! The King has the misfortune to be ridiculously credulous, and even this monstrous fable is read by him as "a tale from real life," and both he and his court are said to be looking forward to the speedy reunion of the country under Burman rule; and the permission given to the King to present to the Shoay Dagon pagoda a golden umbrella set with precious stones is looked upon as a sign that the Government, when the time arrives, will be favourable to the change. This simplicity is refreshing, but it is also dangerous; for in February next a large body of Burmese—*on dit* 10,000 men—will escort the royal present to its destination, and if they are allowed to carry arms, the presence of 10,000 Burmese subjects in Rangoon is most undesirable. The King has agents scattered throughout the country, and a newspaper of his own which commands a very wide circulation; so that if the suspicions of his intention, which it is still found impossible to dismiss, are in the least degree justifiable, great mischief may be done before the British authorities could prevent it. Disquieting rumours are just now getting into circulation there, but as they have at present as little tangible foundation as they had in this country, it may be hoped that they will disappear as utterly and as speedily from Burmah as they did from India.—*Pioneer*, Dec. 23.

CALCUTTA RACES.

FIRST MEETING.

THIRD DAY : THURSDAY, 22ND DECEMBER.

FIRST RACE.—Cup, value Rs. 500, presented by Messrs. Hamilton and Co. For all Arabs and Country-breds. 2 miles. Maidens allowed 7 lbs. Weight for age and class. Entrance 1st July, Rs. 50; 1st September, Rs. 100; 1st November, Rs. 150, when the race will close. A sweepstakes of Rs. 50 for all horses declared to start.

Mr. Field's Sunbeam	1
H. H. Aga Khan's Silver Tail	2
Mr. W. W.'s Growler	3

Time—3 mins. 53 secs.

SECOND RACE.—The Viceroy's Cup, a piece of Plate, value Rs. 1,000, presented by His Excellency the Earl of Mayo, K.P., G.M.S.I. For all horses. Weight for age and class reduced 7 lbs. Maidens allowed 7 lbs. Winners of the previous seasons, 5 lbs.; of two or more previous seasons, 9 lbs. extra. No allowance for Geldings. 2 miles. Entrance 1st July, Rs. 100; ditto 1st October, Rs. 200, when the race will close. A sweepstakes of Rs. 100 additional for each horse declared to start.

Mr. W. W.'s w. g. Longden	1
Mr. W. W.'s [illegible]	2
Mr. Henry's w. h. Detrimental	3

Detrimental was disqualified—the race is to be run again.

THIRD RACE.—The Club Purse. For all horses. 1½ mile. Handicap. Entrance on or before 1st July, Rs. 80; ditto on or before 1st September, Rs. 150; ditto 1st November, Rs. 300, when the race will close. Handicaps to be declared 19th December; acceptances 20th. Sweepstakes of Rs. 100 for all horses accepting.

Mr. Dover's c. h. Castle Hill	1
Mr. W. W.'s Rocket	2
Mr. Bailey's c. m. Bridesmaid	3

Time—2 mins. 47 secs.

FOURTH RACE.—Sweepstakes of Rs. 80 each, P. P. For all Colonial horses. Rs. 250 added. ¾ mile. 9 st. each. Winners once, 3 lbs.; twice or oftener, 6 lbs. extra. The winner to be sold for Rs. 2,000. To close the 1st November and name the day before the race. No allowance.

———'s Kalos	1
Mr. W. W.'s Bellona	2
———'s Brigand	3

Time—1 min. 21 secs.

FIFTH RACE.—The Arabian Stable's Cup, value Rs. 800, presented by Shaik Esau bin Curtas. For all maiden Arabs purchased from the donor since 1st January 1868. R. C. Weight for age. Winner of the Derby 5 lbs. extra. Entrance 1st July, Rs. 80; 1st September, Rs. 160, when the race will close. A sweepstakes of Rs. 80 for all horses declared to start.

Mr. Jno. Frost's Scimitar Secundus	1
Mr. Black's Rapier	2

Time—3 mins. 35 secs.

—*Pioneer*.

MEDICAL OFFICERS' ADDITIONAL ALLOWANCES.

WE hear that an order will be published almost immediately, laying down the allowances to be granted for additional medical charges held by medical officers already holding substantive charge.

I.—To a medical officer already in charge of a brigade of royal artillery or of a regiment or wing of British cavalry or infantry :

(*a.*)—For the charge of an additional regiment of British cavalry or infantry, consisting of not less than six troops or companies, Rs. 150 per mensem.

(*b.*)—For each additional troop or company when under six, Rs. 20 per mensem.

(*c.*)—For each battery of royal artillery, when under charge of a medical officer of a regiment of cavalry or infantry, Rs. 20 per mensem.

II.—When the substantive charge is less than a wing, a medical officer will receive—

(*a.*)—For the charge of an additional regiment of British cavalry or infantry, consisting of not less than six troops or companies, Rs. 100 per mensem.

(*b.*)—For each additional troop or company when under six, Rs. 15 per mensem.

(*c.*)—For each battery of royal artillery, when under charge of a medical officer of a regiment of cavalry or infantry, Rs. 15 per mensem.

(III.)—To a medical officer already in charge of a regiment of native cavalry or infantry or acting in such charge—

(*a.*)—For the additional charge of a regiment of native cavalry or infantry, Rs. 100 per mensem, without reference to the amount that may be available from the salary of the absentee.

(*b.*)—For the additional charge of a wing of a regiment of native cavalry or infantry, or of a detachment consisting numerically of not less than a wing, Rs. 75 per mensem.

(*c.*)—For the additional charge of each troop or company of native cavalry or infantry in excess of, or less, than a wing, or for each company of sappers and miners, Rs. 10 per mensem.

(*d.*)—For the additional charge of a field battery of native artillery or of a mountain train battery of the Punjab Frontier Force, Rs. 25 mensem.

(*e.*)—For the additional charge of any other field, mountain, or garrison battery of native artillery, Rs. 10 per mensem.

IV.—A medical officer in substantive charge of a detached wing of native cavalry or infantry regiment will be allowed Rs. 100 per mensem, in addition to his Indian pay, provided that the aggregate sum drawn under this rule does not exceed the amount he would receive with a full regiment. No allowance will be given for the charge of a detachment of native troops, of less than a wing, when such forms the sole or substantive charge.

2. No allowance is authorized for the additional medical charge of British or native troops of less than a battery, troop or company.

3. When under exceptional circumstances, m[edical] officers of the British service fall into the [illegible] charge of native troops, or medical officers [of the Indian] Medical Department into that of Britis[h] [illegible] will, in the former case, be entitle[d] [illegible] under Part III, and in the lat[ter] [illegible] Parts I and II above.—*Pione[er]*.

COLAB[A] [illegible]

RESULTS OF ME[TEOROLOGICAL] [illegible] [Go]vernment [illegible] 4th. 51m [illegible]

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TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

SARSAPARILLA.

WILKINSON'S Essence or Fluid Extract of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, prescribed by the Faculty for Purifying the Blood, Debility, Liver Complaints, and freeing the system from the effects of Mercury: exclusively used in India and the Colonies as a Prevention to Tropical Diseases.

"Superior preparation that may always be relied upon."—Sir Astley Cooper.

"We are in every respect satisfied with it."—Lancet.

"We recommend your Sarsaparilla as the best."—Medical Review.

Sold in ¼, ½, and pint bottles.

Caution.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label ...me and Address also Trade Mark (W in a diamond.)

... JAMAICA GINGER and CAMOMILE. ...tion of Ginger and Camomile has long ...xcellent domestic medicine. It is ...nd the best remedy for Flatu...paired digestion.

...ntries should be without.

NOTICES.

MOULE'S PATENT EARTH CLOSETS.

Dealwood Commodes, complete ....Rs. 40
Pull-up } Apparatus for fitting with pail and } 25
Self-acting } cover ....
Sieves for ditto 3

Sole Agents,

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.,
DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.

W. W. GREENER, BIRMINGHAM.—The undersigned, as Agents for Mr. GREENER, have the following GUNS, RIFLES, &c., on hand for SALE at English Shop Prices:—

			£ s. d.
1	Double Barrel Breech Loading Gun Pin 12 bore ditto in case Complete	do.	27 0 0
1	do. C. F. spring Needles and bar Locks	do.	23 10 0
1	do. do. Rifle Patent Striker	do.	39 10 0
1	do. do. do. ditto	do.	45 0 0
1	do. do. do. Pin Dougal's action	do.	37 10 0
1	do. do. Gun C. F. spring Needles	do.	25 0 0
1	do. do. do. 16 bore	do.	25 0 0
1	Single Henry Rifle	do.	12 0 0
1	Double Rifle '500 for boxer Cartridges	do.	44 10 0
1	do. for Snider Cartridges	do.	22 0 0
1	do. do. do.		28 0 0
1	do. do. do.		27 0 0
1	do. do. '450 Henry's Rifling	do.	45 0 0

Cartridge Cases of Various Kinds, Bullets, Wads, &c. &c.

Detailed Price List on application.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

JERUSALEM TIFFIN AND BILLIARD ROOMS, Corner of Forbes Street and Rampart Row, Fort. The PROPRIETORS wish to call the attention of the PUBLIC to the above Rooms. A Large, Cool, and Airy Tiffin Room; a Reading Room, with all the Latest News; a splendid Billiard Table; and the only European House in the Fort.

A new Billiard Table just arrived from England by the SIR JOHN LAWRENCE.

Tiffin at 2 P.M. Chops and Steaks always ready.

N. B.—Wines and Spirits of the best quality. Wanted, one or two Gentlemen as boarders.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

CALICUT FAMILY HOTEL.

THIS HOTEL is conveniently situated about 200 yards from the Beach, close to the Malabar new Club House, and within an easy distance of the Custom House and Pier.

TERMS MODERATE.

Transit for Beypore, Cannanore, and Wynaad, can be had at Reasonable Rates.

Under charge of JOSEPH MULLIAPEN, late Butler Malabar Club.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, MATHERAN.—Mr. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor, begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Bombay Presidency, that the above Hotel, which is so well known for its excellent accommodation, is OPEN for the RECEPTION of VISITORS. There are three separate Bungalows attached to the Hotel, which are very commodious for Ladies and Gentlemen. Superior Articles are always supplied at moderate rates, and great care is taken for the comfort of the Visitors. He has some Houses to Let, and undertakes to look after Bungalows on the Hill at a charge of Rs. 30 per annum.

ICES! ICES!! ICES!!!

JEWANJEE'S EXCHANGE.

Messrs. JEEWANJEE & Co. beg to intimate that they have arranged to have Superior ICE CREAMS and WATER ICE always ready at their Tiffin Rooms, at the corner of Meadow Street and Hummum Street, at 4 Annas a Glass.

JEWANJEE'S EXCHANGE.

(By JEWANJEE & Co., Proprietors Byculla Hotel).

Messrs. JEWANJEE & Co. beg to intimate that their FIRST CLASS TIFFIN and BILLIARD ROOMS in the commodious premises at the corner of Meadow Street and Hummum Street are open daily, and that Hot-chops, Steaks, and Oysters, &c., &c., are served up in a superior style, at a minute's notice.

The Billiard Room and ordinary Tiffin Room are on the ground floor, and on the first flat there are half a dozen nicely fitted up private rooms for tiffins.

A First class selection of WINES, SPIRITS, and BEER, &c.

JEWANJEE & Co.

THE CHOWK HOTEL, MATHERAN.

JEEWANJEE & Co., the Proprietors of the CHOWK HOTEL, MATHERAN, in thanking Visitors for the very liberal patronage extended to the Hotel in former seasons, beg to intimate that they have now RE-OPENED the Hotel.

The Chowk Hotel is the highest bungalow on Matheran Hill, and is therefore well exposed to the breeze. There is a large Verandah, from which the view is very extensive and pleasing, and also an excellent Billiard Table. Attached to the Hotel ... range of Bedrooms, and the furnishing and thorough cleanliness maintained will, the Proprietors hope, continue to secure the comfort of Visitors and afford satisfaction. Care is taken to keep on stock a good supply of Wines, Spirits, &c., of the first quality.

Terms as before, Rs. 6 per day.

JEEWANJEE & Co.

BYCULLA REFRESHMENT ROOMS.

JEWANJEE and COMPANY, Proprietors of the Byculla Hotel, beg to intimate that they have now OPENED a REFRESHMENT ESTABLISHMENT in connection with their Billiard Room adjoining the Byculla Hotel, where Steaks, Chops, and other Refreshments can be had at any hour at moderate prices. Care will be taken to serve only first class meats, and excellent arrangements have been made for cooking at a moment's notice, by means of a patent stove, just received from Europe, any dish in the bill of fare.

Private Rooms have been expressly built for the accommodation of Visitors, in connection with the Billiard Room, which has been refitted, and in which there are now four first-class Billiard Tables, briliantly lighted with Gas.

Wines and Spirits and American Drinks of every description can be had at the bar of the Billiard Rooms.

BYCULLA (late BOMBAY) HOTEL,

(BY JEWANJEE & Co.,)

AT THE

JUNCTION OF BELLASIS AND CLARE ROADS, BYCULLA
(Within 5 minutes walk of Byculla and Tardeo Railway Stations.)

BYCULLA HOTEL is acknowledged to to be in every respect the best in Bombay. Having been built expressly for an hotel, the building possesses advantages over bungalow hotels, and has been fitted up in such a manner as to ensure the greatest comfort to Residents and Visitors. Ample accommodation has been provided for Families. All the Apartments are lofty, and well furnished, and an excellent Table is kept. Care is also taken that the Wines and other Liquors are of the first quality. Adjoining the large Dining Saloon are a Library and two good Billiard Tables. Hot and Cold Baths always ready.

JEWANJEE & Co.

ENGLISH HOTEL,

BRITISH HOTEL LANE,
APOLLO STREET.

THIS Hotel is fitted up and furnished in the most complete manner; no expense has been spared to render it the most commodious and comfortable Establishment both for Gentlemen and Families to be found in Bombay.

The Sleeping Apartments and Sitting Rooms are replete with every convenience, and the strictest regard is paid to cleanliness throughout the premises. The Table will be found to be abundantly supplied with viands of unrivalled excellence, and the Culinary Department is under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor.

The Wines, Liquors, and Beer are of the very best description, supplied from the most celebrated houses in the London and Continental Markets. The Proprietor confidently recommends this Establishment to the patronage of Travellers and Residents, all of whom may be accommodated with the comforts of a home at moderate charges.

The Hotel is pleasantly situated, and within five minutes of the Railway Station and the Apollo Bunder.

PESTONJEE BAPOOJEE, Proprietor.

GREAT EASTERN HOTEL.

WINE & GENERAL PURVEYING COMPANY (Ld).
ALLAHABAD BRANCH.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT ONLY.

ALLAHABAD having now become an important city, to meet its growing requirements, the Company has, at considerable expense, enlarged and improved their Hotel by the addition of an upper storey. From its central position, and close proximity to the Railway Station, the Hotel offers to Travellers, wishing to break their journey, a comfortable and quiet resting-place, with Refreshments of the very best.

The Hotel is on the Queen's Road, Allahabad, and within an easy walk of five minutes from the Terminus. It is fitted up and furnished in the most complete manner, and suited both for Families and Single Gentlemen; but the upper rooms are more especially adapted for Families, as they can be occupied one, two, or three, en suite, with capital Bath Rooms attached. These Rooms are also, without exception, the coolest and most comfortable in the station.

The Wines, Spirits, and Beer are selected from the Company's stock in Calcutta, and fresh supplies are sent monthly, thus ensuring to visitors the best and most unexceptionable articles of the kind to be procured in the North-Western Provinces.

A first-class slate Billiard Table is provided for the use of the Residents, and for the amusement during the short interval of Gentlemen passing through. The room is detached, and at some distance from the main building.

Terms—STRICTLY CASH.

THOMSON and COMPANY.

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
Opposite the Secretariate,
22, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,

BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT.
MAZAGON.

PRESCRIPTIONS.

Every care and attention is given to this Department of our business, and being under our personal superintendence, Physicians and Patients may rely on all articles being supplied of the best quality, and prepared with exactness and uniformity.

MEDICINE CHESTS IN GREAT VARIETY.

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS CAREFULLY RE-FILLED.

Messrs. Thomson & Co. devote particular attention to Ships' Medicine Chests, and will, at any time, send on Board a competent party to have the Chest examined, free of charge.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Hair Brushes.	Flesh Gloves.
Nail Brushes.	Chest Expanders.
Tooth Brushes	Eau de Cologne.
Combs.	Violet Powder.
Corn Plasters.	Feeding Bottles.
...rfumery.	Court Plaster.
...ges.	Filters.
... Bags.	

...AND A LARGE STOCK OF OTHER SUNDRIES.

...PES, TOBACCO, CHEROOTS.

...m Outstations, accompanied by a Bombay reference ...every care and attention.

NOTICES.

MR. J. NEUBERG,

GENERAL MERCHANT AND COMMISSION AGENT,

MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

PIANOS.

SQUARE PIANOS

(JUST LANDED PER STEAMER ORESTE),

Of solid Mahogany or Walnutwood, Seven Octaves, manufactured by the well-known makers,

SHIEDMAYER, OF STUTTGART,

Cannot be too strongly recommended;

BEING MADE ESPECIALLY FOR THE CLIMATE OF INDIA,

AND GREATLY IMPROVED IN TONE AND FINISH.

References will be furnished to intending Purchasers on application.

HARMONIUMS.

HARMONIUMS, manufactured by the celebrated makers,

TRAYSER, of Stuttgart,
REITHEIMER, ditto,

And perfectly secured against any vermin entering and destroying the instruments, the Pedals being constructed to close after playing.

These Harmoniums are extra French-polished, and their durability, combined with exquisite sweetness of tone, have been well tested in India.

MUSIC STOOLS.

MUSIC STOOLS, of elegant designs, with Patent Metal Screw, carved, and Seats covered with Morocco.

BOHEMIAN GLASS WARE.

BOHEMIAN GLASS WARE, comprising Ornamental Flower Vases, Card Trays, Liqueur Sets, &c. Glass Insulators, for Piano-fortes, of various Colours.

FANCY GOODS.

FANCY GOODS, viz., Work Boxes, elegantly fitted, Writing Desks, Portfolios, Albums, &c.

FANCY COIR FOOT RUGS AND CARRIAGE RUGS.

SEWING MACHINES.

SEWING MACHINES, on the Wheeler and Wilson principle, with plated body and ornamental Iron Stands, half Case French-polished, to Lock.

These Lock Stitch Sewing Machines combine all the latest improvements, and recommend themselves as the most reliable instruments for domestic use, ornamental as well as useful.

Price Rs. 125 Cash.

SEWING MACHINES, NEEDLES, &c.,

Always kept in Stock.

TABLE LINEN.

TABLE LINEN, Table Cloth and Napkins of sizes, Damask and Diamond Pattern, country-made.

Orders received for sizes not in Stock, and the quality warranted as extremely strong and durable.

TOWELS.

TOWELS, Bath and Wash Towels, also kept in Stock.

TABLE LINEN.

TABLE LINEN, English Damask Table Cloths of sizes, sold at a reduction to clear Stock.

LAMPS.

LAMPS, universally approved, of German Silver, and Brass Reading lamps, with Milk Glass Shade.

Ornamental Paris Table Lamps for Kerosene Oil.

ENAMELLED IRON WARE.

DINNER PLATES.
SOUP ditto.
HOTWATER ditto.
TEA and COFFEE CUPS and SAUCERS.
VEGETABLE DISHES.
MEAT ditto.
BAKING ditto.
MULLING POTS, large and small.
SAUCE PANS ditto.
RYING ditto.
PUDDING ditto.
AMERICAN BAKE DISHES.
GRIDIRONS.
BASIN and EWER.

NEW STOCK DAILY EXPECTED.

GALVANISED IRON BATH TUBS AND BUCKETS.

GALVANISED IRON BATH TUBS and BUCKETS, especially recommended to residents on Hill Stations.

BLANKETS.

BLANKETS, large and small, White and Crimson, best Austrian Striped Blankets.

RAILWAY WRAPPERS.

FOR CHRISTMAS.

PRIME YORK HAMS.
WILTSHIRE BACON.
CHESHIRE CHEESE.
DOUBLE GLO'STER CHEESE.
CHEDDER ditto.
DUTCH ditto.
STILTON ditto.
BATH CHOPS, in canvas.
OX TONGUES, ditto.

OVERLAND OILMANSTORES.

BLACK CURRANTS, in 7 lb. Jars.

FRENCH BUTTER, in 1 lb. Tins.

FRUITS in SYRUP.

BON BON COSSAQUES.

FINE TURKEY FIGS, in Tins.

JUST RECEIVED,

A Fresh Stock of excellent

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.

J. NEUBERG

NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICALS.

MESSRS. THACKER, VINING, & Co. beg to remind their Friends that all SUBSCRIPTIONS to ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICALS for 1871 should be RENEWED by the END of the CURRENT MONTH, in order that instructions may reach England before the end of the year.

Messrs. T. V. and Co. take this opportunity of calling attention to their Terms of Supply, and inviting New Subscriptions.

Price Lists, containing all particulars, may be had upon application, from which it will be seen that PERIODICALS are supplied at rates considerably less than those at which they can be procured from England by post, and NEWSPAPERS (which are posted to Subscribers direct from England) at about the same rates as those charged by other News Agents.

THACKER, VINING, & Co.

November 1870.

LETTS' DIARIES, all sizes.

Price Lists upon application.

THACKER, VINING, & Co.

NOTICES.

SEASON 1870-71.

BADHAM AND COMPANY,
APOLLO HOUSE, BOMBAY.

By Appointment,
HOSIERS, GLOVERS, AND GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN,
TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

HAVE the pleasure to announce arrival of extensive Shipments for the coming Season, and beg to solicit an early inspection. The whole of the Goods have come by F. & O. Steamers; and Customers may rely upon getting the latest Novelties.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

		Rs.	Rs.
BADHAM'S	Celebrated White Zephyr Shirts...doz.	50	
BADHAM'S	Celebrated White Zephyr Shirts, linen fronts and cuffs...	60	
BADHAM'S	Fine Embroidered Dress Shirts... each	7	to 25
BADHAM'S	Coloured Cambric Shirts ... doz.	45	
BADHAM'S	Super ditto ditto ... „	60	
BADHAM'S	Fine French Cambric Shirts ... „	65	
BADHAM'S	"Indian Shirts"—A mixture of Flax and Cotton. The material specially adapted for wear in this country, absorbs perspiration and will not shrink ... each	7	
BADHAM'S	Wove Flannel Shirts ...	9	
BADHAM'S	Silk and Wool Shirts ...	9½	

SLEEPING SUITS.

		Rs.
BADHAM'S	Celebrated Wove Flannel ...	18
BADHAM'S	Ditto Silk and Wool ...	20
BADHAM'S	Ditto Spun Silk ...	25

HOSIERY.

		Rs.	Rs.
BADHAM'S	Fine Brown Cotton Socks ...	12½	
BADHAM'S	Superfine ditto ...	21	
BADHAM'S	Balbriggan ...	26½	
BADHAM'S	Fine Lisle Thread...	21	
BADHAM'S	Ditto ditto Striped	23	
BADHAM'S	Coloured Merino ½ Hose plain and striped ...	15	to 18
BADHAM'S	Super do. do. ...	18	to 25
BADHAM'S	Scotch Lambswool and heavy Woollen Ribbed Kincker Bocker Stockings for shooting, &c. ... per pair	6	
BADHAM'S	Celebrated India Gauze Vests ... each	5½	to 6½
BADHAM'S	Fine Gauze Vests ...	3½	to 4½
BADHAM'S	Summer Merino do. ...	5	to 5½
BADHAM'S	Grey Merino do. ...	5½	to 6½
BADHAM'S	Scotch Lambswool Shirts ...	7½	
BADHAM'S	India Gauze Pants ...	9	
BADHAM'S	Grey Merino do. ...	7½	
BADHAM'S	Super Gauze do. ...	6½	

COLLARS.

All the new shapes in Stock.

	Rs. as.
The "Pall Mall," "Shakspeare" "West End," "Dux," "Oxford," "Regent," "Suez," and "Grosvenor," per doz.	7 0
Dux with Tie, Olympic do. ...	7 8

POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS.

All hemmed and washed, ready for use.

	Rs.	Rs.
Scotch Lawn Handkerchiefs ... per doz.	6	
Scotch Lawn Handkerchiefs, coloured borders. „	6	
White Irish Cambric ...	10	to 25
White Irish Cambric, coloured borders...	16½	
Fine French Cambric with coloured borders and hem-stitched ...	24	
Ladies' fine Cambric, hemstitched ...	10	to 15

SCARVES AND TIES.

	Rs.	Rs.
The "Duke" or Sailor's Knot Scarf in immense variety	2½	to 3
Fancy Romal Scarves for Knot or Ring...	2½	to 4
Black and coloured Tom Thumb Ties ... each...	1	
Black and coloured Eglington ...	1½	to 1¾

UMBRELLAS AND WALKING STICKS.

A large and good assortment of the above.

	Rs.	Rs.
Umbrellas ...	10	to 16
Walking Sticks ...	1	to 6

JEWELLERY.

	Rs.	
Fine gold Collar Studs ... each ...	8	
Fine gold Front Studs ... per set ...	12	to 45
Fine gold Links ...	18	to 30
Fine gold Solitaires ...	15	to 35

Lund's Jewellery in great variety, Gold on Ivory.

Collar Studs ... each ...	2½	
Front Studs ... per set ...	5	
Solitaires ... per pair...	5	to 10

TOWELS, LINENS, &c.

	Rs.	Rs.
Hand Towels ... per doz. ... 10,	12	to 16
Royal Turkish Bath Towels...	25	to 32
Brown Turkish Bath Towels...	25	

Damask Table Cloths and Napkins of different sizes

BADHAM'S OVERLAND TRUNKS,

Of superior make.

	Rs.
27 Inches Flat Tops...	26
30 Inches Flat Tops...	29
33 Inches Flat Tops...	31
36 Inches Flat Tops...	33

The above of the Regulation size.

SOLID LEATHER TRUNKS.

27 Inches ...	65
30 Inches ...	70
33 Inches ...	75

LADIES' FRANKLIN TRUNKS.

Fitted with Tray, &c.

	Rs.	Rs.
33 Inches ... Rs. 45 | 36 Inches ...	50	
A large stock of Courier Bags, Leather Hand Bags, &c. varying in price from ...	5	to 35
Canvas Clothes Bags...	5¼	to 6½

RAILWAY RUGS, &c.

	Rs.	Rs.
All sizes and qualities ...	12	to 40
Scarlet Blankets ... per pair...	25	
Rug Straps ...	1½, 2	to 2½

HAT DEPARTMENT.

	Rs. as.
LINCOLN and BENNETT'S Black Silk Hats ...	16 0
LINCOLN and BENNETT'S Drab Shells ex. quality ...	12 0
ELLWOOD'S PARIS HATS— Eglington, Falkland, Sandon ...	14 0
ELLWOOD'S DRAB SHELLS— Eglington, Falkland, Sandon ...	10 0
Ex. quality ditto ...	12 0
BLACK FELT HATS— Shapes—"Blenheim" (soft), "Cantab" "Norman," "Worthing," "Iris" "Chester" "Ascot,"	7 8
Tyrol Hats ...	8 8
Soft Felt Hats ...	8 8
Travelling Hats or Caps in great variety ...	4 0 to 8 0

HELMETS.

	Rs. a.
The Regulation Cork Helmet ...	18 0
Patent Air Chamber Hunting Covered White ...	15 0
Drab do. do. ...	15 0

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

An entire new Stock of Fancy Angolas, Coatings, Vestings, Riding Cords, &c., have just been opened.

MRS. JACOB HUNT,

MILLINER AND DRESS-MAKER,
25, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY,
AND
EAST STREET, POONA,

HAS the pleasure to inform the Ladies of Bombay and Outstations that SHE has just RETURNED from POONA and OPENED her NEW STOCK of Fresh and Fashionable MILLINERY selected for the Season in Bombay.

Handsome Millinery Bonnets
The New Gipsy Bonnets in Straw, &c.
Hats, richly trimmed
Hats in Felt and Straw, of every new shape
Rich Silks and Satins, in all the new colors
Moirés, Reps, Poplins, in great variety
Muslins, Colored and White Striped
Pucales and Piqués, Colored and White
Grenadines, Plain and Flowered, Colored and White
Ball Dresses, in Black and White Tulle
Ball Dresses, in Tarlatan, plain and spangled
Ball Dresses, in White and Colored Silk Grenadine
Scarborough Walking Costumes
Dresses in Velvet and Velvetines
Dress Jackets in Black Silk
Ladies' Jackets in Velvet and Velvetines
Ladies' Panier Jackets in Black Lace
Trimmed Outdoor Jackets in Cloth
Indoor Jackets in Velvetines
Muslins, Garibaldis, handsomely trimmed
Rich Black Garibaldis
Garibaldis, in Cloth, prettily braided
Lace Squares, and Fancy's Collars
The "Duchess" Squares in Lace
The New Lace Collars and Sleeves
Chemisettes and Sleeves, in Lace and Muslins
Flowers, in beautiful variety
Terry Ribbons, in all widths and colors
Rich wide Ribbons for Sashes, in Terry, Satin, and Silk
Handsome Dress Sashes, in Velvet, Lace, and Satin
Every new variety of Trimming, in Velvet, Terry, and Satin
Fringes, in all widths, styles and colors
Laces in "Duchess" Honiton, Valenciennes, Maltese, &c.
Handsome Muslin Slips
Cambric Embroidered Petticoats
The New Panier Crinolines
The New Dress Improvers
French Wove Embroidered Corsets
Nursing Corsets
Embroidered and Tucked Cambric Camisoles
Ladies' Handkerchiefs in Real Lace and Embroidery
Ladies' Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs
Ladies' Silk Stockings in Black and White
The New "Polish" Boots for Ladies
Ladies' Boots and Slippers in Black and White Satin
Fancy Embroidered Slippers
Ladies' Opera Cloaks
Ladies' Capes in Shetland Wool
Ball Room Fans, in rich variety
Gilt Combs and Head-dresses
Frissettes, in latest styles, for Plaits, Rolls, Coils, &c
Fashionable Chignons, in every shade of hair
Combs for Chignons
Long Hairnets and Pins for Chignons
Blondes and Tulles, in great variety
Gauze Veils, in every colour
Ladies' Riding Hats, in latest style
Various Material for Riding Habits
Trimmed Petticoats and Under-Skirts in Coloured Rep
Children's Dresses, in Piqué, Merino, &c., handsomely trimmed
Girls' Hats, trimmed and untrimmed
Boys' Suits, in Cashmere, Holland, &c.
Boys' Hats, trimmed and untrimmed
Gloves for Boys and Girls
Babies' Christening Robes and Frocks
Babies' Handsome Cloaks and Capes
Babies' Hoods and Hats, in rich variety
Babies' Quilted Bibs, Boots, and Shoes
Carefully Selected Wedding Material, in rich Moirés, Satins, and Silks
Bridal Wreaths, Veils, Bouquets, &c., in elegant style
The "Josephine" Gloves
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid Gloves
Rich Mourning of every description
Jet Ornaments.

All Orders executed with strict care and attention.

LADIES' OWN MATERIAL MADE UP.

Out-stations Orders to be accompanied by a Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Bombay, 15th Dec. 1870.

NOTICES.

MRS. CARROLL,
MILLINER and DRESSMAKER.
1, Bellasis Road, Byculla.

EVERY DESCRIPTION of MILLINERY ALWAYS on HAND.

Dressmaking, Wedding and Mourning Orders, completed on the shortest notice with the greatest care and punctuality.

"Ladies' own Materials" made up!

CHRISTMAS STOCK.

IN ALL VARIETY JUST RECEIVED.

Specially selected, Inspection invited, Charges moderate.

Outstation Orders expeditiously executed.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT
OF
TAILORING.

MESSRS. JARVIS AND COMPANY,
TAILORS, OUTFITTERS, &c.,

HAVE the pleasure to inform the Nobility and Gentry of Bombay and the Mofussil, that they have commenced Business with a Choice Selection of WOOLLEN GOODS, suitable for the present Season, at English prices for Ready Money.

J. & Co. solicit an early inspection.

Orders from Out-stations must be accompanied with a Remittance, or reference in Bombay for payment.

Self-measurement Cards and Patterns forwarded on application.

The following List of Prices are for Cash Payments:—

	Rs.
Dark Angola Suit, of very light texture, well adapted for the present season ...	25
Fancy Scotch Tweed Suits...	25
Fancy Scotch Tweed Trousers ...	9
Fancy Doeskin Silk Mixed Trousers, per pair ...	12
Fancy Scotch Tweed Norfolk Jackets ...	12
Black Superfine Cloth Dress Suit ...	65
Black or Blue Superfine Frock Coats, with Silk Facing	40
Black or Blue Superfine Morning Coats ...	28
Black Silk Alpaca Coat ...	10
Drab Herbert Cloth Suits ...	12
Drab Sheft Cord Breeches ...	12
Whip Cord and Bedford Cord Riding Trousers, per pair	18
Coloured Washing Trousers, per pair ...	5
Flannel Sleeping Suits ...	12
Indian Sleeping Suits ...	12

SHIRTS.

White Shirts ...	at Rs. 42 to Rs. 54 per doz.
Indian Gauze Under Shirts...	„ 18 „
Flannel Shirts ...	„ 6
Indian Suits ...	„ 6
Silk and Wool Flannel Shirts ...	„ 8
Linen Collars, 3 fold, any shape ...	„ 6 per doz.
The White Regulation Helmets ...	„ 15

Helmets and Hats in every style of fashion, at moderate Prices. Collars, Scarfs, Ties, Railway Rugs, Umbrellas, Overland Trunks, and Scotch Maude.

N.B.—Every requisite for Overland Passengers.

Note the Address,

JARVIS AND COMPANY,

No. 29, Meadow Street, opposite the Oriental Bank.

MRS. LAKE has the pleasure to inform the Ladies of Bombay and those at Out-stations, that she has just returned from England with a CHOICE SELECTION OF FASHIONABLE MILLINERY, selected by herself at the FIRST LONDON HOUSES, as follows, &c.:—

Ladies' Dress Bonnets, trimmed, from Rs 15 to 18, 20, and 30 each.
Ladies' Hats, richly trimmed with feathers, &c., from Rs 15 to 18, 20 and 35 each.
The Princess Park Riding Hat, with Feather and Veil, from Rs 24 to 31.
Ladies' Hats, untrimmed, from Rs 4 to 6.
Hair Chignons in every shade, "Auburn," "Flaxen," "Black," "Light and Dark brown," &c., from Rs 10 to 20.
Large sized Frizettes, at Rs 3 per pair.
Rich Silks, Satins, Reps, &c., from Rs 3, 4, 5, to 9 per yard.
Black, White, and Colored Satins, from Rs 4, 5, to 10 per yard.
Rich Silk Evening Dresses in the new colors, from Rs 5 to 9-8 per yard.
French Prints and Cambrics, from 8 to 12 Annas per yard.
Percales and Brilliants, at Rs 1 per yard.
Piqué and Jean, in the new colors, from Rs 1 to Rs 1-8 per yard.
Black Velvet for Dresses, extra rich, at Rs 14 per yard.
Black Embroidered Velveteen Garibaldis, at Rs 17 each.
Print and Llama Garibaldis, from Rs 4 to 17 each.
Muslin Garibaldis, from Rs 4 to 12 each.
Black and White Lace Garibaldis, from Rs 16 to 21 each.
The Princess Breakfast Dress.
Piqué and Print Dress.
Camisoles, plain and trimmed.
Lace sets for open Bodices with loose Sleeves, from Rs 3 to 10 per set.
Lace and Muslin open Sleeves, Rs 2 to 5 per pair.
The new Duchess Lace sets, from Rs 7 to 12 per pair.
The Reversible Cuffs with Collars, from Rs 1 to 2 per pair.
Ladies' Bonnet Caps, Rs 1-8 each.

BALL DRESSES, &c.

Ball Dresses in great variety, from Rs 18, 20, 35, to 60 each.
Ball Dresses with Berthe and Sleeves, from Rs 18 to 35 each.
Black Tulle Ball Dresses, richly trimmed, from Rs 36 to 60 each.
Crystal Tarlatan and Tulle Tarlatans, Grenadines, and Crepes, white and colored Satin slips.
Honiton Lace Handkerchiefs, Rs 11 to 21 each.
Lace Tunics and Flounces, Ball Room Fans, from Rs 6 to 10 each.
Embroidered Petticoats, from Rs 8, 10 to 15 each.
Muslin Petticoats, flounced and trimmed, from Rs 3, 5, 6, and 10 each.
White Silk Stocking, from Rs. 5-8 to Rs 6 per pair.
Thread and Cotton plain and open worked Stockings for Ladies' from Rs 19 to 25 per dozen.
Ladies' Black Kid Boots.
Ladies' Kid Gloves, from Rs 2-12 to Rs. 3 per pair.
Pearl Necklaces, from Rs 3 to 7 per set.
Wreaths of Flowers in all the new styles.
Flowers and Feathers, &c.; Sashes; Dress Improvers, from Rs 3 to 5 each.
Corsets of best manufacture, from Rs 7 to 12 per pair.
Nursing Stays, Rs. 10 per pair.
The Princess Park Riding Hat, from Rs 24 to 31 each.
Riding Habits made to order.
The "New" Dress Improver.

MANTLES, &c.

Real Velvet Mantles, richly trimmed, from Rs 75 to 89 each.
Velveteen Jacquettes, from Rs 16 to 25.
Velveteen Jacquettes, trimmed Sable, from Rs 27 to 31.
Black Cashmere Jacquettes, trimmed, from Rs 19 to 23.
White Serge and Alpaca Jacquettes, from Rs 12 to 16.
Black Grenadine Mantles, from Rs 27 to 35.
... trimmed black, from Rs 13 to 15.

WEDDING TROUSSEAUX.

Rich Satin and Silk Dresses.
White Tulle Dresses, richly trimmed with Satin.
Tarlatan and Grenadine Dresses.
Organdi Dresses, trimmed.
Real Honiton Lace Veils, from Rs 69, 75, to 85.
Rich Lace Veils, from Rs 20 to 35 each.
Tulle Bridal Squares, from Rs 11 to 20 each.
Real Honiton Lace Handkerchiefs, Rs 10, 12, 18 to 21 each.
Blonde and Tulle Bodices, trimmed with Satin, from Rs 15 to 20 each.
Bridal Wreaths and Bouquettes, from Rs 8 to 15 per set.
Bridal Favours, from Rs 6 to 10 per dozen.
Dress Bonnets, richly trimmed, from 18 to 30 each.
Embroidered White Petticoats, from Rs 8 to 18 each.
Muslin Skirts, flounced and trimmed, from Rs 3, 6, to 10.
Fans, from Rs 5 to 12 each.
Gloves, best Kid, single and double buttoned, from Rs 2-12 to 3 per pair.
White Muslin Morning Dresses (ready made) from Rs 18 to 35.
Bridesmaids' Wreaths, from Rs 8 to 10.
Bridesmaids' Dresses, complete, from 25 to 35 each.
Under Linen richly trimmed (ready made) at moderate charges.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.

Girls' and Boys' Hats, richly trimmed, from Rs 9 to 12 each.
Pelisses in all the new colours, richly trimmed, for Boys and Girls, from Rs 9 to 15.
Girls' Scotch Plaid Mantles, from Rs 10 to 12 each.
Coloured Flannel Knickerbocker Drawers, embroidered, from Rs 2-12 to 3-8 per pair.
Striped Knickerbocker Stockings, from Rs 2-8 to 3 per pair.
Coloured Flannel Petticoats, embroidered, from Rs 2-12 to 3-8.
White Cotton Drawers for Girls and Boys, from Rs 1-8 to 1-12 per pair.
Plain and open work Cotton Socks for Children, Rs 6 to 10 per dozen.

INFANTS' DEPARTMENT.

Richly embroidered Cloaks, from Rs 20 to 40 each.
Plain Cashmere Cloaks, from Rs 18 to 23 each.
White Cashmere Hoods, from Rs 9 to 12 each.
White Silk and Satin Hoods, from Rs 9 to 12 each.
Velvet and Satin Baby's Bonnets, from Rs 8 to 12.
Satin and Silk Baby's Hats, from Rs 8 to 12.
Velvet and Satin Baby's Hats, from Rs 8 to 12.
White and Colored Sun Hats at Rs 2 each.
Baby's Bibs, from 8as., 12as., 1 Rupee to 2-8 each
Baby's Pinafores, Re 1 to 2 each.
Baby's Shirts, 8 Annas to Re 1 each.
Embroidered short Frocks, Woollen Hoods, from Rs 2 to each.
Woollen Socks for Infants, Re 1 per pair.
Patent Rosettes and Bonnet Caps.
Baby's patent leather Shoes.

FOR TRAVELLERS.

Travelling Dresses in "Serge," "Linsey," "Tweeds," "Sateen," "Cashmere," "Twill," "Lustres," Merinos," and Alpaca.
Waterproof Costumes (ready made) from Rs 18 to 25 each.
Holland, Print, Piqué, and Muslin dresses ready made, for boardship wear, from Rs 12 to 18 each.
Flannel Morning Dresses, coloured, from Rs 18 to 20.
Coloured Warm Linsey Petticoats, from Rs 5 to 9 each.
Coloured Print Petticoats, from Rs 4 to 6 each.
Velvet and Merino Garibaldis, from Rs 5 to 18 each
Muslin and Print Garibaldis, from Rs 3 to 10 each.
Warm Jacquettes, from Rs 10 to 22 each.
Gauze Veils, Hats, &c.
A nice Stock of ready-made Under Linen, consisting of Chemises, Night Dresses, Drawers, Petticoats plain and trimmed, Petticoat Bodices plain and trimmed, Camisoles, Dressing Gowns.

FOR MOURNING.

Black Bonnets in Crepe, Tulle, Straw, &c., from Rs 15, 17 to 25.
Black Straw Hats, trimmed in latest style, from Rs 15 to 25.
Rich Black Silk at Rs 3, 3½, 4, 5, 6 to 9 per yard.
Paramatta, Alpaca, Woollen Reps, Merino, and Linseys.
Half-Mourning Prints, Cambrics and Muslins.
Black Silk Grenadine and Crepes, Crepe Collars and Cuffs.
Linen Collars and Cuffs.
Crepe, Gauze, and Tulle Veils.
Black Llamma and Tulle Garibaldis.
Widows' Bonnets, Caps, and Fronts.
Mourning Muslin and Crêpe Trimming.
Jet and Vulcanite Chains, Brooches, Ear-rings, Crosses, Watch Guards, &c.
Frizettes and Hair Nets.
Black Silk Stockings and Black Kid Boots.
Black Fans, Trimmings and Buttons.
Black Kid Gloves.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

White Dress Neckties.
White, colored, and black Kid Gloves, at Rs 3 per pair, cash.

PERFUMERY,—consisting of

Black and White Cosmetique.
Nuda Veritas.
Double distilled Lavender Water.
Bandoline.
Essence Bouquet, Jockey Club, Wood Violet, Ylang Ylang, Frangipani, Moss Rose, Sensation, Rondoletia, &c., at Rs 1-4 per bottle.
Thomas' Universal Hair Restorer, Toilet Cream for the Hair.
The Princess Alexandra Hair Waver.
Hair Pins, safety and plain.
Brushes,—Hair, Tooth, and Nail.
Buttons, Fringes, Trimmings, &c.
Feathers, Flowers, &c., in great variety.
Elastic Garters for Ladies.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.

LADIES' OWN MATERIAL MADE UP.

TERMS—CASH.

Orders from Outstations must be accompanied by a Remittances for payment in Bombay.

"UXBRIDGE HOUSE,"
7, CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

BYCULLA STUDIO.—The above STUDIO has been RE-OPENED THIS DAY.

W. G. STRETTON.

Bombay, 1, Love Lane, 19th November 1870.

TO MERCHANTS.

For Sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, at Reduced Price, Rs. 8.

STREET'S INDIAN and COLONIAL MERCANTILE DIRECTORY for 1870.

Containing the Trade Returns, Tariffs, Populations, names of the leading Merchants and Traders, and much general information valuable to commercial men concerning the chief towns in India, Ceylon, China, Japan, the Eastern Archipelago, Mauritius, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, South Africa, Canada, British Columbia, South and Central America, West Indies, Mediterranean, and the United Kingdom.

In the Directory will be found particulars as to transit and passage rates, concise descriptions of each country and town, and principal products, banks and bank agents, &c., &c.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. BADHAM & COMPANY,
APOLLO HOUSE,
BOMBAY.

		Rs. a.
BADHAM'S	Celebrated Wove Flannel Shirts	9 0
BADHAM'S	„ Silk and Wool.............	9 8
BADHAM'S	„ Indian Shirt...............	7 0
BADHAM'S	„ French Colored Shirts ..	65 0 per doz.
BADHAM'S	„ White Shirts...............	60 0 „
BADHAM'S	„ Overland Suits	35 0
BADHAM'S	„ Travelling Suits	35 0
BADHAM'S	„ Silk & Wool Sleeping Suits	20 0
BADHAM'S	„ All Wool Sleeping Suits...	18 0
BADHAM'S	„ Indian Suits for Sleeping	16 0
BADHAM'S	„ Serge Suits	40 0

HOSIERS, GLOVERS and GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN.

By appointment

To His Excellency the GOVERNOR GENERAL of INDIA.

TAPTEE BRIDGE.—DESIGNS and TENDERS received by the undersigned up to January 15th, 1871. For further particulars apply to W. SOWERBY, Esquire, Local Funds Engineer, Surat.

T. C. HOPE,
Collector and President Local Fund Committee.

12th October 1870.

NOTICE.—Messrs. LINDLEY and WARREN beg to NOTIFY that their STUDIO will be CLOSED from THIS DATE until further NOTICE, for the purpose of BUILDING a NEW STUDIO in more convenient Premises.

All Orders for out-door Photography in the interim will be attended to.

Tempory Office, Armenian Lane, Fort

ROWLAND & Co. beg to announce to the Gentry and General Public of Bombay, and the Mofussil, that they have OPENED a SADDLERY and HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT, at No. 8 Meadow Street, Fort, for the sale of Saddlery, &c., imported from England, as well as made in Bombay of the best English materials, at moderate rates.

All orders sent to the above Address will be promptly and carefully executed.

Orders from Outstations must be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

R. & Co. solicit especial attention to their own Composition for Softening Leather.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
THOMPSON'S Muster, per thousand...............	18 0	20 0
DUMPY Muster „ „	17 0	19 0
DAWSON'S Muster „ „	14 0	16 0

Fresh supplies pronounced by Smokers to be of "very superior quality" on sale.

TREACHER and Co. (Limited).

THE TWENTY-FIVE LAKH LOAN CASE.

Now Ready, at *Bombay Gazette* Office,

JUDGMENTS delivered by Mr. Justice Westropp and Sir Charles Sargent in the case of the

BANK OF BOMBAY
versus
THE ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION.

The above have been reprinted in Pamphlet Form, and copies may be had in this Office. Price ONE RUPEE.

Bombay Gazette Office, April 4.

P. HAMILTON & Co.,
UNDERTAKERS and SCULPTORS,

86 LOWER COLABA, and CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA.

Orders for all kinds of Tombs (Granite or Marble, with or without Ornamental Railings), Marble Tablets for Churches, &c., promptly executed. Album Books of Photos. of the newest English designs, and drawings of Tombs and Railings forwarded, on applying as above, where all orders (from outstations or elsewhere) will receive prompt attention.

ICE REFRIGERATORS, with and without drawers. The drawer placed in these useful Boxes makes them very convenient, as bottles can be cooled by the constant drip of the ice-water, without any interference with the tank above containing the ice, and forms an excellent meat-safe, as well as an ice-tank.

CARRIAGES BUILT and REPAIRED on the shortest notice. Full particulars, prices, &c., of P. HAMILTON & Co., at above addresses.

MR. CYPRIANO SALDANHA (a String Bandmaster, and successor to the late Mr. Jose), who had the honour to conduct MUSICAL ARRANGEMENTS during the BOMBAY ASSEMBLY'S and FREEMASON'S BALLS, begs to inform the Public that he has removed to No. 8, Horta Baixa (Dukar Wady Lane). He begs to warn the public who have no personal knowledge of the Advertiser against impositions practised by certain individuals who have personated him as Bandmaster or Member of his Band. He undertakes to give lessons on Violin, Guitar, &c., Tuning and teaching Pianoforte.

Bombay, 22nd December 1870.

EXTRA FINE

MANILLA CIGARS and CHEROOTS,
No. 2.

A very fine LOT of these has just been received from MANILLA. They are equal, if not superior, to any the undersigned have ever imported.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
BOMBAY and POONA

INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
INDIAN RINGWORM OR DHADUR.
(See "Times of India," 9th September 1868.)

GOA POWDER.

MENTIONED IN THE NEW INDIAN PHARMACOPŒA,

(but with an erroneous reference as to its composition.)

No medicine has done more to assuage suffering in this country; all classes, European and Native, can now testify to its value.

Goa Powder ....12 as. per phial.
Solution of Goa Powder (Liquor Acidi Sal-crubici).....................................Rs. 1 „

A liberal discount to the trade and to charitable institutions.

Bombay, 30th January 1869. D. S. KEMP & Co.

SACCHARO-CHIRETTINE.

The active principle of the Herb CHIRETTA, preserved by combination with sugar.

See Proceedings of

BRITISH PHARMACEUTICAL CONFERENCE,
September 1870.

Messrs. D. S. KEMP & Co. have now made arrangements for the preparation of this remedy on a large scale. It has now been in use four years, and during that time has been subjected to extensive trial both in Government Hospitals and private practice; the result being that it is recognised as the best preparation of Chiretta extant, and an efficient substitute for Quinine.

As a TONIC, Saccharo-Chirettine promotes the appetite and assists digestion, strengthens the stomach, obviates flatulency, and diminishes the tendency to acidity. It is particularly beneficial where there is a disposition to gout. As a general Tonic in feebleness and debility of the whole system, especially of the muscles, it is not excelled by any remedy, producing marked effects after a few doses.

As an ANTIPERIODIC in Intermittent Fever, when taken between the paroxysms, it mitigates or prevents a recurrence of the attack.

It acts as an ANTHELMINTIC by strengthening the coats of the intestines, improving the general health, and expelling the Worms, without producing any irritating effects.

Per lb. Rs. 14. Per bottle Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR,
BOMBAY and POONA.

MESSRS. HEPTOOLA ALLEEBHOY AND COMPANY.

22 Apollo Street, opposite the Secretariate,

Beg respectfully to invite the attention of Merchants, Captains of Vessels, Contractors, and the Public in general, to their large Stock, consisting of SHIP CHANDLERY of all sorts, including Anti-fouling Composition, for the bottoms of steam vessels and every description of engineering plant, for the repairs of steamers &c., &c. All articles supplied will be of the best quality and at moderate rates, and orders will meet with prompt execution, and be carried out in a manner which they trust will meet with approbation and a continuance of favours. A few articles, on hand enumerated below, which may meet with attention:—

Peacock's and McInnes's Anti-fouling Composition.
McDougall's Disinfecting Powder.
Taps and Dies (Whitworth's) complete in Cases.
Low Moor Iron Bars, Plates and Rivets.
Best Triesties Flour in barrels at Rs. 24 a barrel.
Copper and Brass Pipes, of sizes.

Roman Cement in Casks.	Fire Engines complete.
Corrugated Hoop Iron.	Patent Water Closets.
Jim Crows.	Traversing Screw Jacks.
Smiths' English Bellows.	Corrugated Iron.
Canvas.	Belting of sizes.
Rollers, Skins.	Clear Cloth.
Bundling Twine.	Paper for Mill use.
Portland Cement.	Iron Tanks of sizes.
Paint Oil, of various sorts.	Fire Bricks.
Wire Netting.	Perforated Zinc Sheets.

N.B.—The Trade supplied at moderate rates.

WENHAM LAKE ICE COMPANY,
No. 9, MARINE STREET.

WENHAM LAKE ICE on SALE, Wholesale and Retail.

Pass Books for monthly credit accounts available.

TOBACCO on SALE at the WENHAM LAKE ICE COMPANY'S OFFICES, No. 9, Marine Street. GOLDEN ORANGE HONEY DEW, 1 to 5 lbs., Rs. 1-8 per lb., 20 lbs. and upwards Re. 1 per lb.

SUNDRY ARTICLES of American Import on SALE at the WENHAM LAKE ICE COMPANY'S OFFICES, No. 9, Marine Street.

Kerosine Oil—best refined.	
900 Ash Oars, 9 to 18 feet long........................	5 as. per foot.
100 Barrels Navy Bread, 8,703 lbs.........................	Rs. 10 per cwt.
Platform Scales, weighing 1,200 lbs.	„ 125 each.
Do. Ditto 800 „	„ 100 „
American Union Scales	„ 30 „
Cheap Tea Scales, 8 lbs........................	„ 15 „
Ditto 4 „	„ 10 „
Post-office Scales, ½ oz.	„ 10 „
Preserved Lobsters, 1 lb. tins.	„ 6 per doz.
Ditto Oysters, „	„ 6 „
Condensed Milk „	„ 12 „
Preserved Peaches, 3 lb. tins	„ 18 „
Ditto Green Corn, 2 lb. tins	„ 12 „
Ditto Ditto Peas, 2 lb. tins	„ 12 „
Ditto Tomatoes, 3 lb. tins	„ 9 „

KEROSINE OIL STREET LAMPS.—The undersigned have in stock a large supply of Victoria and Washington Street Lamps as well as the internal parts of Victoria Street Lamps, which can be used in any ordinary Street Lantern.

The Victoria or Washington Street Lamps are in extensive use in Bombay, throughout the Presidency, and in the Native States. They are adapted for Verandahs, Gardens, or any out-door lighting where a lamp is required that neither wind nor rain affects.

FARNHAM & Co.

D. HOGARTH & Co.'s
CELEBRATED
PRESERVED PROVISIONS,

Ready for immediate use.

Real Turtle, Mock Turtle, Hare, Ox Tail, Julienne and Palestine Soups.

Scotch Salmon, Salmon Cutlets.

Kippered Salmon.

Fresh Herrings, Mackarel, Findon Haddocks, Lobsters, Oysters, Sardines.

Preserved Meats of all kinds.

York Hams, Bacon.

Truffled Patés, Oxford Sausages, Bologna Sausages.

Pickles, Sauces.

Bottled Fruits, Table Jellies, Jams, Jellies and Scotch Marmalades, Dessert Fruits.

And Oilmen's stores of every description and of the finest quality. Price Lists forwarded on application to

D. HOGARTH & Co.,

"Bon Accord" Wharf, 223 Wapping, London, and at Aberdeen, Manufacturers by special appointment to H. M.'s Navy at the Royal Victoria Yard, Deptford.

NOTICES.

TO EUROPEAN RESIDEN...
THE SOVEREIGN...
(FOR LADIES)

Made of soft Glove Kid, Channel Soles, Fanc... Sides, Military Heels. Made expressly for Tr...

On the reception of twenty-one shillings stir... be sent out by pattern post, prepaid to any ... pattern boot remitted to us through the PATTER... ng a few pence) is sufficient guide for size, which ... gistered for future use.

Illustrated Catalogues Post free on application

MARSHALL and WILLATS,
207 and 208 Oxford Street, London, W.

McCABE'S WATCHES.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.

It has come to the knowledge of the undersigned, that VERY INFERIOR WATCHES, not made by him, but bearing his well known name, are being offered to the Indian public, at prices which preclude the best workmanship and warranty.

PURCHASERS are advised to EXERCISE CAUTION in BUYING, and if they are in doubt, they can remit direct by Bank Draft, or otherwise.

Price Lists of Gold and Silver Watches forwarded on application post free.

32, Cornhill, London. JAMES McCABE.

BREAKFAST.

EPPS'S COCOA.
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING.

The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in ½ lb., ¼ lb., and 1 lb. tin-lined packets, labelled—

JAMES EPPS & Co.,
Homœopathic Chemists, London.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL'S
GENTLEMEN'S FIRST-CLASS BOOTS
at Moderate Prices for Cash.

THE 1870 ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

with Particulars of Special and Convenient Arrangements for Indian Residents. Post free to India.

GENTLEMEN'S ELASTIC BOOTS.

Calf for walking, or Patent Leather for Dress 21s. Hide Hunting Boots 45s., Morocco Slippers 7s. 6d. Orders should be accompanied by pattern boot or paper pattern of sole the size required, and Remittance crossed "Bank of England."

THOMAS D. MARSHALL,
192, Oxford Street, London, W.

JOHN MOIR AND SON,

Purveyors by special appointment to
H. R. H. DUKE of EDINBURGH,
Preserved Provision Manufacturers and Export Oilmen,
ABERDEEN,
Established 1822,

Would direct the attention of the public to the quality of their various preparations—Soups, Essence of Beef, Fresh and Collared Salmon, Salmon Cutlets with Indian Sauce, Red, Pickled and Kippered Herrings, Findon Haddocks, Lobsters, Oysters, Sardines, Calf's Head Brawn, Condensed Milk, Cocoa and Milk, Chocolate and Milk, Salt Butter, Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Potted Meats, Scotch Jams, Jellies and Orange Marmalade, Confections, Sauces, Vinegars, Capers, Olives, Oils, Pickles, Baking Powder, Flavouring Essences, Table Jellies and Creams, Tart Fruits, &c., &c.

J. M. & S. are sole proprietors of the Aberdeen Pickles and Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.

SUPPLEMENTARY MAIL ROUTE

VIA BRINDISI to England and the Continent of Europe, in connection at Suez with the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL CO.'S STEAMERS.

Time saved over other routes about 48 hours.
Sea passage from Alexandria 74 hours, weather permitting.
Entire journey from Alexandria to London 140 hours.

Fares:—Alexandria to Paris, 1st cl. £16-3-1; 2nd cl. £11-19-4. To London, 1st cl. £23 4s. 0d.; 2nd cl. £16 10s. 0d.

On arrival of the weekly fast steamer from Alexandria, carrying the SUPPLEMENTARY INDIAN MAIL, an express train is run from Brindisi by the SOUTH ITALIAN RAILWAY en route for London via Ancona, Bologna, Turin, Mont Cenis, Paris, Calais, and Dover.

The GREAT EAST INDIA HOTEL at Brindisi, under the control of the Company, is now open.

The SOUTH ITALIAN RAILWAY COMPANY'S Agents in London—Lebeau & Co., 6, Billiter Street, E. C.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,

The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

desire to make it known that they have adopted a "Star" or "Cross" as their Trade Mark, and that all Nails now made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their name and address.

Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.

Dos Works:—NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

PIPES.

CHARLES CROP and SONS,
BROOKSBY WORKS, BROOKSBY WALK,
Homerton, London,
Late of Great James Street, Hoxton, London.
Established 40 Years.

C. CROP and SONS beg to call the attention of Merchants, Shippers, and Wholesale Dealers to their very great assortment of Meerschaum washed and fancy coloring CLAY PIPES, in all the new registered designs, which for beauty of shape, variety of patterns, purity of clay, ... by any other h...

CAUTION.

C. Crop and Sons request the public to carefully examine the makers' mark on all Pipes sold in their name, as all the Pipes are warranted genuine bearing their name.

JUST OUT.—Crops' new Cantabs, new mounted University, Florence, and several other new patterns.

N.B.—Beware of Imitations.

MANURE FOR THE COFFEE PLANT.

MESSRS E. PURSER and COMPANY,
AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTS, LONDON,

having for many years devoted attention to the composition of Coffee Manures, which have been most successfully employed on some of the largest Estates, beg to inform Planters that they have appointed the undernoted Agents for the sale of their preparations in India. The first consignment goes forward by the Steamer Surbiton via the Suez Canal, and the Agents are now ready to receive orders for the same.

PURSER'S PATENT COFFEE MANURE

contains all the mineral constituents of the Coffee Plant in their most available form.

PURSER'S DISSOLVED BONES,

A manure which has been used for many years, and requires no recommendation. Bones in this prepared state produce much better results than when used in a broken condition without further combination.

For further particulars apply to

Messrs. H. MANN & Co., Mangalore and Mercara,
Messrs. JAMES, ANDREW & Co., Calicut.

ENGLISH GOODS
(Via Suez Canal)
AT CHEAPEST RATES.

D. NICHOLSON & Co.,

Silk, Woollen and Manchester Warehousemen
(Wholesale and Retail),
India, Colonial and Foreign Outfitters,
50 to 52, St. Paul's CHURCHYARD
(Corner of Cheapside) LONDON,
Established 1843.

Invite the attention of OFFICERS of both Services, and FAMILIES residing in India and China, to their Illustrated 120 page Catalogue, containing full particulars as to Woollen, Silk and Cotton Goods of every description.

Ladies' Clothing, Linens, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Haberdashery, Jewellery, &c.

Contractors for Military and Police Clothing and Accoutrements.

Household Furniture	Cutlery	Preserved Provisions
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Capital £2,000,000 sterling; Funds in hand exceed £1,300,000.

Fire premiums for	1859	£228,314
Do.	1861	252,402
Do.	1863	331,968
Do.	1865	414,732
Do.	1867	450,553
Showing an increase over 1859 of		£232,239

Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. Detached Bungalows and Household Furniture both in Bombay and in the Mofussil insured on very favourable terms.

Life Branch.

Life premiums for	1860	£73,150
Do.	1862	105,703
Do.	1864	152,189

The undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium, Participation in Profits, &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.

CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Bombay, 1st January 1869.

THE QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE and LIFE.

Head Office—Queen Insurance Buildings, Liverpool.

Capital—£2,000,000 (Two Millions).

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The rates of Premium for Fire and Life Insurances will be found as moderate as those of other First Class Offices. Policies are issued under the Life branch of this Company recently established in Bombay, on Civil lives, and Military lives in Civil employ.

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LAWRENCE & Co.,
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Bombay, 1st Jan. 1868.

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